THE LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME XXII. LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 10, 1866. NUMBER 303.

DUPLEX SKIRTS.

FASHIONS FOR 1866.

J. W. BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE SPRING) SKIRTS

ARE UNIVERSALLY ACKNOWLEDGED BY all ladies throughout the length and breadth of the land to be the *most perfect* and *agreeable ever invented*. They are not *equaled* for elegance, lightness, durability, comfort and economy.

They will not bend or break like the single spring Skirts, but will *preserve their perfect and beautiful shape more than twice as long as any single spring Skirt that ever has or can be made.*

This invention consists of *Duplex* (or two) *Elliptic Steel Springs* ingeniously braided tightly and firmly together, *edge to edge*, making the *toughest*, most *flexible*, elastic and durable Spring ever used.

The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the *Duplex Elliptic Skirt* will be experienced particularly in all crowded assemblies, operas, carriages, railroad cars, church pews, arm chairs, for promenade and house dress, as the Skirt can be *folded* when in use, to occupy small space as easily as a silk or muslin dress.

For children, misses and young ladies, they are superior to all others. They are unquestionably the *lightest*, most desirable, comfortable and economical Skirt ever made.

For sale in all first-class stores where First-Class Skirts are sold in this city, throughout the United States and elsewhere. AT WHOLESALE by jobbers who sell first-class Skirts, by the sole owners of Patent and exclusive Manufacturers

WEST, BRADLEY & CAREY,

Warehouse and Office 97 Chambers, and 79 & 81 Reade streets, NEW YORK.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"This skirt is really the one thing desired, being capable of enduring any amount of crushing and doubling without the slightest damage to its shape." —*Godey's Lady's Book.*

"The 'Duplex Elliptic' is the greatest improvement in hoop skirts."—*N. Y. Daily Times.*

"They are not equaled in elegance, elasticity, durability or economy."—*N. Y. Daily Herald.*

"The 'Duplex Elliptic' is accepted as the latest step toward perfection in skirts."—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

"It gives the most ordinary dress a style that renders it genteel in appearance."—*Boston Post.*

CAUTION.

Buyers of Duplex Skirts should examine the hoops to be sure they get the genuine article, which is the only Skirt with double springs in each hoop. Inquire for J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Skirt. See that his name is on the skirt band. Get the BEST. ap10

SEWING MACHINES.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED

Premium Sewing Machines

WHY THE GROVER & BAKER MACHINE is the best

1. It is more simple, durable, and less liable to derangement than others.
2. It sews from ordinary spools, and no rewinding of thread is necessary.
3. It sews with equal facility all fabrics, the most delicate and the heaviest, and with all kinds of thread, silk, cotton or linen.
4. Its seam is so strong and elastic that it never breaks, even on the bias.
5. It fastens both ends of the seam by its own operation.
6. Its seam, though cut at every sixth stitch, remains firm and neither runs or ravels in wear.
7. Its seam is more plump and beautiful, and retains its plumpness and beauty after washing better than any other.
8. Its seam can be removed in altering garments AFTER PROPER INSTRUCTION, without picking or cutting them.
9. Watching and varying the tensions upon the threads necessary in other machines is unnecessary in this. The tension being once adjusted on the Grover & Baker Machine, any amount of sewing may be done without change.
10. It makes beautiful embroidery without change of arrangement simply by inserting threads of suitable sizes and colors for this purpose. It is the only machine that both embroiders and sews perfectly.

Salesroom, No. 5 Masonic Temple, LOUISVILLE, KY. ap9tf

C. L. RADWAY. T. JOHNSON.

Leavitt Sewing Machine!

An Indispensable Family Instrument.

MESSRS. RADWAY & JOHNSTON HAVE just fitted up a superb salesroom at

104 1-2 Fourth st., bet. Market & Jefferson

Where they have for sale every species of

Family and Manufacturing Machines

Of the famous Leavitt patent. These Machines have been long in use and thoroughly tested. They are now in operation in

Hundreds of Louisville Families,

And in every instance have given the completest satisfaction. They are CHEAP, DURABLE, RAPID and make the most LASTING STITCH of any article in the market.

The ladies are especially invited to call and examine the Leavitt Machine. Manufacturers will find it to their interest to procure these Machines. Guarantees are given of their efficiency, satisfaction, and Machines may be returned when the purchaser is not satisfied with their superiority over all competition.

Agents wanted throughout the South.

RADWAY & JOHNSON, No. 104½ Fourth street, bet. Market and Jefferson, up stairs. ap6tm

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE'S GREAT NATIONAL CLOTHING STORE,

Corner of Main and Fourth sts., LOUISVILLE, KY.,

WHERE CAN BE FOUND AT ALL TIMES the largest and best stock of

CLOTHING AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

In the city. Having our resident partners in New York, Messrs. BRADY & SPROULE, we are in weekly receipt of the very latest styles and of the very best Goods.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE

my19 ctm Nos. 124 & 126 under National Hotel.

Cough No More

DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs. For sale by Druggists. 50 cents per bottle.

REMOVAL.

GEO. W. MORRIS. J. M. HEATH.

GEO. W. MORRIS, WHOLESALE GROCER, AND DEALER IN Foreign Fruits,

113 MAIN STREET, North side, between Third and Fourth, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

(Agent for the sale of the best brands of Copper-distilled Whisky.)

WHERE CAN BE FOUND AT ALL TIMES a large and well-assorted stock of choice goods embracing a greater variety than is usually kept in houses in this line of business here or elsewhere. City and country merchants are invited to call and examine for themselves before making their purchases.

HEWITT, NORTON & CO., Commission Merchants, New Orleans.

R. ATKINSON & CO., (Successors to Hewitt & Co.) New York.

JAMES HEWITT & CO., Liverpool.

O. W. THOMAS & CO., Louisville, Ky.

CASH ADVANCES MADE ON ALL SHIPMENTS to above firms by us.

O. W. THOMAS & CO., No. 46 West Main street

JAS. G. McFERRAN. JNO. B. McFERRAN. R. A. MENEFEE

McFERRAN & MENEFEE, (Late of Louisville, Ky.)

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Cotton Factors

And Manufacturers' Agents for the sale of BALE ROPE AND BAGGING,

160 and 164 west Columbia st., bet. Vine and Race, CINCINNATI.

E. H. WILSON. G. F. YOUNG.

WILSON & YOUNG, Commission Merchants,

No. 55 Carondelet st., New Orleans.

Daily Democrat.

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY.

ONE MONTH	$1 25
THREE MONTHS	3 25
SIX MONTHS	6 00
ONE YEAR	12 00

To our Country Patrons.

Please to register your letters containing remittances, as we hold ourselves responsible for all losses to us when letters are registered. We are not responsible for losses in the mails, should any occur, unless letters are registered.

FOR CLERK OF COURT OF APPEALS.

R. R. BOLLING,

OF FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Decision Upon the Proposition to Call a Convention of the Caucus of the Conservative Democratic Members of the Legislature, Held in Frankfort February 6th, 1866.

[For the Louisville Democrat.]

At a meeting of the Conservative Democratic members of the Legislature, held at the hall of the House of Representatives, on the 6th of February, 1866, on motion of W. R. Bradley, Esq., Representative from Hickman and Fulton, it was

Resolved, THAT IN OUR JUDGMENT THERE IS NOW NO NECESSITY FOR A CALL OF A CONVENTION OF THE PARTY, AND WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY URGE THE PARTY NOT TO CALL A CONVENTION, WHEN NO NECESSITY EXISTS FOR THE SAME.

J. B. BRUNER, Chairman.

D. ROBB, JAS. A. DAWSON, } Secretaries.

The above expresses the opinion of the Conservative members of the Legislature, by whom the matter was discussed fully, and to whom interested and other parties presented every reason to induce them to recommend a call. We hold that the judgment of this caucus is correct; that any effort to call a convention will tend to disintegrate and break up the party.

The vote in the caucus stood upon the motion of Mr. Bradley, fifty-six against a convention and nineteen for it.

We hope the Courier and other organs of the patch-work Democracy will settle how matters stand in this State. They assured the public that the 30th of May meeting was a Radical affair, and did what they could to fire the heart of the *patch-work* with that idea. Suddenly the Radical organs come out with a candidate of their own, and immediately the Courier faces about, falls in at once with the pretensions of the Radical organs, who repudiate the meeting of the 30th as none of theirs.

Now, we should like the organ-grinders of the *patch-work* to settle how it is. It is convenient, perhaps, to have the story one way to-day and another to-morrow, and it may suit the "so-called" to believe the opposite stories alternately or both at once. It is the "lively" way of doing, and suits the patch-work style; but still, as an accommodation to the rest of mankind, we should like to know if the 30th of May was a Radical meeting, or whether they are particularly hated by the Radicals.

We are aware that the patch-work Democracy can believe both these stories, and do it easy; but outside of the State, seeing first one statement and then the other in the same organs, will men comprehend how it is? Let us have explained how many days in the week, and what days one story is to be believed, and how many days and what days the other, or if both stories are to be believed by the patch-work at the same time.

Men of sense now see that the call for a gathering of restless politicians on the 1st of May, ostensibly to nominate a Clerk of the Court of Appeals, but really to get up a political organization to enhance the importance of a large section of played-out politicians, was a miserable blunder, that no such meeting ought to have been held. It has served to get up divisions in this State which would not have existed but for the interest of political aspirants. They had been laid away for several years. They had no chance to make their stock of political wisdom available; and as soon as the opportunity offered, they ran together, to shout and "bloviate"—to solemnly declare that they would unequivocally express something. So they have made a general muss.

They have passed nineteen resolutions, carefully omitting the main point, and their orators are spouting about over the State calling themselves the Democracy, misrepresenting and slandering other people, trying to pass themselves off as the opponents of Radicals.

It is nothing but the work of reckless politicians, who got this all up, not to benefit the State or country, but themselves; its evils were easily foreseen and foretold; but what could these politicians do? They would die if they couldn't cut a figure somehow; pass nineteen resolutions, and assure the world that they are the people to fight Radicalism. Yes, they are the people. They have been at it, and they have played the—at it. The Radicals want just such opponents as they are.

It is a little singular that Southern soldiers and sympathizers should at last come to Kentucky to get up a party against Radicals—the only slave State, except little Delaware, that refused to join the rebellion. The States they fought for and sympathized with and applauded against Kentucky, have all turned Radicals. They have abolished slavery and adopted the Constitutional amendment. Their friends and sympathizers come here and set themselves up to engineer against Radicals. They have been engineering for the States South, and by their efforts made them all Radicals. If they have the same success here, they will convert this State to the Radical faith.

They are the most comical set of politicians we have ever known. They have infinite skill in bringing about what they oppose, and inventing how not to do what they undertake.

The Courier thinks we were especially loyal when selling stores in Nashville. On the same principle, we suppose, the publisher of the Courier was a more arrant rebel than ever, when he was agent for the sale of strychnine whisky, blue-ruin, pine-top and pepper juice in the Confederacy. The rebel boys say a drink of this liquor was crooked as a rail fence, and swallowed like a brier-bush. How about that, Mr. Courier-man?

The Tribune says that not twenty of the papers that supported Lincoln and Johnson are now supporting Johnson. That is hard on them—only twenty Union papers out of all those claiming to have been Union two years ago. We suppose the others opposing the President would resent the name of Copperheads; but, from the quantity of brass exhibited, we think they had a good deal of that metal about their upper works.

It having been decided that bank stocks are taxable, some of the national banks are trying to have their stocks exempted. We would like to know what ground they can base their claims on. As the object of taxation is to draw a revenue from the profits, and as these make very handsome profits, we think they should stand their fair share.

The general opinion is that a European war is inevitable, and that the proposed Congress can only end in a row.

New Books.

We have received from the firm of Morton & Griswold a hand volume entitled "PULPIT PUNGENCIES," being a series of epigrammatic sentences with a sharp flavor to them upon hypocrisies and shams in religion. They appear to be selected from the sermons and lectures of some eminent divine. As a specimen we give the following:

"You will find that the Christians of each particular church are so like each other that a discerning mind, on seeing a Christian, can tell what church he belongs to."

"The church has come to be popular, and getting into the church is not getting into God's dignity, by any means."

"You will never need for a corrupt minister; *there is a church for hell as well as for the sanctuaries.*"

"I know innocent men who do not hesitate to take the name of God in vain. They do not say 'damn it,' but they do not hesitate to say 'Oh, Lord!' which is no better."

These show the spice. The book is printed by Carleton, New York, and for sale by Morton & Griswold, Louisville.

From the same enterprising firm we have

THE MUTE SINGER—A new novel, from the charming authoress Mrs. Anna Cora Ritchie (Mowatt.) It is handsomely printed and bound, in a manner appropriate to the style. This work is said to be highly imaginative, and full of those peculiar graces, ornaments and tenderness of style in which the authoress excels. Carleton, New York, publisher. For sale by Morton & Griswold.

"KATE MARSTON, or Happy Hearts make Happy Homes," a pleasant little domestic story by an unknown authoress, is calculated to find friends among the readers of light literature. The simplicity of the story is easily and naturally preserved, with occasional slips into puerility, such as inevitably belong to that peculiar style of writing and incident. It runs occasionally into erudities on the different churches, but these will rather amuse and entertain, if not interest, than offend. It is from the Carletons, handsomely got up, in good style. It is for sale at the house of Morton & Griswold.

BOLLING STOCK GOING DOWN.—The Danville Advocate, which has up to the present week carried the name of R. R. Bolling at its mast-head, has taken it down, for the reason, as it says, that the canvass having assumed a political aspect, it is unwilling to discriminate between Democratic candidates.

[Louisville Courier.

Oh, yes; and underneath we give you another interesting item of news of

BOLLING STOCK GOING UP.

The last number of the Richmond (Ky.) Register, June 7th inst., has run up the name of R. R. BOLLING at its mast-head. It says the office of Clerk of the Court of Appeals is a very responsible one, and ought to be filled by a competent man, without regard to party considerations. It has wisely put up the name of Bolling. He has proved himself most competent, faithful and accommodating. The people outside of secession influence have a common interest in his election.

Again;

BOLLING STOCK GOING UP.

The last number of the Maysville Eagle comes to us with the name of Bolling as its candidate. The editor says of the convention and its action:

The resolutions are unobjectionable to us. No fault will be found with them by any true Union man. The convention did not make a nomination, but recommended Mr. Bolling to the people. Mr. Bolling has for eight years been the Deputy Clerk of the office, during all of which time he has really transacted the business of the office and performed its duties, while others received the principal emoluments of his labors. All agree that he has made a most excellent officer, and deserves to have the place.

Politically, Mr. Bolling was a Democrat, and has been one all his life. When the secessionists broke up the Democratic party, in order to elect Mr. Lincoln, and thus give a pretext for their movement, he adhered to the National Democratic party, and voted for Stephen A. Douglas for President. In 1860 he ran as the Douglas Democratic candidate for Clerk of the Court of Appeals, and was defeated—though he also helped to defeat Clinton McClarty, the candidate of the secessionists. Since that time, Mr. Bolling has been a consistent Union man.

The convention met, consulted, and adjourned, and its action is such as we can approve, and its recommendation is of the man whom we thought it best to present as the candidate in opposition to the 1st of May convention, and, therefore, we support him. Of course the fact that some gentlemen with whom we have heretofore not been able to agree are also supporting him is no reason why we should not do so. If he receives the votes of all who have differed with us at different times he will be elected by a tremendous majority, and we will be heartily rejoiced at it.

The editor of the Courier and his correspondents are chiefly occupied in assuring their readers that the Union men will vote for Bolling, and then that they will not vote for him. We hope that both these stories will not turn out to be true.

The stock of Yankee girls sent out to Washington Territory don't go off as fast as was expected. The agent is now requested to take a supply of males out to marry them.

They are finding very large fortunes of silver and gold at Vermillion, Minnesota, by the last accounts, and copper is as common there as in a brass kettle.

The Richmond (Ky.) Register has hoisted the name of R. R. Bolling for Clerk of the Court of Appeals.

The *Courrier des Etats-Unis* says the Spanish war with the South American States is over for the season.

The Maysville (Ky.) Eagle (Conservative), edited by Thos. M. Green, Esq., has declared for Bolling.

DEATH OF PRINCE ESTERHAZY.—The last European advices inform us of the death of Prince Paul Anthony Esterhazy, at Ratisbon. He was a son of Nicholas, distinguished as a diplomatist, to whom Napoleon is said to have offered the Hungarian crown in 1809. Prince Anthony was born in 1786, and was the Austrian Embassador at several European courts, including that of London. He occupied a seat in the Hungarian ministry, under Count Batthyanyi, in 1848, but retired when it was found that Hungary could not be independent without a war with Austria. He represented the oldest branch of his family, and was the greatest landowner and one of the wealthiest men of Austria. His property included hundreds of towns, villages, estates, manors and chateaus in Hungary, besides possessions in Baden, Bavaria and Lower Austria. He had a splendid palace at Eisenstadt, near Oldenburg, filled with every tropical plant, and with conservatories rivaling those of Paris. Besides this, he had palaces at Esterhaz, in Lower Hungary, and at Vienna. His son Nicholas, born in 1817, and married to a daughter of the Earl of Jersey, is his heir.

People throughout the country should remember that it is a violation of the game laws to rob the nests of prairie chickens, as we are informed many are doing. The penalty is five dollars and costs for each offense.

THE NEW FIVE-CENT PIECE.—The cost of coining the new five-cent piece will be about twenty per cent. of its full value, while the paper note of the same denomination costs to print about one-fiftieth of its full value.

Senor Romero, the Mexican Minister at Washington, denies the report, published recently, that Juarez has agreed to surrender the reins of government to Santa Anna.

Mr. Henry Cleveland, former editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist, is preparing a volume comprising the life, letters and speeches of Hon. Alex. H. Stephens.

The following, from a distinguished poet—a tilt at tilters—will be read with interest:

[For the Louisville Sunday Democrat.]

A Tilt at Tilters.

"When lovely woman stoops to folly."
—Goldsmith.

I.

When lovely woman gets a tilter,
And finds too late what it betrays,
What can the poor thing do but wilt, or
Rush crimson from all human gaze.

II.

The naughty men are cruel here—
The tilt, the toss, the wilt, the sway
That, act how she'er it pleases,
What can her shame, or this allay?

III.

The only art her shame to cover,
To hide her conscious sense of guilt,
At least, to be——do it over,
And snow again the charms that tilt.

NEW YORK GOSSIP, &c.

The Border Excitement—Sayings and Doings Among the Fenians—Mr. Seward Playing Double—A Demagogue at his Old Tricks—What will John Bull Say?—The Necessity for Backbone at Washington—No More "Salaams"—Abolition Literature and Literateurs—An "Independent" View of New York Journalism and Journalists—European Travel—Grand Rush to the Paris Exhibition—Difficulty of Procuring Passage—A Practical Illustration—Cholera and the Health Board—The Advance in Gold, etc., etc.

Special Correspondence Louisville Democrat.]

NEW YORK, June 6, 1866.

VIVE LA IRISH REPUBLIQUE!

The highways and by-ways of the great city are swarming with big, stalwart, healthy-looking fellow citizens "a wearin o' the green," some of them discussing the situation on the border, and all of them expressing a desire to have another "shy" at John Bull, junior, before the excitement subsides. It is not at all probable, however, that they will be gratified in this respect if the U. S. District Attorneys, under instructions from Washington, do what is expected of them.

The "Government" has scarcely done its duty intelligently in this business, as everybody begins to see. In the first place, if it was really desirous of playing policeman or constable for the Queen, Mr. Seward might have addressed a private note to "President" Roberts, or General Sweeney, and informed them that no raid would be permitted. In that event it is certain no raid would have taken place, and a good many Irish lives would have been saved. But in this, as in most everything else, the demagogue of Auburn preferred to play a double part. He was willing to use the Fenians to annoy the Canadians just enough to retaliate upon England for the St. Albans (Confederate) raid; but the moment there was any likelihood of the Fenians becoming masters of the situation, lo! bulletins are issued from Washington commanding the arrest of the leaders, at the same time that the Seward organs are abusing the Hibernians for their scandalous disregard of the neutrality laws, etc., etc. Mr. Seward said years and years ago he was ready to "swap off the Irish for the negroes;" and his action to-day certainly shows that the latter have risen but little since in his esteem.

SEWARD MUST SHOW HIS HAND.

The time is at hand, however, when the Secretary will be compelled to toe the mark. Nobody doubts here but that, as soon as the invasion news reaches the other side, the British Lion will have his back up, and that the Government, under the spur of popular indignation meetings in Exeter Hall, and other places, will be forced to demand explanations. Mr. Seward will have to meet that demand; but if it be with the customary apology or *salaam*, a feeling will be created against him here which will compel President Johnson to drive him from the Cabinet. The man never had much pluck in his dealings with foreign powers; his school of diplomacy is the school of logomachy; there never was, and it is feared there never will be, anything of the short, sharp and decisive style of Daniel Webster, Wm. L. Marcy and the rest of his illustrious predecessors; but his timidity and shuffling are now about played out. They won't answer him, in a crisis like the one that will probably be here in less than thirty days. It hasn't got any backbone he had better hunt up one. Earl Russell and Mr. Minister Adams will have lots of sharp "notes" for his consideration, and there will doubtless be some bullying, too, from Downing street; but public opinion (now that "ringing" of little State Department bells is impossible) will insist that Mr. Seward shall stand up to the rack—for once—like a man. Young America, as well as Old Ireland, in this case, expects him to do his duty.

THE YOUNG MEN OF THE NEW YORK PRESS.

The so-called religious (weekly) journals of this city, with a few honorable exceptions, are the biggest literary humbugs of the day. They are edited, for the most part, by persons who would starve to death on a live daily paper, so far as intellect is concerned, and, as regards religion, I don't know that any of them pretends to make anything but a business matter of it. In fact, that class of journals are "run" by individuals who have been tried on the dailies, and found not worth their salt. Now, it is not their fault that the Almighty has not seen fit to endow them with more brains, and their deficiencies in that particular might be passed by, as we pass by any other mental infirmity, but for the supercilious airs they are in the habit of putting on. Most of them are honorary members of the Mutual Admiration Society, and train with the Radicals in politics as well as the Radicals in religion. Their principal business of late seems to be the puffing of one another in print. The Independent, for this week for example, has a double-leaded editorial on "The Young Men of the New York Press," in the course of which are mentioned the names of some half-dozen writers on the Times, Tribune and Evening Post as the controlling minds of New York daily journalism, as if nobody else, outside of the Abolition-Black-Republican-John Brown circle, were of any earthly account, whereas the truth is the ablest practical newspaper talent of which New York at this moment can boast is to be found with the young men of whose names and existence the Independent pretends to be ignorant.

If it were worth the while to prove this I might run over a score of names, to offset those specified by the Independent. There is Fisk, of the Herald, who, as a general political writer, and an art critic, has earned a reputation of which any young writer may be proud. Daly, of the Express, whose contributions not only to our permanent dramatic literature, but *belles lettres*, while all the while in the harness of an evening newspaper, have placed him in the very front rank of the *young* young men of metropolitan journalism. On the staff of the Daily News, and the World also, there are like examples, while such weekly papers as the Daybook, Atlas, Sunday Times, Courier, and Saturday Press, can also furnish their quotas. Morford, Du Solle, Duganne, Holmes, Nicholson, Spencer Cone, Dr. English, Harry Watson, and Cornelius Matthews, are not very old men, yet they made their mark in the literary world long before the sprouts of the Mutual Admiration Society were out of their swaddling clothes. Never having been tails to nigger-worshiping kites, the Independent ignores them, as if to place in the foreground some half-dozen pets of its own, whose sole reputation rests upon their fancy performances as "army correspondents" during the war, and as chroniclers in that capacity of things they but rarely saw. That's the idea a religious newspaper has of the "Young Men of the New York Press," and the idea, it may be added, is an excellent illustration of its own honesty and impartiality in cases where narrow-souled puritanism comes in competition with a candid and fair statement of facts.

ON THE WING—THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

All the world and his wife are going to the Great World's Fair in Paris, next spring. If you doubt it, just go down to the office of any of the ocean steam-packets and ask them to secure you a state-room, in advance, and the result will be such as to convince you that, if a few more steamers were placed on the Atlantic ferry, somebody would make a good thing of it. It was only this morning that a friend of mine went down to the agents of the Inman line, never suspecting there would be any difficulty in engaging a state-room for himself and family, six or seven months ahead, when the following colloquy ensued:

Visitor—"Mr. Clerk, I am going to Paris, in April next, and would like to secure a state-room now. Can I do it?"

Clerk—"No, sir. All taken."

Visitor—"I am willing to pay a premium for the privilege."

Clerk—"So are hundreds of others, sir, but it is of no use. You ought to have made your arrangements six weeks ago. Better try Cunard."

At this moment a party in the office, who had been on the same errand with my friend, interposed.

"Cunard! I guess he may as well save himself the trouble. I have just come from there, and they told me pretty much what you are telling us here."

That man is right. The Cunarders are "chock-full" from now until next spring; but there are a number of inferior lines which are making arrangements to extend their accommodations; so there is still a chance that all who desire will have an opportunity to go. The desire to see the exhibition, and to enjoy the benefits to health of a trip across the Atlantic, are not the only motives that inspire this vast prospective emigration. Economical considerations have something to do with it. A man can live cheaper on shipboard, and in Paris, than he can at a New York hotel. Indeed, it is not certain that he may not go to Paris, see all that is to be seen there and come back again in three months' time, say, yet find more money in his pocket than he would had he staid at home. The extravagant prices of living in vogue here will bring grist to the Frenchman's mill.

THE PEST SHIPS.

The latest reports from the cholera ships at quarantine indicate a decrease of the pestilence; but there is a strong suspicion that the decrease is owing rather to a lack of *materiel* for the disease to feed upon, than to any real diminution of its malignity, or to its successful treatment by the attending physicians. A pig-headed perverseness has characterized the Health Board from the first appearance of the scourge, which has kept the public pretty much in the dark as to the peculiar nature of the disease, the mode of treating it, etc., but this is beginning at length to excite a becoming indignation, and the journals, accordingly, are calling loudly for "light." It is doubtful, however, whether the light will come. Albany politicians are running the health machine simply to fill their own pockets, and if the people are such fools as not to see it, and, seeing it, not demand a remedy they must be content to be at the mercy of cholera, yellow fever, small-pox and every other abomination ship-owners may see fit to import.

QUARANTINE—A COUP.

The municipal authorities have taken forcible possession of Seguin's Point, Staten Island, for a quarantine station. The job was done at a late hour last night, when the enterprising residents in the neighborhood were asleep. When they got up this morning the worthy burghers rushed down to the point to drive off the interlopers, but to their dismay a revenue cutter, with three big guns, was lying within range, while on the shore were a strong body of metropolitan "police." Under these circumstances they prudently resolved not initiate hostile operations. The last heard from them they were coming together to pass some resolutions. The objection to having the quarantine grounds at the Point is, that it will depreciate the value of building lots and cabbage gardens in the vicinity; but if it be essential to the preservation of the health of the metropolis, the building lots and the cabbage gardens will have to put up with it. Four years ago, the Staten Islanders burned down the hospital buildings erected at this very place, and turned the sick in them adrift; but the Gothamites have got 'em this time, I fancy.

GOLD.

Has been steadily running up ever since the Fenian raid, under apprehension of trouble with England, but to-day it is on the down-track again, partly on assurances from Washington that the British minister says it is all right, and partly because of the improved aspect of the financial situation abroad, as seen in the advices per Africa. SPECTATOR.

A FUNNY DOG STORY.—When the war in Italy commenced, the Zouaves embarked for Genoa; but as they were going on board the ship, they saw a formal order forbidding the entrance of all dogs upon the vessel. As they were very much attached to their dogs, they were stricken with grief. It was not easy to deceive the sharp look-out kept by the Intendent, for every soldier advanced along the narrow gangway, one by one, as their names were called. Necessity is the mother of invention. The drummers unscrewed their drums and the best dogs of the regiment were concealed in the drums, which were screwed up again.

When regiments embark no music is played, but on this occasion the Colonel determined there should be music. He ordered the trumpets and drums to take the head of the column, and to play a lively tune. The face of the drummers—every one of whom had a dog in his drum—may be conceived. The trumpet sounded; the drums were all silent. The Colonel got angry—bawled to know why the drums did not beat. There was but one thing to do, and that was to beat. The moment the drums began to beat innumerable dogs began to howl and to bay, to the astonishment of everybody but the Zouaves.

Everybody looked right, left, backward, forward—no sign of a dog anywhere; and yet, the more the dogs howled. At last a spaniel fell out of a drum, rolled over and over on the ground, got up and took to his heels, howling louder than ever. Roars of laughter greeted this explanation of the mysterious howls. The Intendents ordered the drummers to advance on board, one by one, and to roll the drum as he came. If a barking was heard, the drum was unscrewed, and the dog put ashore. Only one dog got on board; this was Touton, who kept quiet through all the rolling. It need not be said the 3d Zouaves adore Touton. He made his entry into Paris, at their head, a few days since.—*Paris letter.*

THE GUSHING OF A FULL HEART.—The Petersburg (Va.) Index thus speaks of a captain on the James river, who has furnished the editors of that paper with a free pass on his steamboat:

He is a man known with the affection of intimate friendship to every man, woman, child, freedman, catfish, sturgeon, herring, trout, hickory-dick shad, oyster, crab, wild duck, hog-fish, sheeps-head, spot, tailor, chub, white fish, pike, alewife, clam, muscle, snipe, teal, sora, bull-frog, tadpole and pollywog that lives in or about James river, or ever has lived there; a man that knows every point, cape, headland, lighthouse, shoal, bar, creek and turn of that supernaturally-twisted stream better than he knows his catechism; and a man, finally, who has laid every human inhabitant of tide-water Virginia, who lives near a river, under obligation to him for innumerable kindnesses.

WITHDRAWAL OF THE SPANISH FLEET.—The New York Courrier des Etats-Unis, which claims to possess peculiar sources of information, learns that Admiral Nunez, of the Spanish fleet, has been ordered by his Government to forthwith leave the waters of Peru and of Chili. The reason of this sudden recall is the winter now existing in the South Pacific, which exposes these ships to the perils of tempests. A part of the squadron is to winter in the Phillipines, and the other at Rio Janeiro or Montevideo. Next season, it is added, the new iron-clad Tetuan and other vessels will be added to the attacking fleet, when the Spanish Government will settle its quarrels with Peru, Chili and Equador.

BOSTON MILK.—A Boston paper reports that the assessors of ward Seven, in that city, recently had the curiosity to examine a large milk establishment, and finding four large casks, weighing probably two thousand four hundred pounds, they investigated the contents of one of them—a stave being broken and thus affording access. It was filled with refined whiting, and on taking a sample for experiment, they found that mixing it with water gave a very good imitation of milk.

There is a law in England, which was lately enforced in a case in London, which prescribes that when any person attempts to commit suicide and fails, he or she shall be fined and imprisoned. In consequence of this law, ropes rarely break, poisons rarely fail, and pistols don't miss fire in London, when romantic people resolve to "shuffle off their mortal coil."

A divorce was granted in the Floyd (Ind.) Circuit Court at its last term, releasing from *vinculo matrimonii* two persons named McCartney. Each party now claims that they never applied for a divorce; that neither was present in the court when the divorce was granted; that no differences exist between them, and that they do not mean to stand this premature and unauthorized separation.

The Grand Jury of Cameron county, Texas, has indicted ex-Major-Gen. F. J. Herron, United States Army, for kidnapping and delivering to the Liberal Gen. Cortina a suspected Imperialist named Rejon, who was subsequently shot by Cortina's order.

There has been a fine coffee crop in Jamaica this year, and large sums of money have been realized by the negro settlers in some of the parishes.

[For the Louisville Sunday Democrat.]

Resigned.

Thy powerful hand, O Father! once again I see;
Another trial sendest Thou to draw me unto Thee.
Humbly bow I unto Thy sovereign will,
And to my throbbing heart exclaim, "peace, be still!"

Tho' fearfully dark is the cloud hov'ring o'er me,
And dismal and gloomy the path is before me,
From the *cloud* will the *silver-light* brilliantly gleam,
And brighten my path with its glorious beam.

O, Jesus, my Saviour! O, teach me to wait
Till Thou choosest I enter eternity's gate.
O'er my heart, oh, sweet dew-drops of mercy shed—
O'er the dreams that are faded—the hopes that are dead.

Tho' the *cross* Thou hast given me crushes me down,
Meekly I bear it; Thou hast promised the *crown*.
O, help me and aid me to reach that bright goal,
Where from life's wretched casket Thou takest the soul.

ROSEDALE.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Under this head, such thoughts, statistics, facts and items of news as are calculated to interest the friends of education in our city and State, will be inserted weekly in the Sunday Democrat. Brief items of this kind are solicited from the readers of the paper, and should be addressed to G. A. CHASE, Box 880, Louisville Postoffice.

EXAMINATIONS AT THE FEMALE HIGH SCHOOL.

Thursday, June 14.

9 A. M., First-year Class—Botany.
10 A. M., Second-year Class—History.
11 A. M., Junior Class—French.
12 M., Second-year Class—Latin.
1 P. M., Senior Class—Geometry.
2 P. M., First-year Class—Algebra.

Friday, June 15.

9 A. M., First-year Class—Latin.
10 A. M., Junior Class—Latin.
11 A. M., Second-year Class—Algebra.
12 M., Senior Class—Latin.
1 P. M., Junior Class—Chemistry.
2 P. M., Senior Class—French.

The examination will be varied with readings of original and selected pieces, and vocal and instrumental music.

All friends of education are invited to attend.

The examination is held in the Chapel of the school, on First street, near Chestnut.

—The following plan of examinations has been adopted by the Board of Trustees:

Written Examinations.

Monday, 18th, A. M.—Practical Arithmetic. P. M.—Reading, Spelling, Definition and Penmanship.

Tuesday, 19th, A. M.—Mental Arithmetic, Punctuation, Numerals. P. M.—Geography.

Wednesday, 20th, A. M.—Algebra. P. M.—History.

Thursday, 21st, A. M.—Grammar.

Public Examinations.

Monday, 25th, A. M.—Male Primary Department. P. M.—Female Primary Department.

Tuesday, 26th, A. M.—Male Secondary Department. P. M.—Female Secondary Department.

Wednesday, 27th, A. M.—Male Grammar Department. P. M.—Female Grammar Department.

Examinations for admission to the HIGH SCHOOLS from Monday, 18th, to Thursday, 21st, inclusive.

Examination of Teachers.

Thursday, 28th, Friday, 29th, and Saturday, 30th.

GRADUATES.—The following are the names of the candidates in both the High Schools who have been recommended to the Board of Trustees as qualified to receive the honor of graduation:

Female High School.

Ellen Bardin,
Mary E. Bliss,
Annie D. Booker,
Florence Boone—THIRD HONOR,
Mary P. Callahan,
Mary E. Davis—SECOND HONOR,
Annie L. Downing,
Sallie J. Earick,
Mary E. Fowler,
Annie G. Henderson—THIRD HONOR,
Josie McGee,
Mary Kate McMullen,
Mollie F. Ramsay—FIRST HONOR.

Male High School.

The following are the names of the class in order of rank:

William W. Crawford, A. B.
William R. Belknap, A. B.
Frank Von Borries, A. B.
Wm. Garvin Bell, A. B.
Charles H. Pope, A. B.
Henry M. Wolf, A. B.
Henry Oberdorfer, A. B.
George W. Vissman, A. B.
Louis G. Deppen, A. B.
Macolm G. Brown, A. B., (without rank.)
Louis Lieberman, B. S., (without rank.)

The graduating exercises of the Female High School will take place on the night of the 28th inst.; those of the Male High School, on the 29th inst.

TO CONTRIBUTORS.—Having been absent from the city for three days, and returning last evening just as the outside form of the paper was going to press, several communications and articles, which we found in the office, must necessarily lie over till next Sunday.

MALE HIGH SCHOOL.—The public oral examination of the students at this school will occur on the 14th and 15th of June. We have not learned what will be the order of the examination.

EXAMINATION OF APPLICANTS.—Applicants for admission to the two High Schools will be present on the 18th, 19th and 20th of June. We publish, for the benefit of those applying, some extracts from the rules of the Board of Trustees:

Conditions of Admission to the Two High Schools.

For admission to the High Schools it is required—

First—That the applicant or the parents or guardian be either a resident or a tax-payer in the city of Louisville.

Second—That the candidates pass a thorough examination in the following subjects:

Reading, Writing, Spelling, Mental Arithmetic, Written Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, History of the United States; also, Algebra in the Male High School.

The examination is conducted by printed questions, which the applicant must answer before leaving the room, and without consulting any book, paper or person.

The regular examinations for admission are held in June and September of each year.

Candidates seeking admission after the session has commenced, are examined also in those subjects passed over by the class they wish to enter.

Rules Governing the Examination of Applicants for Admission to the Female High School.

The examinations of applicants for admission shall be held annually in the months of June and September.

For admission into the school, the candidate shall be at least twelve years of age, and shall pass a satisfactory examination in reading, writing, spelling, geography, English grammar, mental and practical arithmetic and history of the United States.

No applicant shall be examined until she has registered her name with the Superintendent of Public Schools, and received from him a card of admission. The candidate, during the examination, shall be known only by the number on this card. Printed and written questions only shall be used in this examination, and the candidates will be required to answer them in writing, giving to each answer the number corresponding to the number of the question. She will also write the number given her by the Superintendent at the top of each sheet of her answers; but any paper on which the *name* of the candidate shall be found written shall be rejected. These papers shall determine the qualifications of the candidate, and shall be carefully preserved by the Secretary of the Board of Trustees of the Public Schools.

Applicants who may be conditioned in one or two studies at the June examination, and who shall fail to appear at the following examination in September, shall be examined, at any subsequent examination, in all the studies required for admission to the school.

No candidate will be permitted to leave the room, or hold any communication with any person, or consult any book, till all the questions given her are answered.

The whole examination shall be under the control of the Principal of the Female High School, who shall be ex officio the chief examiner, assisted by the professors and teachers of the School. He shall attend the examination, make any rule of order for the better conduct of the same, and dismiss any candidate who may manifest a willful disobedience of the necessary requirements. He shall cause the answers of the applicants to be carefully examined, and shall report the result, in writing, to the Secretary of the Board.

[For the Educational Department.]

A puzzle appeared in the Democrat of Sunday, June 3d, 1866, viz:

I am a word of six letters, found on the American flag. By curtailing me and beheading me six different words, including my whole, are made, and a seventh is formed by transposition.

1st—My whole is (stripe) on the American flag.

2d—Beheaded and I will be (tripe) an article of food.

3d—Beheaded again and I will be (ripe) maturity.

4th—Restore me as at first and curtail me, and I will be (strip), to tear off.

5th—Then beheaded and I will be (trip), to throw down.

6th—Beheaded again and I will be (rip) what a seam is apt to do.

7th—The whole, with the two first letters transposed, will be (ripest.)

S. S. W. J.

A PROBLEM.—I have a certain amount of money, all in one-dollar gold pieces, which cannot be divided into fractional parts. I owe A, B, C, D and E as follows, which I am obliged to pay with the above amount without dividing a dollar: I owe A one-half the amount, and fifty cents more; I owe B one-half the remainder, and fifty cents more; I owe C one-half the remainder, and fifty cents more; I owe D one-half the remainder, and fifty cents more; I owe E two dollars. What amount will be required to pay the debt, and what amount will each man receive? S. S. W. J.

—Answer to the enigma from Little Corporal, in Sunday's Democrat:

1st, Stripe; 2d, Tripe; 3d, Ripe; 4th, Strip; 5th, Trip; 6th, Rip; 7th, Ripest.

[From the Educational Monthly.]

COMPOSITION WRITING.

Instinct is a great matter. When it runs counter to custom, there is good reason for suspecting that something in the custom is wrong. The dislike which all school children have to writing compositions is too general in its character and too persistent in its manifestation to be the effect of any local circumstance or individual caprice. The good and the bad, the ambitious and the lazy, alike are affected by it. All hate it, and, whenever they can, avoid it. There must be some cause for this, either in the exercise itself or in the manner in which it is conducted. If teachers would examine the matter impartially, taking into account the object to be attained, and judging the merits of the system employed by its results, we believe there are few who would hesitate to acknowledge that the fault lies with the teaching and not with the taught.

What is the object of composition writing? To make original thinkers? Some would have it so; but it never yet accomplished that object, however desirable it may be, and it is difficult to see how it ever can.

Is it to make good writers? So we believe. Does any one know of a superior writer who acquired his style by this exercise? The composition style is proverbial and proverbially bad. A child can hardly be expected to become a master of the art of writing, when he is kept continually at work on his own imperfect efforts, with only such corrections as may be suggested by a teacher who too often can write no better than his pupil.

A novice in other arts is always allowed to avail himself of the labor and the experience of master artists who have gone before him. But not so with the beginner in writing. He is obliged to work his way up as though he were the first to attempt the difficult task of representing thought by visible characters, and the greater part of his time is wasted in overcoming obstacles which he ought never to encounter. It is very easy to tell him to write about something familiar, just as he would talk about it. But it is not so easy for him to do, as any one will discover who will put himself in the position of a child and then try to follow the same advice. Let the various sounds of the language be represented by strange characters, so that the form of each letter and the spelling of each word must be considered separately; then take a pen in the left hand and try to write, and some of the difficulties of composition encountered by a child will be realized. Having so many things to think of at once, what wonder that he becomes confused, and that the more critical and conscientious he is, the harder it is for him. If he has any thoughts on his subject to begin with, he forgets them while considering what words and letters he shall use, and how to make them.

It is true that all this may be overcome, and facility of composition acquired, by practice. But we believe it might be much more easily and rapidly done in another and more natural manner, and the rare art of writing good English acquired at the same time.

JARED SPARKS, LL. D.

The well-known American scholar and author, Jared Sparks, died at his residence, in Cambridge, Mass., on Wednesday, the 14th day of March. Mr. Sparks was born in Willington, Conn., May 10, 1789. Obliged to work for his own support from the time he was a mere boy, he laid the foundation of the education for which he afterwards became distinguished, during hours taken from labor. He worked first upon a farm, and afterward in a saw and grist-mill. The latter occupation left him much spare time, which he devoted to his books, and thus early he gave evidence of rare ability, and an insatiable desire for knowledge. When about sixteen years of age, he was apprenticed to a carpenter, with whom he worked two years, when his master canceled his indentures, and young Sparks became village schoolmaster at Tolland, Conn. Here he taught during the winter season, and in summer supported himself by his trade. He studied Mathematics and Latin under the direction of Rev. Hubbell Loomis, the minister of his native town. Through the influence of that gentleman, the Rev. Abiel Abbott was induced to secure for Sparks a scholarship at Phillips' Academy, Exeter, N. H., on a charitable foundation, which gave him education and home, free of cost. He entered the academy in 1809, completed his term in 1811, and being assisted to a scolarship at Harvard College by President Kirkland, he entered that institution the same year. To meet his college expenses he left his class, and went to Havre de Grace, Md., to teach. Having replenished his purse, he returned to Harvard, and graduated in 1815, with one of the highest honors. After graduating, he taught school in Lancaster, Mass., for a short time, then began the study of theology at the Cambridge school. Shortly after, he was appointed Tutor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy at Harvard, which office he filled two years, prosecuting, at the same time, his theological studies, and also editing the North American Review, of which he was one of the original founders in 1815. In 1819 he was ordained as minister of the Unitarian Church at Baltimore, Md. During his residence in Baltimore he established and edited the Unitarian Miscellany, being himself its largest contributor.

His health failing, he resigned his pastorate, returned to Boston and purchased the North American Review, which he edited for seven years. Afterward he devoted himself chiefly to historical authorship. His contributions to American historical literature probably exceed in bulk those of any other writer, and they are characterized throughout by careful preparation and candid treatment.

The principal works of Mr. Sparks are "The Life of John Ledyard," the American traveler; the Washington papers, with a life of the writer, in twelve octavo volumes; "The Diplomatic Correspondence of the American Revolution," in twelve volumes; "The Life of Gouverneur Morris," in three volumes; "A Library of American Biography," in two series, one of ten volumes, and one of fifteen volumes; "The Works of Benjamin Franklin," in ten volumes; and "Correspondence of the American Revolution," in four volumes. From 1839 to 1849, Mr. Sparks was Professor of History in Harvard College, and President of that institution from 1849 to 1852. His last historical work was published in 1854. Since that time he has quietly enjoyed the rewards of his abundant labors. His life was eminently successful, and made so by elevated aims, untiring industry, and unswerving moral integrity.

Am. Ed. Monthly.

Court of Appeals.

FRANKFORT, June 8, 1866.

CAUSES DECIDED

Commonwealth vs. Terry, &c., Henderson; affirmed.

Commonwealth vs. Bennett and Marks, Jefferson; affirmed.

Commonwealth vs. Ramsey, Jefferson; affirmed.

Lee vs. Commonwealth, Pulaski; reversed.

Crabtree vs. Commonwealth, Davless; reversed.

Anderson vs. Betts' administrator, Garrard; reversed.

Inskeep, McKee and Price vs. Baker's administrator, Caldwell; reversed.

Duff vs. G[illegible]pie, Garrard; affirmed.

Matheny vs. Davis, Green, &c., Mercer; affirmed.

ORDERS.

Campbell vs. White's administrator, Madison; petition for rehearing overruled and response delivered.

Phillips, &c., vs. Ditto, Meade; additional suggestions for rehearing filed by appellee and time taken.

Stangel, &c., vs. McDermott, Louisville Chancery; motion to substitute as new case on docket for an old case dismissed, overruled.

McNay vs. Commonwealth, Pendleton; appeal dismissed.

Stone vs. Richmond Turnpike Road Company, Madison; case again called and argument concluded by C. F. Burnam, Esq., for appellees, and submitted.

Hocker vs. Gentry, Madison; cross appeal argued by Squire Turner, for appellees, and C. F. Burnam, for appellants, and submitted.

On motion of James Harlan, Esq., A. G. Booth, of Jefferson, was sworn in as attorney in this court.

McClure vs. Sowder, Rockcastle;

Smith vs. Rockcastle County Court, Rockcastle;

McNeill vs. McNeill, Laurel;

Bates vs. Hughes, Letcher;

Rice vs. Rice, Harlan;

Ratcliffe vs. Friend, Johnson—Rule awarded against appellants and continued.

Abell vs. Duparcq, Adair, heard.

Dixon vs. Mattingly, Woodford, heard.

Whitehead vs. Chadwell, Carroll, heard.

Judge Jeffries, of notorious memory, pointing with his cane to a man who was about to be tried, said: "There is a great rogue at the end of my cane." The man to whom he pointed, looking at him, said: "At which end, my lord?"

[For the Louisville Sunday Democrat.]

We Shall Soon Meet Again.

BY VIRGINIA PENNY.

"Who that bears
A human bosom hath not often felt
How dear are all those ties that bind our race
In gentleness?"

We shall soon meet again! Blessed thought! Cheering hope! *Meet again!* There is music in the words. They touch a chord of the heart deep and strong. To the young and tender they are as sunshine. To the more advanced they are fraught with greater intensity of feeling.

We shall soon meet again to enjoy the tender smiles of friendly interest and the loving tones of affection.

We shall soon meet again, said the aged sire, as he turned back the silver locks that shaded his brow, and leaned on his staff for support.

We shall soon meet again, said the son to his mother, as he sailed forth on the current of action, buffeting the wild waves of adversity.

We shall soon meet again, said the youth to his sister. We will talk of the soft greensward where our feet, in childhood, lightly sported; we will talk of the schoolhouse beside the brook, or of the endeared family circle about the hearth-stone of home.

A loved one leaves home; but the cheering words, "we shall meet again," give energy, and life, and vigor to those that are left. They press on, bearing up under the cares and trials that beset them. As they looked forward to a reunion, in fancy their path is hedged by roses and strewed with beautiful flowers. The birds sing sweetly; the waters murmur softly, and the sunlight lovingly plays on their pathway.

We shall soon meet again. There is something inspiring in the words. They animate the fainting, rouse the drooping, and pour the oil of consolation into the desolate heart. When the stars of heaven vanish, and the sun is darkened, and all is lonely and drear, a voice like the sweetest tones of a distant harp whispers, we shall soon meet again. It makes the eye kindle, the face glow, and we experience an emotion as pure and unsullied as that of an angel.

As we hear breathed from lips that we love the warm, ardent words, we shall soon meet again, we forget that a shadow ever darkens the earth; that aught save quiet, and comfort and peace ever enter the heart; that the cup of enjoyment is ever drugged or embittered. In the glance of affection we forget all save the precious heartfelt joys of earth.

Weary pilgrim, "plodding through the dust of life," "look to thy better rest in heaven." Stranger in an uncongenial clime, press forward to thine inheritance, "where the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest." Under the palms, "beside the still waters," we will recount the hours endeared by past friendship, and, free from the persecution wrought by envy and malice, we will enjoy forever the society of the pure, the good and the true. There is a reunion for kindred spirits far happier than upon earth. There each link in the chain of affection will be sealed, never, never, to be sundered. Precious friends that have gone before and await me on the beautiful shores beyond the river, we shall soon meet again. Blessed thought! Cheering hope!

[For the Louisville Sunday Democrat.]

Criticisms on Ladies.

"There are plenty of screws loose somewhere." Evidently so; though we would not, for a moment, be guilty of supposing they *could* lie round loose in a masculine brain. In all our leading journals, with that characteristic dignity and gallantry for which such persons are remarkable, there are critics, who frankly state they think women are poor, dependent sort of creatures—something made to cling, like all sorts of vines, to their stronger natures. Bah! we would as soon think of attaching ourselves to the clemency of Mount Vesuvius. And think of it; after all their assumptions of being the stronger party, they will turn and assail, with all the energy of their natures, the frailer (?) barricade and cry Eureka, we are victors, what glory is ours! Impartial judges will certainly

Honor the Light Brigade,
Brave souls, and undismayed
In the bold dash they made
"[illegible]" weaker woman;"
[illegible]
[illegible]
Scarce could [illegible] them by,
All [illegible].

There is one sore point from which we would conclude these criticisms are from the heated brain of some hen-pecked husband who anathematizes his better half in generalities on the depraved taste of the feminine gender. But, upon reflection, it would be safer to set down all these critics as disconsolate members of the bachelor persuasion, whose prolonged and preternatural howling over the sour grapes naturally makes a person think that sometimes the clusters hang out of reach.

We shall not defend the "tilters" and "false calves" which appear to shock the modesty of these gentlemen. There are occasionally fashions which will be the open sesame to all those torrents of invectives and disgusting criticisms on women which are so unworthy the pen of a generous and able opposition. To pick up a current exchange and read the delectable compositions of some of these worthies, the uninitiated would imagine that *here* really is a "Daniel come to judgment;" but the lion skin is raised and the long ears reveal unmistakably the true nature of the animal. Picture to yourself one of these critics—such a one as we know; a small, ridiculous, conceited creature, who would have some claims on our sympathy for his deficiencies, were it not for his overweening presumption and egotism.

On paper, grave, terrible and solemn; we used to think before we knew him we should require six months' patient acquaintance with an owl, before we could submit to the shock of an introduction; but fortunately, we survived the first ordeal, and a five minutes' talk gave us an opportunity to recover our scattered ideas, and dissipate forever the solemnity and gloomy darkness that this man of the pen chooses to draw round him. We see that man in the strongest light that a pair of unusually bright eyes can see him in, and he is a rusty, crusty, fusty old fudge of a bachelor; at his heart wishing somebody *would* take a fancy to him and relieve him of his misery. But he needn't think of it—no, sir; *odd* he is, and odd must remain for all time. Now we can stand criticism from sensible people; but from a man who ventures, with his braggart pen, more than he ever preached in word or action, it does not come very well; it is very like the jewel of gold in the swine's snout—an outrage both on the nature of the animal who assumes it, and the jewel which is degraded. You hear of an editor who proposes making a patent woman, with the aid of the modern improvements and some breathing apparatus which somebody is expected to invent. God grant that he may make her; for, without doubt, no other kind of a woman could be impressed with a due sense of the majesty of his glorious self. The windmills are already in his head, and their clatter and motion would evidently be both breath and *tongue* for her. You hear of some scamp going into a "Blue Stocking's bedroom," and we read the other Sunday a most delectable account of it. That man is either a miserable bachelor or was one once, and, like the "fly" who rested on the horse's ear during the long pull from the bottom of the hill to the top, he takes all the credit of his elevation to himself; and we hear him exclaiming, "what a heavy pull! let us stop and breathe." God grant nobody may find out that we are only the "fly" in this transaction. But, alas, his speech betrays him; that man it is evident was accustomed to take swift inventories of up-side-down articles of which he was in rapid search, by his correct summary of the articles on the Blue Stocking's sofa. But behold his vanity—Beauty and the Beast is no comparison; a great, big man admiring himself so closely in the looking-glass as to disclose the fact that it was spotlessly clean. He criticises the disarray of the "Temple of Dreams." He had better have confined his observations to his own face. He doubtless would have imagined a very pretty story. Now, if he meant to compliment, as his last verses suggest, why didn't he leave out the words Blue Stocking? for that is a very stupid word to manufacture compliments with. But the story is sadly out of keeping. "Blue Stockings" are not given to perfumery or cosmetics, and he has put entirely too many ruffles on the clothes of a lady who puts ruffles on people's pates and in gentlemen's heads.

Now we will tell you where those screws are "loose." Criticising where there is no kindly spirit to impel you and no good to be effected; that is one, and a tolerably big one too. For looking cross at a little body through a newspaper isn't apt to make her look kindly at you, though you may say you don't care. Well, you ain't much, if you don't. Now, don't scold too hard at the fashions; you can't help that; and, in your haste to set things right, you sometimes forget courtesy, and tramp too hard on people's toes. You are not perfect yourself; so let folks *alone*, and you will see the world will wag along ever so much better without your meddling. L. H. B.

An entire reconciliation has taken place between the cousins Bonaparte, and Prince Napoleon has returned to Paris to take charge of the Exposition Commission.

[For the Louisville Sunday Democrat.]

Plagiarism.

Messrs. Editors: If there's anything more contemptible and less excusable than literary piracy, I cannot now recall it. The man who practices it is a hypocrite, an impostor, a robber, a thief, and, very often, a murderer. He is a *hypocrite*, for he feigns inspiration, erudition and natural genius; he is an *impostor*, for he'd come among you bearing the character of an *author*, demanding homage at his shrine; a *robber*, for his "depraved heart" would deprive the rightful owner of the fame which should accrue to *his* name; and a *murderer*, as will be illustrated in the sequel. It is not expected that editors have read *everything*, and, like others, they can be imposed upon. We hope, Messrs. Editors, that you may be so fortunate hereafter as to be permitted to do your *own* culling from literary fields, and and entirely escape plagiarists.

What benefit can it be to society, what profit to an editor, what advantage or pleasure to the individual himself, to transcribe, transpose or ruin a good production, and have it copied in some newspaper or magazine with his name attached? Why this desire for literary composition, when there are no ingredients in the brain? The originator of anything that is worthy of perpetuation, like the source of a stream, can always be traced up, though it winds its meandering way, for many leagues, through crag and vale—through forest, plain and meadow. Genius always speaks for itself. It cannot be pent up or smouldered. There will be an outburst; and we know, too, there's no harvest where there has been nothing sown. Should we find in the garner of a lazy farmer a full supply of grain, when his fields all the spring were barren and he supine, beneath the umbrage of some bower, would we not know 'twas the produce of other soil, the work of other hands?

We now proceed to give the illustration when one is guilty of "murder in the first degree."

Read in the Louisville Democrat, June 1st, "Lines to Bettie," by P. S. Givan. We concluded, after reading it, that P. S. Givan must stand for Given to Stealing Poetry, or Post Scriptum Givan; Given to writing after others. Had it not been a clear case of downright murder, probably it would have occurred to us P. S. stood for *Poetry Slaughter*. We now quote Givan's "To Bettie:"

There is a place I've often seen—
Oh, would that I mine eyes ne'er did see!
Where mortal [illegible] have been,
And ear hath caught their sound of joy.

There is one, lovely and more fair
Than sages tell or poets sing,
Brighter than summer beauties are,
And softer than the tints of spring.

There is one—and oh, how bless—
Fairer than prophets ever told,
And never did an angel guest
One more fair than her behold.

Thou art lovely, and so pure
In the land of sin and woe,
May no thought [illegible]
[illegible]

What opinion will Miss Bettie have of her *poetical* admirer when she opens her Christian Psalmist at church and finds, "set to music," on page 401, the following lines:

There is a world we have not seen
That time shall never dare destroy,
Where mortal footsteps hath not been,
Nor ear hath caught its sounds of joy.

There is a region lovelier far
Than sages tell or poets sing,
Brighter than summer's beauties are,
And softer than the tints of spring.

There is a world—and oh, how blest!—
Fairer than prophets ever told,
And never did an angel guest
One half its blessedness unfold.

There are three more verses, which we do not quote, as P. S. Givan did not notice them; but it is plain that he has murdered a very beautiful PS psalm. His fourth verse is doubtless original, and reflects great credit on the "Author;" and I hope that making the discovery that he is "shining in borrowed plumes" will not "obscure sweetest bliss" from "Bettie," who, no doubt, is a lovely girl, "in this land of sin and woe." But were I married to a man and found him guilty of such a thing, I'd immediately apply for a divorce. M. G. F.

Alpine Cookery—A Traveler's Invention.

A paper on "Switzerland in Summer and Autumn," in Blackwood, gives an account of ascents of high peaks of the Alps, accomplished under great difficulties and accompanied by perils which are vividly described. Once, nearly overcome by fatigue and ready to perish with hunger, the traveler devised a rare soup which seems to have had a magical effect. We copy his description:

It was six at night, and dark, when we got back to the Faulberg Cave. Oh, the horror of the last of one hundred and fifty feet from the glacier! I was so knocked up and shivering with weakness that I could not speak, and had to motion the guides to make me some tea. I had eaten nothing all the day except a few prunes, and I felt that I must either eat or die; but my stomach revolted at the bare idea of the stringy leg of mutton with which M. Welleg had burdened us, of the tough bread, and of hard eggs, without salt or pepper, these condiments having been left on the Jungfrau. A great effort of gastronomic genius was necessary, and there luckily came to my aid sundry recollections of experience in another hemisphere. It was necessary, to make soup, and for that soup I determined to use all the ingredients at my command. I made Marti break the bone of the leg of mutton and produce some marrow; then the misanthropic iron pot was emptied of tea; and here, O weak-minded cooks, were the ingredients I put into it: water, red wine, mutton, marrow, hard eggs, cheese, bread, butter, honey and prunes. A sort of divine *furor*—a gastronomic inspiration—came over me, so that the quantity of each ingredient was most cunningly calculated. Never had I before tasted, never do I again hope to taste, such a glorious pottage as this Salmigondis a la Faulberg. It was not hunger that supplied the sauce, for I was so sick and weary that nothing but the most exquisite food could have roused my appetite. The red wine had diffused a warm fragrance through the whole mess, the cheese of Gruyeres more than supplied the want of condiment, and some of it had been burned at the bottom of the pot so as to give a fine pungent flavor; the marrow served as the very finest stock, the mutton and eggs had been cut to tenderness, and the mellowing honey unity to the whole. It was not only my eating which was the proof of this pottage. Ritz had been looking with ill-disguised contempt at the whole proceeding, and, when I had finished, took up the pot with a skeptical leer and tasted the remnant by aid of a cup, for we had no spoon. The very first taste, however, wrought an entire change in his opinions. Without saying a single word, he looked at Marti and handed the pot over to him. Marti tasted and looked eloquently at Ritz. Ritz looked at Marti, and straightway, without exchanging a single word, the two worthies fell to work to make a similar concoction. I am happy to say their combined efforts turned out a failure. That soup could no more have been repeated than "Paradise Lost" could have been rewritten. Under its soothing influence, I was able to sleep the sleep of innocence and peace in my rocky hollow, and did not wake until morning was far advanced; and Ritz, whose services were no longer required, had departed.

LEATHER MONEY.—On the authority of Seneca, a curious account is given of a period when leather, appropriately stamped to give it a legal character, was the only current money. At a comparatively recent date, in the annals of Europe, Fredrich the Second, who died in 1250, at the siege of Milan, actually paid his troops with leather money. Nearly the same circumstance occurred in England, during the great wars of the barons. In the course of 1360, King John, for the ransom of his royal person, promised to pay Edward the Third, of England, three millions of gold crowns. In order to fulfill this obligation, he was reduced to the mortifying necessity of paying the expenses of the palace in leather money, in the center of each piece there being a little, bright point of silver. In that reign is found the origin of the burlesque honor of boyhood called "conferring a leather medal." The imposing ceremonies accompanying a presentation gave full force, dignity, and value to a leather jewel, which noblemen were probably proud to receive at the hand of his majesty.

The Hartford Courant says the monument to Col. Samuel Colt, the revolver man, about to be placed in Cedar Hill Cemetery, in that city, will cost about $25,000. It is of Scotch granite, forty feet high, and surmounted by a beautiful figure.

A band of Pawnee Indians were in Chicago a few days ago, bound from Nebraska to Washington. There were fourteen of them, aged from one to sixty years, comprising eleven warriors, two squaws and one papoose.

Mad dogs are kept at Alfort, near Paris, and healthy dogs are bitten by them, to keep on hand a constant supply of mad dogs, in order to study this strange disease.

Scientific investigations show that in ascending mountains the heart-beats increase on an average one per minute for every hundred yards of ascent.

Louis Napoleon gave Patti a magnificent pair of ear rings.

Where Familiar Quotations Come From.

"There is death in the pot," from 2 Kings iv. 40. "Lovely and pleasant in their lives and in their death they were not divided," is spoken of Saul and Jonathan, 2 Samuel i. 23. "A man after his own heart," 1 Samuel xiii. 12. "The apple of his eye," Deut. xix. 21. "A still, small voice," 1 Kings xix. 12. "Escaped with the skin of my teeth," Job xix. 20. "That mine adversary had written a book," Job xxi. 35. "Spreading himself like a green bay tree," Psalm xxxvii. 35. "Hanged our harps upon the willow," Psalm cxxxvii. 2. "Riches certainly make, not *take*, as it is often quoted, themselves wings," Proverbs xxiii. 5. "Heap coals of fire upon his head," Ibid xxv. 22. "No new thing under the sun," Ecclesiastics i. 9. "Of making many books there is no end," Ibid xii. 12. "Peace, peace when there is no peace," made famous by Patrick Henry, Jeremiah viii. 11. "My name is Legion," Mark v. 9. "To kick against the pricks," Acts ix. 5. "Make a virtue of necessity," Shakespeare's Two Gentlemen of Verona. "All is not gold that glitters," Merchant of Venice. "Screw your courage to the sticking place," (not *point*) Macbeth. "Make assurance doubly sure," Ibid. "Hang out your banners upon the outward walls," Ibid. "Keep the word of promise to our (not *the*) ear, but break it to our hope," Ibid. "It's an ill wind turns no good," usually quoted "It's an ill wind blows no one any good," Thomas Tusser, 1580. "Christmas comes but once a year," Ibid. "Look before you leap," Ibid., and "Look before you ere you leap," Hudibras, commonly quoted, "Look before you leap." "Out of mind as soon as out of sight," usually quoted, "Out of sight, out of mind," Lord Brooke. "What though the field be lost, all is not lost," Milton. "Awake, arise, or be forever fallen," Ibid. "Necessity, the tyrant's plea," Ibid. "The old man eloquent," Ibid. "Peace hath her victories," Ibid. "Though this may be play to you, 'tis death to us," Roger l'Estrange, 1704. "All cry and no wool," (not *little wool*,) Hudibras. "Count their chickens ere (not *before*) they are hatched," Ibid. "Through thick and thin," Dryden. "When Greek join Greeks then was the tug of war," usually quoted, "When Greek meets Greek, then comes the tug of war," Nathaniel Lee, 1692. "Of two evils I have chosen the least," Prior. "Richard is himself again," Colley Cibber. "Classic Grounds," Addison. "A Good hater," Johnson. "My name is Noval," John Home, 1808. "Ask me no questions and I'll tell you no fibs," Goldsmith. "Not much the worse for wear," (not *none the worse*,) Cowper. "What will Mrs. Grundy say?" Thomas Morton. "No pent-up Utica contracts our power," Jonathan Sewell. "Hath given hostage to fortune," Bacon. "His God's image cut in ebony," Thomas Fuller. "Wise and masterly inactivity," Mackintosh in 1791, though generally attributed to John Randolph. "First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his fellow-citizens," (not *countrymen*,) resolutions presented to the House of Representatives December, 1790, prepared by Gen. Henry Lee. "Millions for defense, but not one cent for tribute," Charles C. Pinckney. "The almighty dollar," Washington Irving. "As good as a play," King Charles, when in Parliament attending the discussion of Lord Ross' divorce bill. "Selling a bargain," is in Love's Labor Lost. "Fast and loose," Ibid. "Pumping a man," Otway's Venice Preserved. "Go snacks," Pope's Prologue to Satires. "In the wrong box," Fox's Martyrs. "To lam," in the sense of to beat. "King and no King," by Beaumont and Fletcher. The hackneyed newspaper Latin quotation, "Tempora mutanter nos et mutamur in illis," is not found in any classic or Latin author. The nearest to it was "Omnia mutantur," &c., and this is found in Barbonius, a German writer of the middle ages. "Smelling of the lamp," is to be found in Plutarch, and is there attributed to Pythias. "A little bird told me," comes from Ecclesiastes x. 20; "For a bird of the air shall carry the voice, and that which hath wings shall tell the matter."

"[illegible] and [illegible] away,
May live to fight another day."

These lines, generally attributed to Hudibras, are really much older. They are to be found in a book published in 1666. The same idea is, however, expressed in a couplet published in 1542, while one of the few fragments of Menander, the Greek writer, that have been preserved, embodies the same idea in a single line. The couplet in Hudibras is:

"For he that fights and runs away
May live to fight another day."

"Hell is paved with good intentions," though found in Johnson and Herbert, was obviously in that day a proverbial expression. Walter Scott ascribes it to some "stern old divine."

"There is a good time coming," is an expression used by Sir Walter Scott in "Rob Roy," and has doubtless for a long time been a familiar saying in Scotland.

Sayings of Josh Billings.

We give below some of the embodied wisdom of Josh Billings:

It is highly important, when a man makes up his mind tew bekum a raskal, that he shud examine himself closely, and see if he aint better konstructed for a phool.

If there waz nothing but truth in this world, a fool would stand just az good a chanse az a wize man.

"Large bodys move slo;" this ere proverb dont apply to lies, for the bigger the ar the faster tha go.

There is 2 things in this life for which we are never fully prepared, and that is twins.

Marrin for love ma be a little risky, but it is very honest.

We are apt to hate them who wont take our advise, and despise them who do.

Genowine proverbs are like good kambrick needles—short, sharp and shiny.

If yu want to get a sure crop, and a big yield for the seed, sow wild otes.

"Honesty is the best policy;" but dont take my word for it, try it.

What a man spends in this life, he saves, what he dont git want ment for him, and what he saves he looses.

Wise men dont expeck to do way with the vissitudes of life, tha only expect to breast the edge of them.

Rise arly, work hard and late, live on what you cant sell, give nothin awa, and if you dont die rich and go to the devil, you may sue me for damages.

N. B.—The above remarks are not intended to be personal.

Real happiness dont consist so mutch in what a man dont hav, as it duz in what he dont want.

A man running for office puts me in minde ov a dog that's lost—he smells ov every body he meets, and wags hisself all over.

It is dredful easy to be a phool—a man kan be one and not know it.

PEERESSES CONDUCTING BANKING OPERATIONS.—Two of the richest bankers in London, a few years ago, were peeresses, namely, the Duchess of St. Albans and the Countess of Jersey—the latter, as the heiress of old Josiah Child, constituting the principal partner of the Child banking house. Both ladies were at one time said to be in the habit of paying periodical visits to their respective establishments, and are said to have been distinguished for the affability and good sense with which they sustained their positions, inspected the books, and entered into general business details. But this report was true, and that in part, only of the late Duchess of St. Albans. She was peculiarly fond of showing herself at the bank in the Strand, and putting questions to the partners and clerks, with whom she was no favorite—being, in truth, somewhat of a bore. Lady Jersey, as the representative of Sir Josiah Child's interest, only attends the bank once a year, when the accounts are balanced and the profits struck. On this occasion the partners dine together at the bank, and the Countess, as the principal partner, takes the head of the table. This lady's connection with the concern has the following history: The last Mr. Child left an only daughter, who was the heiress of his great wealth, and was married to the Earl of Westmoreland; the eldest daughter of that marriage was the present Countess of Jersey, to whom the grandfather's interest in the bank descended.

FIRST JEWISH BILL OF EXCHANGE.—The circumstances which gave rise to the invention of bills of exchange in the mercantile world was the banishment from France, in the reigns of Philip Augustus and Philip the Long, of the Jews, who, it is well known, took refuge in Lombardy. On their leaving the kingdom, they had committed to the care of some persons in whom they could place confidence such of their property as they could not carry with them. Having fixed their abode in a new country they furnished various foreign merchants and travelers, whom they had commissioned to bring away their fortunes, with secret letters, which were accepted in France by those who had the care of their effects. From this it is claimed that the merit of the invention of exchanges belongs to the Jews exclusively. They discovered the means of substituting impalpable riches for palpable ones, the former being transmissible to all parts, without leaving behind them any traces indicative of the way they have taken.

A CURIOSITY.—One of the most curious yet simple instruments of late years is a little wooden barometer invented by a Mexican guitar-maker, a few years since. It consists only of a strip of cedar, very thin, about two and a half feet in length, about an inch wide, cut with the grain, set in a block or fort. This cedar strip is backed or lined with one of white pine cut across the grain, and the two are tightly glued together. To bend these when dry is to snap them, but on the approach of bad weather the cedar curves over until the top at times touches the ground. It is said this simple instrument will indicate the coming of a "norther" full twenty-four hours before any other kind of barometer known on the coast. The philosophy of the thing seems to be that the pine dries and contracts under the influence of fair weather, and curves over on its side; while in foul weather, swelling and expanding, its motion is towards the other side, the cedar yielding to the pressure because cut with the grain, and is not susceptible to the influence of dryness or humidity of atmosphere.

There is a story of a member of a temperance deputation who was picked up drunk by a policeman, after the meeting was over, out of the public gutter. On being asked his business he replied, with much presence of mind, that he was the "frightful example" whose duty it was to accompany the deputation.

Daily Democrat.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY HARNEY, HUGHES & CO.

OFFICE—

South side Green st., two doors below Customhouse.

SUNDAY, JUNE 10, 1866.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO R. R.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Morning Express	[illegible] A. M.	[illegible] A. M.
Night Express	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] P. M.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.

Morning Express	[illegible] A. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Evening Express	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] A. M.
Night Express	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] A. M.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE R. R.

Lebanon & Stanford Express and Mail (daily except Sunday)	[illegible] A. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Nashville Mail	[illegible] A. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Nashville Express	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] A. M.
Bardstown Accommodation (daily except Sunday)	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] A. M.

LOUISVILLE AND FRANKFORT R. R.

Morning Express	[illegible] A. M.	[illegible] A. M.
Evening Express	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Accommodation	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] A. M.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.—We publish below the time of the arrival and departure of the mails, which will prove of interest to our readers:

	CLOSE.	ARRIVES.
First Eastern	[illegible] P. M.	1:30 P. M.
Second Eastern	[illegible]	[illegible]
First St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]
Second St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]
Indianapolis and the Canadas	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cairo, etc.	[illegible]	[illegible]
First Nashville and way Kentucky	[illegible]	[illegible]
Second Nashville and Southern States	[illegible]	6:30 A. M.
Lexington and Frankfort and way mails	[illegible]	[illegible]
Second Lexington and Frankfort and way mails	[illegible]	1:30 A. M.
Louisville and Bardstown railroad	[illegible]	5:30 A. M.
Louisville and Shelbyville	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville and Evansville steamboats	[illegible]	[illegible]
LEAVES TUESDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, FRIDAYS AND SATURDAYS.		
Shawneetown way	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] P. M.
LEAVES MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.		
Taylorsville and Bloomfield	[illegible]	[illegible]
LEAVES TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.		
Shelbyville	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible]

For yesterday's noon dispatches see fourth page.

Kentucky Conference African M. E. Zion Church—Fourth Day.

Conference assembled according to rule. Bishop Talbot in the chair. Devotional exercises conducted by Rev. Dr. Linn, of the M. E. Church South.

The first part of the morning was devoted to the reports of committees. Rev. Dr. Linn, Rev. Dr. Anderson and the Rev. Mr. Cunningham of the Church South, Rev. Dr. Parsons, of the Congregational, and the Rev. Mr. Waterston, of Boston, and the Rev. Mr. Heywood, of this city, were severally introduced to the conference. The Committee on Sabbath Schools reported the increase in attendance to be far in advance of any previous year. On motion to adopt the report the Rev. J. W. Loguen asked the privilege of allowing the visiting brethren to take part in the discussion, which was granted.

After several interesting addresses from the visiting brethren, the following resolutions, offered by the Rev. W. F. Butler, were passed unanimously:

Resolved, That we [illegible]

Resolved, That [illegible]

Resolved, That we [illegible]

A vote of thanks was tendered Rev. Dr. Parsons, Rev. Mr. Waterston, Rev. Mr. Heywood, and General Ely, for their encouraging remarks.

Adjourned to meet Monday morning.

MRS. F. M. BARCLAY.—Yesterday evening this lady closed her series of lectures to the ladies of Louisville, concerning "Female Health," and "The Rearing of Children."

It is seldom that the ladies have an opportunity of hearing things, which not only vitally interest them, but their husbands, fathers and brothers, presented in such an attractive and comprehensive style. We have, indeed, male lecturers on physiology, and they usually deliver one lecture of the course particularly to ladies, but there is always a reserve between the sexes which precludes that familiarity of treatment which the subject and the interests of humanity demand.

Mrs. Barclay has devoted years to the study of her theme, and in herself presents a splendid specimen of the results of her methods of treatment. She knows her sex thoroughly, and can tell her her faults and virtues and her needs and capabilities in a style so pleasant and familiar as at once to win the hearts of her hearers, and emphasize her instructions. Our ladies have derived incalculable benefit from her lectures, the influence of which will not cease with this generation; and the troops of enthusiastic friends she has made during her visit here hope that she will repeat them often. She will always meet a cordial reception.

SHAMEFUL CONDUCT.—We learn that on Friday a little child, whose parents reside in the lower part of the city, died. A coffin was procured and the corpse was laid away in it, soon to be borne to its tenement of clay and "sleep the sleep that knows no waking." Instead of the mother and father lingering with hearts of sorrow and tearful eyes about their "loved and lost one," they began a dispute as to when and where the little sleeper should be buried. Regarding all that should be near and dear to them, their passions arose, and a fight over the corpse ensued, during which the coffin was upset and the corpse rolled out upon the floor to be trampled upon by its shameful and unnatural parents while they fought around the room. "O! shame, where is thy blush?"

PEWEE VALLEY FESTIVAL.—On next Wednesday, the ladies of Christ Church Aid Society, assisted by the ladies of Pewee Valley, will give a festival in Pewee Valley, on the Louisville and Lexington railroad, for the benefit of St. James Parish. Extensive preparations are being made by the kind-hearted and energetic ladies to make it one of the most pleasant occasions of the kind ever gotten up in the State. A special train of cars will leave the Frankfort depot at 9 A. M., on that day, and those who have tickets and who may miss the special train, can use their tickets on any of the regular trains going and coming. We hope the attendance will be large, and that the ladies will have their efforts crowned by complete success.

TWELFTH-STREET METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SOUTH—RELIGIOUS SERVICES TO-DAY.—The repairs which have been going forward on this church for several weeks, are now so far completed as to admit of religious service being held in the main building, which will take place to-day at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at the usual hour in the evening. The Rev. Geo. A. Chase will conduct the morning services, when it is expected that some thirty members of the church will be received into full connection. The Rev. Mr. Henderson, preacher in charge, will preach in the evening.

HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—The attendance at the horticultural exhibition at Masonic Temple yesterday, though fair, was not as large as we would have liked to have seen. The display, however, was very fine, that of flowers especially—there being a number of magnificent bouquets exhibited by Nanz and others. The sales were very good, every article bringing fair prices. The society will hold their next regular exhibition next Saturday, and we understand preparations are being made to render it one of the finest of the season.

BILL ARP.—W. Scott Glore, corner Third and Jefferson streets, has sent us Bill Arp's book, written by himself. It is a wonderfully laughable work, full of wit, humor and engravings. He says "I'm a good Union man, 'so-called,' but I'll bet on Dixie as long as I've got a dollar." Go at once and get a copy.

MURDER OF T. E. JUDGE.

AN EXAMINATION OF THE ACCUSED PARTIES COMMENCED.

Examination to be Closed Monday

GREAT INTEREST EXCITED.

Large Array of Legal Talent.

We have already, through the columns of the Democrat, made mention of the murder of Thos. E. Judge, last Saturday night, by Theodore Englebaugh and Fred. Lehman, proprietors of the saloon on Third street, known as the "[illegible]." The examination of the accused parties was commenced yesterday in the Police Court. The case has created considerable excitement, and the court-room was crowded. In the prosecution Mr. W. G. Reasor, the attorney, was assisted by T. W. Gibson and W. F. Bullock, while H. S. Foote, G. A. Caldwell, M. Bijur, R. J. Baird and J. H. Price appeared for the defense. We give below the testimony in full as far as it was elicited up to the adjournment of the court:

J. C. Gill called.—Am Coroner of the county; held an inquest on the body of deceased on Saturday night last, between 10 and 11 o'clock, in a drug store on Market street near Third, in the back room; found a pistol-shot wound in left breast, that night could not determine its effect of wound; Sunday morning Dr. Goldsmith held a post mortem examination on the body, which developed the fact that the wound extended on a line of 45 degrees on a regular line of the body erect; the ball entered between the first and second rib, and passed through the left lung, and inwardly and downward; the wound had the appearance of having been effected with a rifle ball; the wound was the cause of his death; on one hand noticed a wound which had the appearance of having been made in the [illegible] deceased was dead when we first saw him.

Cross-examined.—Wound on hand was on the right hand; both wounds were on the same hand; did not notice any congealed blood on the hand, the wound was [illegible] with a similar one to the one ex-[illegible] in court.

Jas. W. Chapman called.—Reside in Buffalo. Was present at the difficulty which caused the death of Judge; witness, deceased, Herbert and Wood had been playing a game of billiards at the saloon kept by accused; after the game was finished, noticed Mr. Wood mark on the table with a piece of chalk; he was approached by Lehman who commenced abusing him for marking on the table, saying that it injured it. Did not pay particular attention to language until he heard the sound of a blow; could not say who was struck; immediately after Lehman ran around into the bar, after some minutes walked into the bar-room and saw Lehman in the act of jumping on the counter with a cue in his right hand and a pistol in his left. The pistol exhibited in court looks like the same weapon; after some wrangling between Lehman, Woods, deceased and others Lehman struck Mr. Herbert on the back with a cue; witness went over to the head of the stairs, followed by others; he went down; as witness left he heard deceased say, "let's pay for the game and go; if your table is injured we have money to pay for it;" at the same time slapping his pocket; stood in front of entrance on the street some seconds, and saw some persons coming down stairs who pushed down; recognized deceased, who fell out of entrance on the sidewalk. As he jumped to his feet heard first shot fired; witness then jumped into an adjoining door; heard three shots fired after the first one, and after firing ceased went towards Market street and saw deceased standing, supported by two or three persons. In the fall down the stairs deceased was last; the others got out of the way; deceased had nothing in his hand at the time he fell; would have seen a cue if he had it in his hand. The first shot was fired as soon as deceased got to his feet. At the time Lehman got on the counter with pistol and cue deceased was in front of the counter; did not see a cue in his hand at the time; the shooting occurred about half a minute after deceased offered to pay for the game. (A diagram of the room was shown to witness that he might show the exact position of the parties.—Reporter.)

The billiard and bar rooms are on the same floor. In going out of the billiard room you have to come through the bar. The expenses of the game had to be settled in the bar. Could not tell the position of the men who shot.

Cross-examined—Was in the city on business. Went to the saloon between 9 and 10 o'clock. The party played one game. It was after the game that Wood wrote on the table. Deceased was in front of the bar when he slapped his pocket. Lehman was on the counter at the time. Heard some of the blows. No one fell. Blows sounded like a fist as it in the face. At the time of the blows saw Lehman, Wood and deceased were close together, and Herbert on the other side of the table. Immediately after blows Lehman ran into the bar, got a pistol and jumped on the bar. It was at about this time that witness first saw Englebaugh. About this time witness said "let us go." Thinking that there would be a fuss, being afraid that Lehman, who was on the counter, would shoot into the crowd. Deceased was the only one I saw fall. Raised as soon as he fell, and it was at this time the first shot was fired. The second shot was fired in some six or eight seconds, the other shots were fired quicker. Did not see deceased fall at the time the shots were fired.

James Wood called—Resides on Market street, near Fourth; knew deceased was present at the difficulty. Saturday night, about 10 o'clock, deceased, witness Herbert and Chapman went into 66 to play a game of billiards. After the game was over witness wrote deceased's name on the table. Lehman came up, shoved witness and used very rough language to him. Witness replied: "If you do not go away I will smash your mouth." He further said: "I have not injured your table." Lehman then ran into the bar, and witness followed. When witness got into the bar, Lehman held a cue in his right hand and a pistol in the left. Witness then went back to billiard room; got a cue; took a position behind the wall, with a cue, waiting for Lehman to come in; Lehman did not come, and witness went back to the bar-room, and stood there for some time, and Lehman not moving, witness put down the cue. Lehman went to the back steps and called for some one, when Englebaugh came down stairs from the third story. He came to witness and said: "go down stairs, don't raise any fuss." We started to the stairs, when Lehman raised on the counter, and struck Mr. Herbert with a cue; Herbert at the time being close to the bar. Did not see Judge; after this Herbert came towards the stairs, when Lehman got over the counter. Deceased was between witness and bar. Deceased came nearly to the head of the stairs and raised up a chair. At this time Englebaugh caught hold of deceased, and threw him upon the floor. Lehman, while the deceased was down, struck him once or twice with a cue, striking with [illegible]. As Lehman struck deceased, witness reached for a chair and raised it over his head; could not say whether he hit any one or not. When witness caught hold of the chair one of the accused caught hold of witness. Witness then turned and fell down stairs; could not say whether he was shoved or struck. Three of the party were lying on the floor at the bottom of the stairs, witness, deceased and Herbert. Witness got up and ran out in the street; came back and stood on the sidewalk, in front of the house. After witness got on the sidewalk he saw [illegible] a pistol. At this time Judge was standing behind a pillar, from the [illegible]. The diagram was also shown this witness, and he showed the position of each party. The flash of the pistol seemed to be about the head of deceased. Heard three shots; second or third shot struck witness on the heel of his boot. After the first shot was fired, deceased reached around as if to strike with the cue. After this, two shots were fired; at the time the party started down stairs, Lehman approached them with a cue and pistol; Lehman was making for deceased at the time deceased raised the chair. Did not see any one in hand of deceased at the time. Could not say whether deceased wrenched cue from the hand of Lehman or not. The chair which deceased raised was a wooden one. At the time Lehman approached deceased, he did so very angrily. At the time deceased raised the chair, Lehman was near him and was approaching; one game of billiards had been played; was not acquainted with accused; none of the party who went to the saloon were armed as far as witness knew; it was about a minute after deceased was knocked down and struck with the cue that the first shot was fired.

Cross-examined—From the position of the parties at the time of the first shot it must have been fired with the left hand; did not see deceased strike until after the first shot was fired; witness saw no blow struck at the time of the dispute at the table; witness struck no blow at that time; when witness came into the bar from the billiard room Lehman was behind the counter; after all fell down, and witness ran into the street, he returned to the sidewalk, and deceased got behind a pillar; could not say where Chapman and Herbert were; witness and deceased, after they came out, made no effort to get away; could not say which shot struck deceased; after the shot struck the heel of witness he turned and ran toward Market street; when witness took his position by the wall in the billiard room he did so to strike either of accused if they should come into the room; after Englebaugh requested witness to leave Lehman struck Herbert.

Wm. Herbert called—Resides on Second street, between Green and Walnut; was at "[illegible]" on the night of the difficulty in which deceased was killed; witness, deceased, Chapman and Wood went to the saloon to play a game of billiards; after the game was over, witness laid his cue down and took a seat; noticed Wood pick up a piece of chalk and mark on the table; saw Lehman run around where Mr. Wood was and spoke very angrily to him; witness paid no further attention to the difficulty until he heard the sound of a blow; he then looked at the party, and Wood and deceased were standing close together, and Lehman started for the barroom; witness sat in the billiard room a few seconds when he went into the barroom, and saw Lehman at the foot of the stairs leading into the third story, calling for some one; he had a billiard cue in his right hand and the pistol in the left, the handle to the front; the quarrel was then renewed, Lehman remarking to Wood, or deceased, "what did you strike me for;" Wood replied "I did not," Lehman said "you did." Wood repeated "I did not," when Lehman called Wood a liar; Englebaugh came down and said "leave my house, I do not want any difficulty here;" witness then noticed Lehman get on the counter immediately upon which he struck witness with a cue; witness jumped back, when some one seized him by the arm and carried him to the head of the stairs; I then saw Lehman advancing toward Wood and deceased, who were at the head of the stairs, with the cue raised as if to strike; deceased, who was nearest to Lehman, raised a chair; Englebaugh approached deceased, threw him down, and while he was down Lehman struck deceased with the cue. I was then thrown down stairs, Wood falling upon me. I then heard a noise as of some one falling down stairs, and we were all three there together. Witness, when he got up, started toward Main street, and went some six or seven steps and stopped to see if the others were coming, and he then heard the first shot; as soon as he heard the first shot he stepped into the door of an adjoining building; saw no cue in the hand of deceased at the time he fell; at the time deceased raised the chair at the head of the steps he had no cue; think the deceased raised the chair with both hands; heard three shots.

Cross-examined—About 9 o'clock left the store of Mr. Wood, on Market street, went on Third and got two glasses of beer, and then went to Walker's and got a glass of ale, and went from there to the saloon. It was immediately after the game that Wood wrote on the table; Lehman then came in, excited, and used very rough language; think that Wood was writing on the table at the time. A second or so afterwards witness heard a blow struck; at the time Lehman advanced toward the party at the head of the steps they were very close together.

At this time a recess was taken until 2 o'clock for dinner.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

[illegible]

J. J. [illegible] called—Resides on Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson. Was present at the time deceased was killed. Witness and Mr Bahr were playing a game of billiards when deceased and his friends came in. Kept on at the game until he heard some words. Heard a blow, but could not tell who was struck. Saw that there was a fuss. Next witness saw was Lehman on the counter with a cue in one hand [illegible] what he had in the other. Heard report of the pistol—some three or four shots afterward.

[illegible] *called*—Resides on Market, between Tenth and Eleventh; was on Third street last Saturday night; he was at that room at the time of the difficulty; [illegible] observed was Lehman [illegible] he heard [illegible] calling for somebody; when Lehman asked one of the party: "Why did you strike me?" [illegible] did not say who threw deceased down stairs; saw Englebaugh throw two or three of them down stairs.

James H. [illegible] called—Stood at Walker's and saw [illegible] heard him say: "I will kill you, you [illegible] b—h."

[illegible]—The night was very dark, but the gas was burning [illegible] who shot; saw two men running and one in the door shooting; it was doubtless, one of the accused, and the remark "I will kill [illegible]" was, no doubt, used by Lehman.

Reporter.

W. L. Mitchell called—Was on Third street last Saturday night as a party came out of [illegible] his shirt sleeves. No doubt Lehman. Reporter said "I will kill the son of a bitch," [illegible] saw who fired the first shot, the one who did fired was in shirt sleeves, and repeated, "I will kill you, son of a bitch;" I saw deceased walk toward Market street, the man who did the shooting was in shirt sleeves and walked up stairs.

Fred. Hike called—Resides in Jefferson county. Was on Third street last Saturday night. Was in Walker's and heard a noise, and remarked that it was a fight, immediately after heard the report of a pistol; did not see the man who had the pistol; heard four reports.

[illegible] *called*—Did not see the difficulty; heard the report of the pistol, do not know who did the shooting.

[illegible] *called*—Was on Third street between Market and Main; saw the difficulty in which deceased was shot, was in the saloon next to [illegible] kept by Mr. Sedgwick, two or three fell down stairs, some one said "let the son of a b—h," and an attempt was made, but cannot say whether a blow was struck. One of the accused said he was [illegible] at the door remarked: "[illegible] son of a b—h," and at the same time one of them drew a cue and struck; witness is positive that Lehman did not do the shooting.

At this point, the court adjourned to meet to-morrow, Monday morning.

Louisville Female Seminary.

The fifteenth annual session of the Louisville Female Seminary closed on Friday morning by the reading of compositions by the graduating class, composed of eleven interesting, intelligent and beautiful young ladies. The order of the exercises were:

Salutatory, by Miss E Merriwether, Louisville, Ky.

Hallowed Remembrances, by Miss A. E. Armstrong, Lebanon, Ky.

Death of the First Born, by Miss A. C. Winston, Nashville, Tenn.

Fate of the Gifted, by Miss A. E. Caldwell, Louisville, Ky.

The Goblet of Life, by Miss M. Duffer, Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Listen to the Voice of Time, by Miss A. S. Hall, Louisville, Ky.

The Realm of Ambition, by Miss Annie Long, Russellville, Ky.

Fear of Growing Old, by Miss R. W. Kennedy, Louisville, Ky.

Retrospection, by Miss V. B. McCampbell, Louisville, Ky.

Review of the Seasons, by Miss M. L. Stone, Louisville, Ky.

Valedictory, by Miss Anne Nold, Lawrenceburg, Ky.

After the reading of the compositions the diplomas were presented by Mrs. W. B. Nold, the principal of the seminary, when the exercises closed with singing the hymn

"When shall we meet again."

The "Salutatory," by Miss Merriwether, was very fine. The "Death of the First Born," by Miss Winston, was well written; but she appeared to be much embarrassed. She is a decided beauty, and will be the cause of much suffering among the "sterner sex." Miss Caldwell's "Fate of the Gifted" was an excellent composition, well written and well read. Miss Nold, in her "Valedictory," referred with much feeling and tenderness to Mr. Nold, who died during this scholastic year. All did credit to themselves and to the institution.

LOUISVILLE THEATER.—The house was again well filled last night to witness the last representation of Mazeppa, which has been kept on all the week to excellent houses. We have several times witnessed this gorgeous spectacular piece, and as it is rendered by Miss Hudson we can say that the most fastidious taste could not be offended, though the mock-modest might find material for much complaint. And yet, in appearance and action, the danseuse would more justly offend genuine modesty than would Miss Hudson as Mazeppa. The continued good houses through the week to see her in a single play is the best evidence of the immense popularity of Miss Hudson. On Monday night she produces the great play she produced here last winter to such immense audiences, the Cataract of the Ganges, which, for splendid scenery, fine situations and thrilling effect, has no equal in the catalogue of modern sensation dramas. Miss Hudson performs a perilous feat in this play, in dashing up a rocky precipice through a sheet of real falling water, that no other woman in the world would attempt. If you would see something startling, grand and imposing, don't fail to see the Cataract of the Ganges.

A YOUNG MAN KILLED.—Yesterday afternoon Mr. Scott Dudley, an estimable young man, and a resident of Lexington, got on the train at Lexington to come to Midway. The train was coming through a cut near Yarnell's, about eight miles from Lexington, when young Dudley put his head out the door of the baggage car and was knocked out, falling under the wheels. The train passed over him, mutilating his body in a horrible manner. The train was speedily stopped, and his remains were gathered up and brought to Midway. He was about 22 years of age, and beloved by all who knew him.

PARDONS.—The United States Marshal of this district received yesterday, the pardon of Isaac Shockley, convicted of robbing the mail some four years ago, and of N. O. Daniel, of McLean county, convicted at the February term of the United States court of violation of the internal revenue laws and fined $800, of which the President has remitted $700.

WATSON INDICTED FOR MURDER.—The grand jury of Campbell county, on Thursday afternoon, reported an indictment for murder in the first degree against W. B. Watson, the burglar who killed Captain Menter on Tuesday morning last, in Newport, Ky.

☞ In compliance with the resolution of the 30th May Convention, Hon. James F. Robinson, its President, appointed as a Central Committee for the State, Hamilton Pope, Gen. J. T. Boyle, Gen. E. H. Hobson, Col. G. C. Wharton and G. P. Doern.

Court Martial Orders.

The following court martial orders were promulgated from General Davis' headquarters yesterday:

Thomas J. Byrely, private, Nineteenth U. S. Infantry, for desertion and larceny, was sentenced to forfeit to the United States all pay and allowances that are now, or may become, due him; to be dishonorably discharged the service of the United States, and to be confined in such prison or penitentiary as the Commanding General may direct for the term of two years.

On the recommendation of the members of the court, all of the sentence is remitted except that part which relates to the forfeiture of pay and allowances.

Benjamin F. Simpson, private, Nineteenth United States Infantry, for violation of the 23d article of war and desertion, was sentenced to forfeit to the United States all pay and allowances that are now, or may become, due him; to be dishonorably discharged the service of the United States, and to be confined in such prison or penitentiary as the Commanding General may direct for the term of ten years. So much of the sentence as relates to confinement is mitigated to three years. The penitentiary at Frankfort, Ky., is designated as the place of confinement.

Wm. K. Huff, private 19th United States infantry, for desertion, was sentenced to forfeit all pay and allowances that are now, or may become, due him to the date of the promulgation of this sentence.

Wm. Leamister, private 19th United States infantry, for desertion, was sentenced to forfeit to the United States all pay and allowances that are now or may become due him up to the date of the promulgation of this sentence.

Private John Smith, of company D., 2d regiment United States infantry, for desertion, was sentenced to forfeit all pay and allowances due him to the time of the promulgation of this sentence, and to forfeit to the United States ten dollars per month of his monthly pay, for the period of six months, and to be confined in the military prison during that time.

Private James Dwyer, of Company I., 2d Regiment U. S. Infantry, for desertion, was sentenced "to forfeit to the United States all pay and allowances that are now, or may become, due him; to be dishonorably discharged the service of the United States, and to be confined in such prison or penitentiary as the commanding General may direct, for the term of one year." The sentence mitigated to a forfeiture of all pay and allowances that are now due him, and to forfeiture of ten dollars per month of his monthly pay for the period of nine months.

Private William C. Hucker, of Company B., 2d Regiment U. S. Infantry, for larceny, was sentenced "to forfeit to the United States all pay and allowances that are now, or may become, due him, to be dishonorably discharged the service of the United States, and to be confined in such prison or penitentiary as the commanding General may direct, for the term of one year." The penitentiary at Frankfort is designated as the place of confinement.

Changes in Military Departments.

The following order was received at Department Headquarters, in this city, yesterday:

WAR DEPARTMENT,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, June 5, 1866.

General Order No. 36.

I. By direction of the President the military departments of Kentucky and Tennessee are hereby discontinued.

II. The States of Kentucky and Tennessee will constitute a new department, to be called the Department of the Cumberland, Major General George Stoneman, U. S. volunteers commanding, headquarters at Memphis, Tennessee. These States will each constitute a military district, the former under Brevet Major General Jeff C. Davis, U. S. volunteers, headquarters at Louisville, Ky. The latter, under Brevet Major General Clinton B. Fisk, United States volunteers, headquarters at Nashville, Tennessee. In addition to their duties as military commanders, Generals Davis and Fisk will perform the duties of Assistant Commissioners of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands in their respective States.

By order of the Secretary of War.
W. A. NICHOLS, A. A. G.

Clerk of the City Court.

As a number of candidates are offering for the office of City Court Clerk, we give below the vote for that office in 1862, as copied from the poll-books:

	Tomppert.	Horan.	Vaughan.
Tenth Ward—1st precinct	145	104	19
Tenth Ward—2d precinct	25	28	20
First Ward—1st precinct	81	167	35
First Ward—2d precinct	[illegible]	[illegible]	54
First Ward—3d precinct	226	14	73
Second Ward—1st precinct	[illegible]	[illegible]	58
Second Ward—2d precinct	50	43	75
Second Ward—3d precinct	61	53	61
Third Ward—1st precinct	61	51	57
Third Ward—2d precinct	[illegible]	61	61
Fourth Ward—1st precinct	50	28	83
Fourth Ward—2d precinct	73	13	119
Fifth Ward—1st precinct	80	62	148
Fifth Ward—2d precinct	53	5	74
Sixth Ward—1st precinct	54	266	41
Sixth Ward—2d precinct	75	73	65
Seventh Ward—1st precinct	50	137	85
Seventh Ward—2d precinct	34	54	59
Eighth Ward—1st precinct	61	175	44
Eighth Ward—2d precinct	29	65	44
Eighth Ward—3d precinct	76	128	88
Ninth Ward—1st precinct	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Portland	70	43	27
	1,992	1,716	1,416

Tomppert over Horan ... 276
Horan over Vaughan ... 300

*Flow factory precinct, poll-book not found. Horan had a large plurality.

For the Sunday Democrat.

At a meeting of the Louisville District of the National Telegraph Union Monday evening June 4th, it was unanimously adopted to appoint a committee to draft suitable resolutions expressing the deep regret of the telegraph brotherhood in the loss of their brother W. J. Scott, late of Russellville, Ky., who died suddenly, May 28th, 1866.

A. Ellison, presiding, appointed H. Warren, E. Marsh and J. H. Bard as a committee, whereupon the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, Our brother and friend W. J. Scott, of Russellville, has been snatched from us by an all wise Providence as I taken home to his long rest;

Resolved, That we feel the deepest sorrow at the circumstances, but know that "God doeth all things well," and it is with [illegible] wisdom, knows best when to [illegible].

Resolved, That in losing our brother we feel that we [illegible] and [illegible] we are to [illegible]; and know not when we, also, will be called to account.

Resolved, That we tender our deepest sympathy to his family, and that a copy of the above resolutions be sent to them, at Adairsville [illegible], also published in the National Telegrapher and the Louisville Democrat.

H. WARREN,
E. MARSH,
J. H. BARD,
Committee.

For the Sunday Democrat

A Card.

The managers of the Ladies' Fair and Festival, for the benefit of the Methodist Church in Portland, take this method of sincerely thanking Mr. Marms, the gentlemanly proprietor of the St. Charles Hotel, Portland, for the use of the large and commodious hall in which our fair was held, and for the many kindnesses shown us during the fair. We would, therefore, recommend the St. Charles Hotel as deserving of the public patronage.

MRS. M. A. EARICK,
MRS. ELIZA GREEN,
MISS L. LOCKE,
MISS KATE BETTISON,
MISS GERTRUDE FERGUSON,
MISS MATTIE BETTISON,
Managers.

JUNE 9, 1866.

MAGISTRATE'S COURT.—Commonwealth vs. Elizabeth Thompson, w. c., presented for stealing shoes, groceries, &c., from James Clark, was discharged there being not sufficient proof to hold her over. Commonwealth vs. Sarah Taylor, w. c., stealing $80 from Wm. Barrett, was held in $200 bail to answer, and committed to jail in default of giving the required bail.

☞ We have received another communication from "Nancy Neute" for our Sunday Democrat. The author omitted one page of her manuscript. If she will call at the office or address us where to send it she will oblige us. Completed, the manuscript will be acceptable to our columns.

INQUEST NO. 407.—Held June 9th, 1866, at house No. 129 Marshall, between Hancock and Clay streets, on the body of Roxana, aged three months, infant daughter of Caroline Lane (w. c.). Verdict—Came to her death at the above place, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock A. M., June 9th, by accidental smothering.
J. C. GILL, C. J. C.

A QUIET CITY.—There was not a single arrest recorded in the city up to a late hour last night. Is there another city in the Union of an equal number of inhabitants that can boast of such quietude? We think not.

☞ The Bowlinggreen Gazette, of the 9th inst., announces a change of editors Mr. H. H. Skiles, its former editor, retiring, and Thomas P. Barclay assuming control in future. Success to you all, gentlemen.

☞ Dandruff can be killed by the use of Barnett's Cocoaine; also irritation of the scalp.

☞ A man named Mangham died of eating too much opium, at Hawkinsville, on Tuesday. He had been on a spree since last October.

LOCAL NOTICES.

1866. 1866.

WM. HINES

(The most experienced undertaker) is a candidate for

CORONER.

je10 d2

Notice.

R. Gilchrist informs his friends and the public generally that he has opened an Auction House and Real Estate Broker and Employment Office at No. 89 Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, where he is prepared to receive and sell goods, wares, &c., at auction; also, attend to outdoor sales and buying, selling, renting or leasing real estate on private terms or at auction. By strict attention to business, the undersigned hopes to merit a full share of public patronage. Liberal advances made on consignments.
je10 dtf R. GILCHRIST,
Real Estate Broker and Auctioneer.

Bargains! Bargains!! Bargains!!! Important to Ladies and Merchants.

The undersigned, being about to quit their business, are offering their great and well selected stock of dry goods, usually kept in a first-class dry goods store, at greatly reduced prices. Any one wishing bargains will call soon, as the stock is to be closed out forthwith. We also offer our store for rent and fixtures for sale.
S. & A. ROSENBAUM,
No. 118 Market street, between Third and Fourth. je10 d6

☞ Two thousand new linen sheets, of the finest quality, for sale at $1 45 each. S. & A. Rosenbaum, No. 118 Market street, between Third and Fourth.
je10 d6t

NEW FIRM.—It will be seen by an advertisement in to-day's paper, that Messrs. J. E. Crumbaugh, L. L. Anderson & W. T. Hamilton, have formed a copartnership to conduct the dry goods business in the new and beautiful house on Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson. They are clever gentlemen, and keep one of the largest, finest and cheapest stocks of dry goods to be found in the city. Give them a call.

☞ White French China—a large stock—at Gay's China Palace, Fourth and Green streets.

RATS.—The best rat traps in the city can be had at Creighton's, 110 west side Third street. je10d2

☞ Rev. Dr. Waterston, of Boston, Mass., will preach at the Unitarian church, southeast corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, this morning, at 11 o'clock; in the evening at 8 o'clock. Rev. J. H. Heywood will deliver a lecture, on the Cathedrals of Europe, at the same place. The public are invited.

☞ Go to W. H. Andrews', on Market street, between Fourth and Fifth, and buy a fine pair of kid gloves for $1.

SPIRITUAL.—Prof. Pinkham, from California, will lecture on anthropology and spiritual philosophy, and their relation to future governments, on Sunday, at 10½ A. M., and at 2½ and 7½ P. M., at the Temperance Hall, on Market street, between Fourth and Fifth. Admission free, and collection taken.

☞ The elegant furniture of a private residence on First, between Gray and Broadway, will be sold on Monday morning by Mr. C. C. Spencer. The sale will be imperative, as the owner is declining housekeeping.

"MARKET STREET STILL ALIVE."—Our readers will find the above quotation at the head of the conspicuous advertisement of Mr. W. H. Andrews, the well-known Market-street drygoods merchant. He is determined to supply the ladies with everything they want in the dry-goods line at reduced prices. Call at his store to-morrow and examine his large and elegant stock.

CHAMPION COG-WHEEL CLOTHES WRINGER.—An examination of this splendid article is solicited at Rogers' House Furnishing Emporium, 77 east side Fourth street.

☞ American patent Ice Chests, Refrigerators, Filterers, Water Coolers, summer goods of all kinds, and a splendid assortment of housekeepers' goods in general, at Rogers' House Furnishing Emporium, 77 east side Fourth street, near Main.

☞ The great closing sale of building lots, in Merriwethers addition, comes off to-morrow evening at 2 o'clock. Parties wishing cheap lots to build upon, or seeking profitable investments, should avail themselves of this opportunity, as this will positively be the last chance they will have to buy any of this property at auction.

☞ 2,000 mosquito bars from 75 cents to $1 75 each, at Cheap John's Store, Nos. 374 and 376 Market street, 2d door from Tenth street. Sign of the red flag. je10 d3

☞ 2,000 huckaback towels, $3 50 per dozen, at Cheap John's Store. je10 d3

☞ Yellow buff window-blinds, 3½ yards long to 1½ wide, at from $1 to $1 25 each, at Cheap John's Store, 2d door from the corner of Tenth on Market. je10 d3

☞ Mr. S. Z. Martin, No. 102 Fourth street, advertises elsewhere that he has reduced the prices of dress and other goods. He has a large stock and a splendid one, which he is ready to sell at New York prices. Call there to-morrow and examine his stock.

COMMENCEMENT AT BELLEWOOD.—The annual examination of the college classes of this institution will commence on Tuesday at 1 o'clock P. M., and continue through Wednesday. The commencement exercises will be held in the chapel on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. A train will start from the city at 7½ o'clock, and return after the exercises are over.

☞ Silver-plated ice pitchers—a large stock—at Gay's China Palace, Fourth and Green streets.

NEW YORK STORE.—The attention of our readers is called to the conspicuous advertisement of Messrs. Barker & Co., of the New York Store, in to-day's paper. They are in receipt of a large stock of goods which they are selling at greatly reduced prices.

$175 FOR A FALL.—Some of our readers will remember we chronicled a "painful accident" on January 17th, by which our fellow-citizen, J. Moutz, Esq., was badly injured by a fall from his spring-wagon. The result was, he was confined to the house several weeks and disabled from attending to his business some months. He had fortunately invested $25 in a policy, in the Travelers' Insurance Co., on which he received compensation for nineteen weeks' disability. The sum noted at the head of this paragraph was yesterday paid him by the agent, Mr. Alfred Pirtle, at 199 Main street, making almost $1,000 that have been paid on such claims through this agency, on policies whose premiums were only $111.

☞ Great bargains in silks, at Andrews'.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.—It is an established fact that a very large class of disorders can only be cured by such remedies as enter into the blood, and circulate with it through every portion of the body; for by this means only can the remedy be brought into immediate contact with the disease. To obtain this desirable end, no preparation has ever been so uniformly successful as DR. JAYNE'S ALTERATIVE. Scrofula, king's evil, cancer and cancerous tumors, white swellings, enlargement of the bones, chronic rheumatism and gout, eruptive diseases of the skin, old and indolent ulcers, goitrous swellings of the throat, &c., are cured with a certainty that has astonished every beholder. It is, besides, one of the most pleasant articles that can be taken into the stomach; operating as a tonic, it removes dyspepsia and nervous affections, and imparts a glow of animation and health unequaled by anything in the whole Materia Medica. Sold by all druggists. je10 su wed sat

☞ Flower vases—a fine assortment—just received at Gay's China Palace, Fourth and Green streets.

☞ The Marshal of the Chancery Court will sell to-morrow morning at the court house door, some desirable building lots on Walnut and Madison streets, between Floyd and East streets.

☞ For life size portraits, photos on porcelain, card de visite, imperials and photographs, all sizes, or pictures of your babies, go to [illegible] Brown's, No. 120 Main, below Fourth street. je10 d1

Great Reduction.

Fine linen bosom shirts at $2 00; also, an excellent stock of English and German hosiery, gloves, fancy goods, &c., at A. A. Blanchard's, Main street, three doors above Third. je10 d6

☞ A full and desirable stock of hats, for summer, in both felt and straw, will be found at Green & Green's. Among them are Panama, Spanish straw, very fine English straw, Milan, Pedal, etc. Boys' straw hats and caps in good style and durable.

LADIES, LOOK AT THIS!—Carl Erdman, on Grayson street, between Eighth and Ninth streets, sells at present the best gaiters at $3 50, and other descriptions of shoes and gaiters cheaper than can be bought anywhere in the city. je7 d5*

A NICE DRIVE.—Messrs. Hall & Callaway, corner Fifth and Green streets, have a new and handsome open carriage, with a splendid pair of horses, which they will hire out to responsible parties. They will furnish a careful driver. Orders left at the stable will be promptly attended to. je2 tf

☞ A fish-fry will be given on Sandy Island, Sunday, June 10th. Candidates are respectfully invited to attend.
MARTIN WOODRUFF, Prop'r.
je8 d3

LOCAL NOTICES.

Unparalleled Success—Astonishing Cures—Unprecedented in the History of Medicine.

The new Indian mode of treatment, approved by the public and sanctioned by the medical faculty, as practiced by Dr. Chapman, the Indian Herb Doctor, who cures consumption, chronic and all nervous diseases, in from one to three months. Acute diseases and all diseases of a recent contraction cured in forty-eight hours. Shattered constitutions restored, and the effects of early dissipation entirely removed. His medicines reach the constitution itself, restoring the nervous system, equalizing the circulation and diffusing life and energy into the unhappy victims of debility and disease.

Read the following:

Mr. C. C. Carson, of Stanford, Ky., by consumption was reduced to a mere skeleton, brought to this condition by several severe attacks of bleeding from the lungs; he was pronounced hopeless by several physicians. Dr. Chapman, however, cured him in four months, he gaining in that time fifty pounds of flesh. Charles C. Stewart was reduced to a mere shadow by general debility and great prostration; he, however, under Dr. Chapman's treatment, was restored to health, and gained thirteen pounds of flesh in four weeks.

"I have been suffering from consumption, attended with a bad cough, spitting of blood, pain in the chest, general debility, loss of flesh, &c., for the past year. I continued to get worse until I applied to the Indian Herb Doctor. He cured me in two months, removing every symptom of the disease. CHAS. COATS,
"Late of Co. I, 30th Wisconsin U. S. Vols."

Mrs. B. Watson, Market street, says: "The Indian Herb Doctor has cured my daughter of sore eyes."

Mr. William C. Jameson, Pilot, says: "I am improving rapidly under the Indian Herb Doctor's treatment."

Mrs. B. Shelton, Jefferson street, says: "My little child was given up to die, but was restored by the Indian Herb Doctor."

Mrs. Burk, No. 200 Water street, says: "God bless the Indian Herb Doctor, who has restored my son, when he was reduced to a mere skeleton, and given up to die by the physicians."

Mr. John Jackworth, Madison, between Hancock and Jackson, says: "I have had running sores on my face for two years; the physicians could not heal them. Dr. Chapman cured me in ten days."

Mr. A. Johnson, Fourth street, had suffered from general debility, dyspepsy, loss of appetite and rheumatism; had tried a number of physicians, but could get no relief. The Indian Herb Doctor cured him in three weeks, he gaining sixteen pounds of flesh while under treatment.

Mr. H. F. C. Meyer, 182 Marshall street, expended eight hundred dollars trying to get cured of chronic inflammation of the stomach and bowels; was cured in six weeks by the Indian Herb Doctor.

The above comprise but a few of the many certificates in Dr. Chapman's possession. Dr. Chapman shows to his patients the effects of a judicious course of treatment, by lifting sixteen hundred pounds dead weight, and performing many other feats of strength, that are performed by no other physician in this country except Dr. Winship, of Boston.

Cases treated by mail, and medicines sent to all parts of the country. Address all letters to Dr. Chapman, No. 70 Fourth street, or call at the office. Office open all day. je7tf

☞ Decorated toilet sets—a fine variety; also a complete assortment of tin sets—just received at Gay's China Palace, Fourth and Green streets.

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS.

Superior to all others. New styles, just received, by Louis Tripp, sole agent, Harmony Hall. je6 tf

☞ Ten cases yard wide bleached cotton for 25 cents per yard, at W. H. Andrews', 140 Market street.

☞ If you want the best goods in the market at less than cost go to L. Shower & Co., merchant tailors, 63 Third street, Louisville, who are closing out on account of the bad health of Mr. Shower. Go soon, as they are determined to close out as soon as possible. *Gold and goods are advancing.* je7 2w

☞ Fresh arrival of Alexander's kid gloves for ladies and gentlemen; also misses' sizes. A large stock of Bon Ton collars and cuffs at Masonic Temple Furnishing store, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets. je3 tf

AT COST—MILLINERY AT COST.—My entire stock of millinery, in addition to which, I am receiving new goods daily by express from the East.
MRS. M. J. BRYANT,
No. 118 4th st., bet. Market and Jefferson.
je5 d12

SPECIAL CAUTION.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has become so popular that various parties have put out articles calling them Mrs. Winslow's. Please take notice that the Mrs. Winslow of the Soothing Syrup is not connected with any other article. je3 d3m

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!—If you want the cheapest and best Boots and Shoes in the city, go to the Boston Eagle Shoe Store, No. 106 Market street, between Third and Fourth streets, south side.
je2 1m JOHN NORRIS.

☞ Finkle & Lyon, shuttle lock-stitch family sewing-machines, warranted five years. Office north side Jefferson street, No. 79, second door above Third.
ap22 dtf M. B. SWAIN, Agent.

☞ If you want the best and cheapest Refrigerator, Ice-chest, or Beer-cooler, and wish to patronize home manufactures, go to the manufactory of Jones, Minott & Co., corner of Eighth and Green streets.
my13 dtf

IRON—PHOSPHORUS—CALISAYA.—*The three best known tonics*, skillfully and elegantly combined in an amber-colored cordial, beautifully transparent to the eye, pleasant to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, in Caswell, Mack & Co.'s *Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark.*

Each pint contains one ounce of Royal Calisaya Bark, and each teaspoon full contains one grain of iron. Samples furnished free to the profession.

Sold by all druggists.
CASWELL, MACK & Co.,
Sole manufacturers, New York City,
mr1 su,we,sa,cowtjel&weow 1y

WORTH KNOWING.—That a hat can be bought at Osborn's, 72 Main street, at from 75 cents to $2 less than at any other store. As I quit business the last of this month, my entire stock of hats, caps and men's furnishing goods will be closed out at cost. je9 tf

IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES.—Mrs. M. D. Gilchrist respectfully informs her customers and the ladies generally that she has removed to No. 89 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth, north side, where she will be pleased to exhibit the latest styles of bonnets and hats. Fancy goods kept constantly on hand.

☞ The Franklin Bank of Kentucky sells exchange on Montreal, London and Paris. de5tf

IN MEMORIAM

[illegible]

LINES

[illegible]

Whose [illegible] was ever pure,
Whose [illegible] as that of a child,
[illegible] always [illegible],
Whose rule was ever mild.

None knew him but to love,
None saw him but to bless,
His lent [illegible] ready
To assist those in distress.

But though we miss him [illegible]
His ever pleasant smile
'Tis wrong to [illegible] in Heaven above
We'll meet him after a while.

je10 1t*

DIED.

[illegible]

Parisian Millinery & Dressmaking,

166 Second st., bet. Green and Walnut.

TALENT AND GENIUS WILL SURPASS ALL, with our determination to show, we can triumph in our line of business. Mr. Grant, of New York, is ready to receive all orders, and will please the most fastidious. je6 6t

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SHIRTS!

HOME-MADE!!

PRICES REDUCED

To correspond with general decline.

FROM THIS DATE

MESSRS. GREEN & GREEN

Will reduce the prices of their Shirts from stock and to order. Their orders are not sent East to be filled, but all goods are made in the house. je7

SCOTT, DAVISON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF

FINE CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING GOODS,

Corner Sixth and Main sts.,

Louisville, Ky.

Manufactory 317 Broad st., Newark, N. J. no1

WILLIAM CROMEY,

WHOLESALE

PAPER DEALER

AND AGENT FOR THE SALE OF

GUNPOWDER,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Oriental & Miami Powder Co's,

No. 290 Main street,

Between Seventh and Eighth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

CASH PAID FOR RAGS.

ap23 2dp3m

WM. W. MORRIS & CO.

132 Main street,

THIRD HOUSE BELOW FOURTH.

Notions,

FURNISHING GOODS,

STATIONERY.

At Wholesale.

no30 s&dly

Special Notice!

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

Mrs. Winslow's Mystic Pills

Are prepared only for a legitimate purpose, and are the only safe and effective medicine for all those painful and dangerous disorders to which the Female constitution is subject.

They are the only Genuine Female Pills Extant.

No article of medicine intended for the exclusive use of Females, that has ever made its appearance, has met with such universal favor as **Mrs. Winslow's Mystic Pills.**

No disease is so little understood, and consequently so badly treated, as female diseases. These Pills are the result of much study and careful experience in the art of [illegible], and in all cases of irregularities, suppression, leucorrhea or whites, a speedy cure may be relied on.

By their INVIGORATING PROPERTIES, the appetite and digestion is improved, the hue of health is restored to the cheeks, weakness of the spine and limbs relieved, and all the indications of Nervous Debility removed. No maiden, wife or mother should be without the **Mystic Pills.**

Try them, and be convinced that they are the Lady's FRIEND.

Price $1 per box, or 3 boxes for $5. For sale by all druggists.

WILSON & PETER, Wholesale Ag'ts,
je8 Su&Th3m Louisville, Ky.

A CROWN OF GLORY.

EVERY MAN, Woman and Child who has used

STERLING'S AMBROSIA

Is willing to recommend it. Three years of rapidly increasing sale have made the Ambrosia famous all over the world.

IT IS WARRANTED TO PLEASE.

It cures Itching of the Head.
It makes New Hair grow on Bald Heads.
It prevents the Hair from Falling Out.
It renders the Hair Soft and Glossy.

Cleanses the Scalp; Cools the Heated Brow; Removes Dandruff; Cures Nervous Headache; Cures Baldness; Insures Luxuriant Locks; Inclines Hair to Curl; Supersedes Wigs, Kills Hair Eaters. Good effect apparent at once.

TO THE LADIES WE SAY,

The Ambrosia will suit you to a T. Elegantly put up. Delicately Perfumed. Patronized by Opera Singers and Actresses. Sold in splendid boxes or Cartons, containing two large bottles—No. 2 for morning, No. 1 for evening.

THERE IS NO MISTAKE ABOUT IT.

STERLING'S AMBROSIA is the best, most agreeable, and effective toilet in the world. To prove this, try a carton.

Sold by Druggists.

Sterling's Ambrosia Manufacturing Company.

215 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK.

ONE FLAG! ONE DESTINY!

This is the motto of our Government; and its champions,

GRANT AND SHERMAN,

Are writing it in words of fire on the

BATTLE CLOUD.

In the meantime, throughout the whole land,

Cristadoro's Hair Dye

Is winning its silent victories, changing rebellious reds, grays and yellows into rich blacks and browns, and investing in a moment unsightliness into beauty.

One Hair Dye

Only will eventually be recognized in the world of fashion via that manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair-dressers.

DENTAL NOTICE.

PRICES REDUCED. STONE & STANTON, Long Established, Well Known and Reliable Practical Dentists and Manufacturers of the new and beautiful life like Artificial Teeth, without seams or crevasses, on pure Coralite, surpassing in beauty and comfort, strength and durability everything in the art of Dentistry, and at one fourth the former price of gold. Also superior Vulcanized Rubber Sets from $[illegible] to $[illegible]. Fine Gold and silver Sets proportionately low. Teeth and Roots extracted by the new, harmless and painless process, [illegible] all the [illegible] of the profession executed in the highest style of the art. A visit solicited, and specimens shown. Office, No. [illegible] Fifth street, opposite Cathedral.

Boys' Clothing.

NEW STOCK NOW OPEN AT
J. M. ARMSTRONG'S,
je1 1mst On Main, opposite National.

Osnaburgs.

25 BALES OSNABURGS IN STORE AND for sale by
je8 tf GUTHRIE & CO.

FURNITURE STORE

SMITH & M'LELLEY,

149 Main st., between Eleventh and Twelfth,

HAVE OPENED A LARGE STOCK OF NEW and Second hand

FURNITURE,

Which we will sell lower than any other house in the city. Those wishing anything in our line will do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell cheap for cash. We are paying the highest prices for second hand Furniture, and exchanged for old.

N. B. Repairing, Varnishing and Upholstering done in the best manner at low prices. my24 1m

Fenians, Attention!

THE MILITARY COMPANIES OF THE F. B. will assemble for drill on their respective nights, at the armory on Court Place. All able-bodied men desirous of engaging in the coming struggle for Irish Independence are requested to attend. JAMES McDERMOTT, ap12 Ass't Insp. Gen. F. B., State of Kentucky.

NEW ADVERTISEM'TS

☞ For other New Advertisements see classified headings elsewhere. ☜

MARKET STREET

STILL ALIVE!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WILLIAM H. ANDREWS

140 Market St.,

WILL OFFER FOR SALE

Monday Morning, June 11th,

His entire and elegant stock of

EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN

DRY GOODS

At New York WHOLESALE PRICES, and continue the sale for one week.

Silks & Dress Goods

In all their varieties.

Shawls, Hosiery, Gloves, Fancy Goods, &c.

OUR CLOTH DEPARTMENT

Is full and complete.

A large line of

IRISH AND TABLE LINENS

At great bargains.

GREAT REDUCTION IN

Prints, Bleached & Brown Cottons.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

je10 2t

Copartnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership, to conduct a dry goods business, at No. 110 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky., under the style and firm of Crumbaugh, Anderson & Hamilton.

J. E. CRUMBAUGH,
L. L. ANDERSON,
W. T. HAMILTON.

Louisville, June 8, 1866. je10 tf

New Firm

CRUMBAUGH, ANDERSON & HAMILTON,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS

HAVE TAKEN THE SPACIOUS HOUSE RECENTLY fitted up expressly for the dry goods business by L. L. Anderson,

No. 110 Fourth Street,

And will continue to offer great inducements to all who may favor them with their patronage. The services of W. J. Anderson and Linton Snapp are engaged, and others who have heretofore been in the house.

THE STOCK

Comprises in part

SILKS!

Bright Organdies, Grenadines,
French Figured Jaconets,
Plain Colored Jaconets, Crape Moretz,
Tarnartines, Lenos, Poplins,
Lustres, &c. White Berage,
White Merino and Delaines,
Mourning Goods,
Cassimeres and Boys Wear,
Linens, Cottons,
Mosquito Netting and Bars, Parasols,
Zephyr Shawls, White Goods,
Hosiery, Kid Gloves.

Also, every other variety usually found in a first class Dry Goods house. je10 Su,Tu&Th

Black Lace Points

AND

Circulars.

WHITE LACE GOODS,
Cluny Laces and Insertings,
Valenciennes Laces and Insertings,
Point Applique Laces,
Point Applique Parasol covers;
Pointe and Showere [illegible];
French Corsets and Fans;
[illegible] White French Organdies,
Just received and for sale by
je10 3t THORNTON & ROGERS.

Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, &c.

LEUCOPHANE

IS THE REMEDY USED IN PARIS. FOR sale by THOS. E. JENKINS & CO., Pharmaceutists, je11 3t Corner Third and Walnut streets

"Let us Cross Over the River, And Rest Beneath the Trees."

Stonewall Jackson's

LAST WORDS.

Song and Chorus, Just Published.

WITH A HANDSOME TITLE PAGE. PRICE Forty Cents; sent by mail post paid on receipt of the price.

Also Now Ready.

Third Thousand of the "Requiem in Memory of the Confederate Dead," splendidly illustrated title page; price seventy-five cents.

Two thousand copies of this magnificent instrumental composition have been sold in a few weeks, a fact unprecedented in western publishing, and orders coming in not only from all parts of the South but also from the North. Address
McCARRELL & MEININGER, Publishers
91 west Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

Sole Agents for the Schomacker Piano, the Allen & Jewett Piano, E. & G. G. Hook's celebrated Church Organs and Taylor & Farley's Reed Organs. Send for a circular. je10 3t

MRS. JAS. R. DAY, W. D. SNODGRASS, W. BROADRICK

MRS. JAMES R. DAY & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURNITURE,

Of Every Description,

No. 69 Third Street.

East side, bet. Main and Market,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

je9 3m

NEW ADVERTISEM'TS

NEW YORK STORE,

109 and 111 Fourth street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE ARE DAILY RECEIVING DIRECT from New York per express, large lots of new and desirable

DRESS GOODS

Bought at late auction sales, which we will offer at reduced prices.

50 pieces Dress Goods at 30 cents, worth 40 cents;

50 pieces Dress Goods at 35 cents, worth 50 cents;

50 pieces Dress Goods at 40 cents, worth 60 cents;

50 pieces Mourning Lawns at 25c, half price.

We are daily making large additions to our SILKS, LINEN, WHITE GOODS, GLOVES, and HOSIERY STOCKS, LAWNS, GRENADINES, ORGANDIES, BEREGES, POPLINS, LINEN LAWNS AND JACONETS, very cheap.

GRENADINE, LAMA WOOL, PUSHER LACE AND CHANTILLA LACE MANTELS AND SHAWLS at LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION.

☞ These goods [illegible] and will be sold.

S. BARKER & CO.,

je10 d3 Nos. 109 & 111 Fourth street.

S. Z. MARTIN,

102 Fourth street.

REDUCTION IN

DRESS GOODS.

WE WILL SELL FROM THIS DATE AT

AT NEW YORK COST.

The balance of our stock of

FANCY DRESS SILKS,

And at a reduction of

20 Per Cent.,

Our entire stock of

FANCY DRESS GOODS

Embracing one of the best assortments in the city.
je10 3t S. Z. MARTIN, 102 Fourth street.

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, CANCER, GOITRE ULCERS, SKIN DISEASES, &c., &c., &c.

JAYNE'S ALTERATIVE

Still Maintains its Superiority.

THE UNPARALLELED SUCCESS WHICH, for twenty-five years, has attended the use of JAYNE'S ALTERATIVE enables the proprietors to recommend it to the afflicted with entire confidence, believing that it will effectually eradicate from the human system the diseases for whose cure it is designed, more promptly and thoroughly than any other remedy of this class. It has been found particularly beneficial in

CANCER AND CANCEROUS AFFECTIONS of all kinds, curing a majority of the cases in which it has been used, and oftentimes after the failure of other remedies.

GOITRE OR SWELLED NECK.—In innumerable cases of this disease, in which Jayne's Alterative has been perseveringly used, it has never been known to fail. All have been cured who have continued its use according to directions.

DROPSY AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.—Many physicians who have used the Alterative in diseases of this nature, consider it a specific, so great has been its success. It acts by increasing the powers of digestion, exciting the absorbents to heal by exertion, whereby the watery or calcareous depositions and all unnatural enlargements are reduced.

EPILEPSY, FITS, CONVULSIONS, are usually considered incurable, and yet experience has proved that the Alterative, in conjunction with the Sanative Pills, will cure a majority of cases. It should be tried, therefore, by all who are subject to these terrible afflictions.

SCROFULA.—In all the forms of this disease, whether in that of Ulcerations of the Flesh or Bones, Enlargement of the Joints, Glands, Swellings, Eruptions, Tumors, &c., the Alterative has been pre-eminently found successful. It enters into and circulates with the blood, thus destroying the virus or poisonous principle from which these diseases originate.

SKIN DISEASES of all kinds, Scald Head, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Boils, Pimples, Blotches, Roughness of the Skin, &c., are readily cured by the Alterative.

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA.—In chronic cases, this Alterative, if perseveringly used, is generally successful. In Acute Rheumatism, Jayne's Liniment should be applied in connection, according to directions.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—In many affections peculiar to females, especially when arriving at maturity, or at the change of life, the Alterative is unsurpassed by any other remedy. In Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity and Leucorrhea, the best results have always followed its administration.

COMPLICATED AND MIXED DISEASES, NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, DISEASES OF THE HEART, LIVER COMPLAINT, Constitutional Diseases and diseases originating from a depraved or impure state of the Blood, are all cured by Jayne's Alterative; and where it is a fault in many medicines that when they are removing the disease they are also prostrating the patient beyond recovery, the Alterative has no such drawbacks. While neutralizing the virus of disease at its very source, it sustains the strength of the sufferer. The union of [illegible], TONIC, [illegible] properties in this medicine, and the fact that all these influences are blended harmoniously in its operation, distinguish it from all other similar preparations. Let the afflicted give it a trial.

All of DR. D. JAYNE & SON'S Family Medicines are sold in Louisville by our Agents, Messrs. R. A. ROBINSON & CO., and by Druggists generally.

STANDARD HOUSEHOLD REMEDIES

DR. D. JAYNE'S FAMILY MEDICINES

Are prepared with great care expressly for family use, and are so admirably calculated to preserve health and remove disease, that no family should be without them. They consist of

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, for Coughs, Consumption, Asthma, and all Pulmonary and Bronchial Affections.

JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE, for Worms, Dyspepsia, Piles, General Debility, &c.

JAYNE'S CARMINATIVE BALSAM, for Bowel and Summer Complaints, Colics, Cramps, Cholera, &c., &c.

JAYNE'S ALTERATIVE, for Scrofula, Goitre, Cancers, Diseases of the Skin and Bones, &c.

JAYNE'S AGUE MIXTURE, for the Cure of Fever and Ague.

JAYNE'S LINIMENT, OR COUNTER IRRITANT, for Bruises, Rheumatism, &c.

JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS, a valuable Purgative and a certain cure for all Bilious Affections, Liver Complaints, Sick Headache, &c.

JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC, for the Preservation, Beauty, Growth and Restoration of the Hair.

JAYNE'S SPECIFIC FOR THE TAPE WORM.

In settlements and localities where the attendance of a Physician cannot be readily obtained, Families will find these Remedies of great service. The directions which accompany them are in plain, perspicuous language, easily understood by all, and in addition, Jayne's Medical Almanac and Guide to Health, to be had gratis of all Agents, contains, besides a reliable calendar, a catalogue of DISEASES, their SYMPTOMS and the REMEDIES—how they should be treated, together with advice as to the proper remedies to be used.

All of Dr. D. JAYNE & SON'S Family Medicines are sold in Louisville by Messrs. R. A. Robinson & Co. and by Edward Wilder.

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

A SAFE AND CERTAIN REMEDY

FOR

Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption, Pleurisy, Croup, Hoarseness,

AND ALL

PULMONARY COMPLAINTS.

☞ Sold everywhere. je1 su,We&Sat

R. KEAN, PHIL. JUDGE, R. O'BANNON, E. C. BOHNE.

LOUISVILLE HOTEL

Main st., bet. Sixth & Seventh,

M. KEAN & CO., Propr's.

THIS HOUSE, HAVING BEEN UNDERGOING thorough repair, and being entirely refurnished, is now in complete order for the reception of guests. my8 [illegible]

A. L. SYMMES,

(Successor to Wm. Ratel)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic

LIQUORS AND WINES,

OLD BOURBON WHISKY, &c.,

No. 20 Fourth st., bet. Main and River,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

☞ Whisky stored and bought and sold on commission. my19 tf

MRS. LIVINGSTON, of New York

WILL TEACH THE PIANO AT ONE DOLLAR per lesson; Guitar 50 cents. Will also teach a few day scholars, and receive a few as boarders, at 166 Second st., bet. Green and Walnut. je6 6t

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theater.

[illegible] Lessee and Stage Manager
[illegible] Treasurer

☞ Last week of Miss Leo Hudson.

ON MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 11, Revival of the grand pageant of the THE CATARACT OF THE GANGES, or the Rajah's Daughter. Miss Leo Hudson, introducing her wonderful steed Sensation. New and beautiful scenery—new and grand effects, and a terrific cataract of real water dashing from the extreme height of the Theater.

☞ Grand Matinee Saturday afternoon.

☞ Doors open at [illegible] o'clock. Curtain rises at 7¾.

Pewee Festival.

THE LADIES

OF

CHRIST'S CHURCH AID SOCIETY,

Assisted by the

LADIES OF PEWEE,

WILL GIVE A FESTIVAL IN PEWEE VALLEY, for the benefit of ST. JAMES PARISH, on

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1866.

A special train has been engaged to leave the Depot at 9 o'clock A. M. Tickets for the round trip, and admittance to the grounds [illegible]. Children under [illegible] years half price.

A splendid Band of Music has been engaged for the occasion. Tickets may be had at the Music stores of D. P. Faulds and Louis Tripp.

Donations of money and refreshments are respectfully solicited, which may be delivered at Mr. [illegible] care of Mrs. Nash, on or before 4 P. M. of the 12th inst.

The managers propose to make this Excursion and Festival in every way delightful, and as they have in view the establishment of a new Church edifice, they solicit and expect a liberal patronage.

STEAMBOATS.

For Owensboro, Evansville and Henderson.
TARASCON ... Lusk, Master.
Leaves as above Monday, 11th inst., at [illegible] P. M. from Portland wharf.
je9 ERWIN & DONAHUE, Agents.

For Tennessee River
BERMUDA ... Hurry, Master.
Leaves as above Monday, 11th inst., at [illegible] P. M. from city wharf.
je9 ERWIN & DONAHUE, Agents.

For Paducah, Cairo, and Memphis.
LIBERTY No. [illegible] ... Archer, Master.
Leaves as above Wednesday, 13th inst., at 5 P. M.
R. J. CAFFREY, Agent.

For Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.
NICK LONGWORTH ... Irwin, Master.
Leaves as above Tuesday, 12th inst., at [illegible] P. M.
je9 R. J. CAFFREY, Agent.

For Cannelton, Troy, Owensboro and Evansville.
MARY AMENT ... Capt. A. Liter.
Leaves as above Monday, 11th inst., at [illegible] P. M., from Portland.
R. J. CAFFREY, Agent, Wall st.

For Paducah, Cairo and Memphis.
LIBERTY No. 2 ... Sam. Archer, Master.
Leaves as above on Wednesday, 13th inst., at [illegible] P. M., from Portland.
je9 MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For Evansville and Henderson.
TARASCON ... Lusk, Master.
Leaves as above Monday, 11th inst., at [illegible] P. M. from Portland.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For Paducah, Cairo and St. Louis.
NASHVILLE ... James, Master.
Leaves as above This Day, 10th inst., at [illegible] P. M. from city wharf.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.
LOUISIANA ... Holcroft, Master.
Leaves as above Tuesday, 12th inst., at 5 P. M. from Portland wharf.
je9 MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For Cairo and St. Louis.
NASHVILLE ... James, Master.
Leaves as above Sunday, 10th inst., at 12 M.
R. J. CAFFREY, Agent.

For Memphis and New Orleans.
NICK LONGWORTH ... A. R. Irwin, Master.
Leaves as above Tuesday, 12th inst., at 5 P. M. from Portland.
je9 ERWIN & DONAHUE, Agents.

For Paducah, Cairo and Memphis.
LIBERTY No. 2 ... Sam. Archer, Master.
Leaves as above on Wednesday, 13th inst., at 5 P. M. from Portland.
je9 ERWIN & DONAHUE, Agents.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

"PEOPLE'S LINE,"

DAILY FOR CINCINNATI

Connecting at Cincinnati with the early Trains.

The new and magnificent passenger steamers

WILD WAGONER...HUGH CAMPBELL, Master.
ST. CHARLES ... WATTS, Master.

One of the above steamers will leave as above daily at [illegible] P. M., from the U. S. Mail Line and Mississippi Transportation Company's Wharfboat, at foot of Fourth street, connecting at Cincinnati with the 6:30 A. M. train for all Northern and Eastern cities.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to my8 dtf JIM. FORBES, General Agent.

R. M. BISHOP & CO.,

Wholesale

GROCERS,

36 MAIN STREET,

CINCINNATI,

HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND ONE OF the most extensive stocks of

GROCERIES

To be found in the city. Purchasers are invited to call and examine the stock of this old and long established firm. mr10 6m

Just Received.

50 bbls Blue Lick Water.

ALSO KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A large assortment of

STOCK ALE,

In Barrels and Half Barrels, at the

St. Charles Restaurant.

C. C. RUFER & Co., Propr's.

je6 tf

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Shirts, Hosiery, Underwear, &c.

NEW STOCK NOW OPEN AT
J. M. ARMSTRONG'S,
je7 1mst On Main, opposite National.

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF

Hartford, Connecticut.

ASSETS over	$10,000,000
Number of Policy-holders over	30,000
New Policies issued during the year over	10,000
Receipts for the year over	$4,000,000
Dividends paid during the present fiscal year	50 per ct.
Total Dividends paid, over	$1,[illegible]
Total Losses paid, over	$1,[illegible]

☞ Why the Connecticut Mutual should be preferred. Because it is the LARGEST, SAFEST, CHEAPEST, BEST. It has been demonstrated to be the GREAT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of this country.

I. It has the largest number of members.
II. It has the largest amount insured.
III. It has the largest surplus.
IV. It has the [illegible] surplus.
V. It has the largest business.
VI. It has the largest income.
VII. It has had through its whole history the lowest average expenses.
VIII. It obtains the highest average rates of interest on its investments.
IX. It therefore furnishes insurance at less cost than any other company.

All policies issued by this Company are either non-forfeitable by their terms, or may be converted into those which are so, at the option of the insured. No notes or [illegible] ratings; extra risks accepted; and only upon ages between 14 and 60.

JAMES GOODWIN, President.
Z. PRESTON, Vice President.
[illegible], Secretary.
W. S. OLMSTED, Cashier.
L. S. WILCOX, Physician.

FEBRUARY 1, 1866.

LOUISVILLE, December 9, 1865.

MESSRS. RYAN & CARPENTER.

Gentlemen: I have the pleasure of acknowledging the receipt of five thousand dollars from the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, through yourselves as agents for Kentucky, being the amount of a policy for five thousand dollars on the life of my late husband, with your company, and are an dividends of [illegible]. He was insured in the Chicago agency at [illegible], and lived only to make one payment. Please accept my warmest thanks for your prompt attention to my claim. Yours, respectfully,
MRS. MARY E. TAYLOR.

GERMANTOWN, Pa., March 28, 1866.

MESSRS. RYAN & CARPENTER.

Gentlemen: It affords me pleasure to certify to the prompt payment by the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, of which you are the agents at Louisville, Ky., of ten thousand dollars (the amount of a policy which my late husband held on his life with you, and also a return dividend of [illegible]). He was insured in your company, December, 1864, and died the following summer. Please accept my thanks for your prompt attention to the same. I most cheerfully recommend the company.
Most respectfully,
MARGARET E. STEVENS.

LOUISVILLE, KY., March 21, 1866.

MESSRS. RYAN & CARPENTER.

Gentlemen: My aunt, Mrs. Sarah Schofield, desires me to return her thanks to you and also [illegible] the officers and directors of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford for the prompt payment of ten thousand dollars, insured upon the life of her son, Geo. R. Schofield, by your company. He lived only to make one payment. Yours, respectfully,
WM. C. WHITTINGHAM.

Applications for Insurance received, Agents appointed and solicitations attended to by

RYAN & CARPENTER,
Agents for Kentucky,
No. 1 Hamilton Bank building,
je1 st [illegible] Main st., Louisville, Ky.

U. S. HOTEL SALOON,

Corner Fourth and Jefferson streets.

WILLIAM LUCAS, HAVING CHARGE OF the elegant saloon, keeps constantly on hand choice liquors and the finest brands of Chewing Tobacco and Cigars. Polite attention to all his friends and customers. je1 1m

R. A. CARBON. W. C. BETTIS.

CARBON & BETTIS,

PROPRIETORS OF

CITY STABLES,

No. 71 Second street, bet. Main and Market,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

STRICT PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO the purchase and sale of Stock on commission. Good Mule Pens attached to the Stables. my26 1m

Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN APPOINTED administrator of Geo. F. Hartman, deceased, requests all persons having claims against deceased to present them properly authenticated for payment; also all persons indebted to come forward and make payment.
JACOB HARTMAN, Adm'r
je1 1m of Geo. F. Hartman, deceased.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED.

THOSE AFFLICTED WITH RECENT OR chronic cases of a private character, such as Gonorrhea, Gleet and Strictures, and who desire a speedy cure of Primary or Secondary Syphilis, may apply at once. Long experience in this line of practice, which I have made a specialty enables me at once to enter upon a successful treatment and to guarantee a permanent cure. I do not deem it necessary to enter into any elaborate advertisement showing the necessity of prompt measures in arresting the ravages of this class of diseases. For twenty-five years I have been accustomed to treat all cases and with invariable success. Those afflicted can at once find relief.

Office—No. 106 High street, between Nineteenth and Twentieth, Louisville, Ky.
je1 ly DR. T. J. GORDON.

200 BAGS COTTON YARNS—500, 600 and 700; 50 bbls Superfine and Extra Family Flour; in store and for sale by
PORTER, FAIRFAX & CO.,
ap10 tf 89 Main street.

FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—STORE AND FIXTURES [illegible] COLEMAN & CO., Wholesale [illegible] House, on Main street. [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible] A bargain [illegible] Apply to CLARKE BRADLEY, [illegible] Main, bet. Fifth and Sixth [illegible]

FOR SALE—DWELLING HOUSE on First street, between Green and Walnut; [illegible] rooms, servants' rooms, stable, coal house, &c. [illegible] Apply to W. [illegible] WHITE or J. B. WHITMAN.

FOR SALE—CARRIAGE—One handsome Carriage or Coach, for two horses, with [illegible] Harness complete. They were manufactured in Louisville, and are now in good condition. The carriage will answer well for a back or [illegible] will be sold at a great bargain, as the owner is now [illegible]. Apply to D. P. COWAN, No. [illegible] street, bet. Main and Water. [illegible]

FOR SALE—My family residence, situated on [illegible] street, [illegible] between [illegible] street. A bargain [illegible]. Any one wishing a [illegible] residence [illegible] with a lot [illegible] feet front by 165 feet deep to an alley [illegible] the house contains [illegible] rooms and all necessary [illegible] the grounds are [illegible] trees, grapes, &c. [illegible] can [illegible] be examined any time [illegible]. For further particulars call at my office, No. [illegible] Fifth street, between Main and Market, or inquire of my brothers, Henry or J. L. Tappen. JOSEPH TAPPEN.

FOR SALE—THE PATENT RIGHT of the best Cultivator in the country. Can be seen at our office. S. P. WHALEY & CO.

FOR SALE—LOTS—[illegible] feet [illegible] deep to an alley on the east side of Fourth street, [illegible] Broadway, one of the most desirable [illegible] for [illegible] and we will [illegible] For particulars call on MOORE & KREMAFER & CO.

FOR SALE—LOTS [illegible] on the [illegible] Main and Preston [illegible] by East Preston, bet. Main and Market. HENNING & SPEED, [illegible] Jefferson street.

FOR SALE—COTTAGES—Three new and elegant frame Cottages, on [illegible] near Portland Railroad, each containing three rooms and a kitchen. Apply at HOWAN, BUCHANAN [illegible] No. 1 Bank Building, corner of [illegible] and Main.

FOR SALE—LUMBER—I have on hand a large lot of good second-hand lumber, [illegible] feet, consisting of perfect flooring, [illegible] scantling, planks, window frames and sash, all in good order. Inquire of B. A. SHRADER corner Main and Brook sts, at my building. my27 tf

FOR SALE—COTTAGE IN PORTLAND—A [illegible] and [illegible] the present residence of John P. Hart or [illegible] Apply to J. B. ARCHER, [illegible] street, between Main and the river.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS—The [illegible] of purchasers is directed to the [illegible] property, embracing some of the choicest building lots in the city of Louisville, [illegible] Also [illegible] acres of land fronting on south side of [illegible] For particulars [illegible] JAMES [illegible] R. Trustee, S. E. cor. Main and [illegible] up stairs.

FOR SALE—THE LOUISVILLE ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS—Located in the most [illegible] part of the city, No. 61 [illegible] street, opposite the Postoffice. On account of not having the [illegible] capital to carry on the business, I will offer to the public the above works, consisting of [illegible] other machinery, [illegible] and patterns of [illegible] description, with stock, lease, orders, and every [illegible] that belongs to [illegible]. The above I offer reasonable, and any [illegible] can see the works in operation by calling at the above place and can also see a list or invoice. If the above is not sold by the 20th day of June next, will be sold on that day at auction [illegible] claims against [illegible] the works [illegible] I. O. T. W. [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible] A [illegible] feet front by [illegible] ROBT. W. HAYS, [illegible]

FOR SALE—HOUSE—[illegible] large frame house [illegible] papered and painted, [illegible] There [illegible] on Main street.

FOR SALE—Lot—A fine lot, high and dry, on the [illegible] and Twenty-first [illegible] Apply to WM. [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible] Address Drawer No. [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible] A No. 1 [illegible] Address J., Box [illegible]

FOR SALE—STONE—We have at our yards, on Broadway near Jackson a large lot of No. 1 large FLAGGING STONE, and all other kinds of Stone which we will sell UNDER the MARKET RATES preparatory to our removal. Those who want No. 1 Stone will do well to give us an early call. COLEMAN & CO.

FOR SALE—HOUSE [illegible] TO [illegible] I have a number of [illegible] horses, [illegible] which I would be pleased to show to [illegible] L. L. DORSEY, Jr., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED.

WANTED—BOARDING—A family of [illegible] a private [illegible] References exchanged. Address [illegible]

WANTED—[illegible] by a [illegible] and [illegible] Address [illegible]

WANTED—INFORMATION OF THOMAS [illegible] brother, JOHN CONRY, No. [illegible] Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—SITUATION—By a middle-aged woman [illegible] to go to the country or travel with a family. Good recommendations [illegible] street, between Main and the river.

WANTED—SITUATION—As a cook [illegible] Apply at the City Hospital.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING [illegible] Second street, between Green and Walnut. [illegible]

WANTED—[illegible] No. 44 south-west corner of Second and Green streets.

WANTED—ROOM—A gentleman [illegible] a quiet, respectable private family [illegible] Apply [illegible] J. F. M. [illegible] and Jefferson.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—I desire to exchange a farm [illegible] dwelling [illegible] for a [illegible] C. [illegible] No. 84 West Jefferson street. Louisville, Ky. my16 tf

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—[illegible] will pay [illegible] per day to [illegible] HENRY N. WEBB & CO.

WANTED—AGENTS—$200 per month [illegible] Sewing Machines [illegible] Address [illegible] SEWING MACHINE [illegible]

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—[illegible] a per day [illegible] SOUTHWICK & CO., Real Estate and [illegible] No. [illegible] Jefferson street. my20

WANTED—AGENTS—For the 14th and Concluding [illegible] GENERAL JACKSON, by Prof. R. L. Dabney, D. D., of [illegible] (The only authentic [illegible] Lee. We want an Agent in [illegible] NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO. [illegible]

WANTED—AGENTS—[illegible] Business [illegible] Address [illegible] stamp, G. W. JACKSON & CO., [illegible] Baltimore, Md.

WANTED—AGENTS—Male and Female [illegible] any one [illegible] Address R. WAYWELL, [illegible] Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—$75 TO $150 PER MONTH—Agents [illegible] Improved [illegible] Family Sewing Machine [illegible]

WANTED—AGENTS—[illegible] for any one [illegible] Address E. W. [illegible] & CO., [illegible] New York.

$1500 PER YEAR PAID TO AGENTS [illegible] Sewing Machines. Address SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine, or at Chicago, Ill.

$150 PER MONTH! I WANT AGENTS [illegible] an entirely new business. Address H. B. SHAW, Alfred, Maine. my1 d&wly

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A small family can be accommodated with a pleasant front room [illegible] References exchanged. Inquire at No. [illegible] Walnut street, bet. Third and Second.

BOARDING—Two [illegible] rooms, with good board can be had at a short distance from the city on a good [illegible] Address box 4[illegible], Louisville, Ky.

BOARDING WANTED—For a single gentleman [illegible] in a private family or where there are but few boarders. Best of references given. Address, stating location, &c. G. E. D., Box 4[illegible], Democrat office.

BOARDING—Five or six gentlemen can be accommodated with board, [illegible] several day boarders. Inquire at the corner Seventh and W[illegible]

BOARDING—[illegible] had in a private family [illegible] Madison street, bet. Eighth and Ninth, No. 29, south side.

BOARDING—Three or four single gentlemen can be accommodated with board; also several day boarders, on Third street, between Chestnut and Broadway [illegible]

BOARDING—Two or three gentlemen and their wives; also three or four single gentlemen can be accommodated with handsomely furnished rooms and board at No. 2[illegible] Fourth street, between Chestnut and Broadway. None but permanent boarders desired. References given and required.

BOARDING—A gentleman and lady and several single gentlemen can be accommodated with furnished rooms and boarding in a private family, at No. [illegible] Fifth, between Green and Jefferson.

North Carolina Tar.

100 BBLS NORTH CAROLINA TAR JUST received and for sale by DOW & BURKHARDT, 184 Market st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.

FOR SALE--COUNTRY

FOR SALE—[illegible] acres of [illegible] near [illegible] [illegible]

FOR SALE—FARM—[illegible] acres of good farming land [illegible] improved [illegible] dwelling [illegible] two good tenant houses, [illegible] The farm is [illegible] in Warren county. My address is Oakland Station, Warren county, Ky. T. B. GOSSOM.

FOR SALE—FARM of [illegible] acres, in Jefferson county [illegible] near the Cane Run plank road, which I will sell at reasonable figures. For particulars inquire on the premises [illegible] or of MR. KRAMER [illegible] J. P. M. WHITE.

FOR SALE—FARM—A Farm of eighty acres in Scott county, [illegible] from Versailles [illegible] For particulars [illegible] J. CRITTENDEN [illegible] street, between Market and Jefferson, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—FARM—The farm known as [illegible] land, [illegible] KENNEDY [illegible] Louisville.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT—One of the handsomest Country Residences in the vicinity and near Louisville, is offered for sale at a low figure. Address H., Box 1[illegible], Democrat office, for particulars.

FOR SALE—FARM—[illegible] acres [illegible] good dwelling house and [illegible] orchard [illegible] G. T. BERGMANN, [illegible] Jefferson st., bet. First and Fifth.

FOR SALE—SHELBY COUNTY FARM—I offer for sale my farm, lying two miles from [illegible] and [illegible] from Shelbyville. Said farm contains [illegible] acres [illegible] Terms liberal. For particulars inquire of E. H. Taylor, Louisville, Ky. SAMUEL TAYLOR.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ROOM—A [illegible] in a good neighborhood, with or without board. Address P. O. Box [illegible]

FOR RENT—LIVERY STABLE—On Green st., [illegible] street.

FOR LEASE—GROUND—[illegible] on Jefferson street above Preston [illegible] on Franklin street, above Campbell street. Apply to W. [illegible] Corner [illegible] and Main streets.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—Two rooms and kitchen, [illegible] SHAFFER & CO., Third street.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A house [illegible] The house has three [illegible] For particulars apply on premises.

FOR RENT—Three [illegible] No. [illegible] Market street, above Wenzel.

FOR RENT—HOUSE [illegible] W. P. [illegible] Apply to OSBORNE & [illegible] Real Estate Agents, on Jefferson street, or [illegible] on the premises after 4 o'clock P. M.

FOR RENT—STOREHOUSE—A [illegible] on Main street, near [illegible] For terms address Box [illegible]

FOR RENT—ROOMS—Elegant furnished rooms at No. [illegible] Fifth street, bet. Chestnut and Gray.

FOR RENT—HOUSE—The very large [illegible] Apply to J. A. B., northeast corner Market and [illegible] streets.

STRAYED & STOLEN.

STRAYED—[illegible] reward [illegible] JOHN M. [illegible] Main street, between Second and Third.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BREASTPIN—A large gold Breast Pin [illegible] was lost on Thursday evening [illegible] A reward will be given [illegible] W. M. KENDRICK, Third street.

SOCIETIES.

MASONIC NOTICE—KING SOLOMON'S R. A. CHAPTER, No. 5, will hold a called communication on Monday evening, June 11, at 8 o'clock. By order of H. P. R. O. COWLING, Sec'y.

ATTENTION, SIR KNIGHTS—[illegible] Commandery [illegible] MONDAY [illegible] A punctual attendance [illegible] W. M. [illegible] Recorder.

PUBLIC SALES.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

Davis [illegible] against John [illegible] } In Chancery No. [illegible]

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on MONDAY, JUNE 11, 1866, about the hour of [illegible] A. M., sell at public auction [illegible] A LOT OF GROUND [illegible]

THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C. N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

A. P. Todd [illegible] against [illegible] } In Chancery No. [illegible]

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1866, about the hour of [illegible] A. M., sell at public auction [illegible]

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid. THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C. N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

Thomas P. [illegible] Trustee, against [illegible] R. R. Co. } In Ch'y, No. 1[illegible]

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on WEDNESDAY, JUNE [illegible]th, 1866, about the hour of [illegible] o'clock A. M., sell, at public auction [illegible] Railroad [illegible] railroad track and [illegible] and harness now [illegible]

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid. THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C. N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy.

BUCKEYE DROPPER.

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF THOSE wishing to purchase Harvesting Machines to the

IMPROVED BUCKEYE,

As arranged for cutting Grain and Grass. We are offering [illegible] Reaper and Mower [illegible] raking [illegible] Machine. We have also [illegible] Threshing Machines of every kind, Hay Rakes, Horse Hay Forks, Grain Fans, Corn Shellers, [illegible] &c. Descriptive Catalogues furnished [illegible] on application.

PITKIN, WIARD & CO., Louisville, Ky.

I. M. O. K Y! Y!!

PINKERTON'S

WAHOO AND CALISAYA

BITTERS.

EDWARD WILDER & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR LOUISVILLE.

New Music.

JUST PUBLISHED BY D. P. FAULDS, NO. [illegible] Main st., a new and beautiful song with splendid lithographic title-page, entitled "OH! SAY NOT WE HAVE PARTED FOREVER," by D. W. Haley, author of I'm lonely since you left me." The Grave of a Loved One, &c. &c. Music sent by mail free of postage.

Men's Clothing.

NEW STOCK NOW OPEN AT J. M. ARMSTRONG'S, On Main, opposite National.

AUCTION SALES.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Elegant Furniture, at a Private Residence, AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 11th, AT [illegible] o'clock, will be sold, at a private residence on [illegible] First street, [illegible] Furniture [illegible] Bureaus and [illegible] Wardrobes, [illegible] Spring and Shuck Mattresses, Refrigerators, Cook Range and Kitchen Utensils, with all other articles necessary to housekeeping.

[illegible] attention is called to this sale. The furniture is nearly new and in good order. The sale will be imperative, as the owner is declining housekeeping. The house is for rent privately. Terms cash. C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY SHAFFER & CO.

Frame Building on Broadway, on Leased Ground, at Auction.

ON MONDAY, JUNE 11th, ON THE PREMISES [illegible] Broadway, between [illegible] streets [illegible] SHAFFER & CO., Auctioneers, No. [illegible] Third street.

BY THOMAS A. MORGAN.

Walnut-street Lots at Auction.

ON MONDAY, JUNE 11th, 1866, ABOUT THE hour of [illegible] o'clock A. M., I will sell, at the Court house [illegible] of Floyd and Walnut streets [illegible] Terms—[illegible] cash, balance in 1 and [illegible] years, with interest and lien. THOS. A. MORGAN, Auctioneer.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Two-story Brick House & Lot, with Frame Cottage in rear, on Breckinridge street, AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 12TH, AT [illegible] o'clock, will be sold, without reserve, [illegible] Terms [illegible] cash, balance in one and two years, with interest and lien. C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO., 67 Sixth street.

Cottage on Leased Ground, No. 359 Green street, bet. Ninth and Tenth; 26 feet front by 150 feet deep.

ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 12TH, [illegible] Terms cash. S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

Large and [illegible] Sale of Superior French [illegible] AT AUCTION.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 12th, AT TEN o'clock, we will sell [illegible] for cash [illegible] Goods [illegible] Black Satin [illegible] Vests; [illegible] S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Large Sale of Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, sold for Account of the United States, by order of S. Stansifer, Collector Third District of Indiana.

AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 12th, AT [illegible] o'clock, will be sold at Auction Rooms, [illegible] C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO., 67 Sixth street.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 12th, 1866, AT [illegible] o'clock we will sell, at our auction rooms, a large lot of new Carpeting [illegible] S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.

THREE DAYS' AUCTION SALES, BY T. ANDERSON & CO.

Of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Hoop Skirts, &c.

ON TUESDAY, 12th JUNE, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M., we will sell, without reserve, [illegible] ON WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, JUNE 13th and 14th [illegible] ALSO, THURSDAY, will be sold [illegible] Clothing [illegible] Terms cash. T. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

BY J. D. WRIGHT.

Thirty pieces [illegible] to be sold by [illegible] AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 12th, AT [illegible] o'clock, at my auction room, on Fifth street, near Jefferson, [illegible] J. D. WRIGHT, Auctioneer.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO., 67 Sixth street.

Splendid Building Lot on First street, bet. Breckinridge and Kentucky, AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 13th, [illegible] S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Valuable Main and Walnut street property AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 13TH, [illegible] C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY SHAFFER & CO.

New Frame Cottage and Lot, on Grayson street, at Auction.

ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13th, AT 5 O'CLOCK P. M., [illegible] Terms [illegible] SHAFFER & CO., Auctioneers, [illegible] Third street.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO., 67 Sixth street.

Furniture at a Private Residence, No. 160 [illegible] st., bet. Green and Walnut.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 13th, [illegible] S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

Three Story Brick House and Lot on Water Street AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 14th, [illegible] C. C. SPENCER, Au.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO., 67 Sixth street.

In Campbell's Addition, Western Enlargement, Lots No. 2, 3 and 6, Square No. 9, Range 1; the west halves of Lots No. 3 and 4, in Square 3, Range 2, Portland avenue, 17th and 18th streets.

ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 14th, [illegible] S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO., Real Estate Brokers and Auctioneers, 67 Sixth st., bet. Main and Market, east side.

Cottage and Lot, on Gray street, AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 15th, [illegible] Terms [illegible] cash, balance in six and twelve months, with interest and lien. S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO., 67 Sixth street.

Two-story Brick House and Lot, on Washington street, at Auction.

ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 15TH, 1866, at [illegible] o'clock, we will sell, on the premises, No. 164 East [illegible] Terms—[illegible] cash, balance in 6, 12 and 18 months, with interest and lien. S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO., 67 Sixth street.

A two-story Frame Dwelling, on the south side of Jefferson street, between Shelby and Campbell, AT AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 16TH, at 5 o'clock, we will sell on the premises, a good two-story frame Dwelling, containing four rooms and kitchen. The lot is 17 feet front by 2[illegible] deep and good cistern. The house is arranged for two families, and is in a good neighborhood. Title perfect. S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO., 67 Sixth street.

Brick Cottage and Lot, on Wenzel street, bet. Market and Jefferson streets.

ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 16, 1866, at 5 o'clock, on the premises, we will sell a very nice Brick Cottage and Lot, situated as above containing four rooms. The owner is about removing to the country. Possession given immediately. Terms made known at the sale. S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auct'rs.

BY TELEGRAPH!

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE DEMOCRAT.

FROM CHICAGO.

Great Fire on South Water Street—$200,000 worth of Property Destroyed—Severe Thunder Storm—Christ Church Struck by Lightning—Grand Carnival upon the Opening of the Summer Skating Park.

[Special to the Louisville Democrat.]

CHICAGO, June 9, 8:30 P. M.

A fire broke out this morning in the storehouse of the Pennsylvania Oil Company, in South Water street, and destroyed not less than $200,000 worth of property. An immense quantity of oil was consumed. Loss to the Oil Company, $80,000. Kussel Bros., wholesale grocers, lose almost their whole stock, worth $100,000. Hall, Kemberk & Co., hardware firm, lose $50,000. The fire originated by an explosion of gas in the Oil Company's store-room. A man named Parr was nearly killed by falling walls during the fire.

There was a severe thunder storm here last night. Lightning struck Christ church, on Michigan avenue, destroying the cupola and portico of the building. No person hurt.

The skating park on Wabash avenue has been filled up for summer skating and was opened this evening with a grand carnival.

No important changes in leading markets to-day.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

THE FENIANS!

WAR VIRTUALLY ENDED.

Fenian Excitement Quieting—Col. O'Neill and the Fenians at Malone—A Fenian Officer Advises his Followers to Return to their Homes, Etc.

NEW YORK, June 9.

A Tribune special from Malone to-day says there is little excitement there. Two companies of regulars are at Pottsdam Junction to prevent the Fenians from coming to Malone. Col. O'Neill is also there, and Gen. Meade has requested him not to come to Malone. The Fenians are under parole until to-morrow morning. Some of them have accepted transportation and leave to-night. Murphy made an address, telling his followers to go home by his order. Several wild expeditions to various points on the border were abandoned. There are 2,200 Fenians and 200 regulars in Malone. There was interview between Gen. Meade, Gen. Murphy and Gen. Heffernan.

The latter complained of the interference of the United States Government, and said: "We have been lured on by the cabinet and used for the purposes of Mr. Seward; they encouraged us on to this thing; we bought our rifles from your arsenals, and were given to understand that you would not interfere." They added: "this thing is not dead yet; we will succeed; we have our orders from Gen. Sweeney and we can and will perform them if we get arms. We will cross into Canada; we shall fight the Regulars if they oppose us." Gen. Meade replied: "I have got orders too; I shall fight you to enforce the neutrality laws."

Nothing new in Fenian circles to-day, and excitement rapidly dying out. Roberts, still in Ludlow prison, says there is no reason to apprehend any violation of law by the Irish people, and expresses belief in the triumph of the Fenian cause ultimately. A number of persons called on Roberts, who continues to refuse to obtain from active co-operation with his fellow-countrymen.

A Fight Imminent Between the Fenians and British.

NEW YORK, June 9.

A special to the Tribune from East Hygate this noon says a fight is imminent between the Fenians and some British regulars, between the boundary line and Pigeon Hill. Appearances indicate that the British troops will surround the Fenians. Numbers of disconcerted invaders are still returning to the States.

Order from Gen. Meade.

MALONE, N. Y., June 9.

Gen. Meade issued the following this morning: All persons assembled at this place, in connection with or in aid of the Fenian organization for the purpose of invading Canada, are hereby ordered, in compliance with the President's proclamation, to desist from their enterprise and disband. The men of the expeditionary force will, on application to the officer of the United States forces, on giving their names and residences, and satisfying him that they are unable to provide their own transportation, be provided with such to their homes, and all officers below the rank of field officers, who are unable to provide their own transportation, will be furnished such on giving their names. Officers above the rank of field officers will be required to give such bonds as may be satisfactory to the civil authorities. It being the determination of the United States Government to preserve neutrality, and the most stringent measures having been taken to prevent all accessions of men and material, the commanding General trusts that these liberal offers will have the effect of causing the expedition (now hopeless) to be abandoned, and he confidently expects that all those, who have any respect for the authority of the United States, will conform to the requirements of the President's proclamation, and of which, if not promptly obeyed, a sufficient force will be brought to bear to compel obedience.

(Signed) GEO. G. MEADE, Major General United States Army.

The Fenians—Excitement Almost Subsided—The Government Furnishing them Transportation Home.

BUFFALO, June 9.

The commanding officer informs us that there are as many as 2,000 Fenians in Buffalo. They are generally quiet and orderly, and very little, if any, trouble is anticipated, as not a fourth of them have arms or could get any here. A number of them learning that transportation had been furnished by the Government elsewhere, to send them home, have applied to Gen. Barry to send them home. Gen. Barry has telegraphed to Gen. Meade for instructions on this point. It is pretty certain if the Government don't send them home that they are likely to stay here some time. Most of them have no money. Gen. Barry's order No. 2, of yesterday, prevents them from travelling on the railroads. A movement was made by a body of Fenians up the lakeshore last evening, and Gen. Barry fearing that an attempt might be made to cross, had armed boats to patrol up the lake for some distance. The balance of the Fenian officers were yesterday released on bail of $5,000.

United States District Court—M. W. Hogan Held in $5,000 bonds on the Charge of Probable Violation of the Neutrality Laws.

ST. LOUIS, June 9.

The examination of M. W. Hogan, before the United States District Court, was closed to-day.

Judge Treat decided to hold the gentleman in five thousand dollars bond for the probable violation of the neutrality laws.

The case of A. L. Morrison, of Chicago, then commenced.

Fenian Movements.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 9.

A company of the Fifty-fourth New York State militia was sent this morning by order of General Barry to the mouth of the Gennessee river to prevent the Fenians from capturing the two steamers which ply daily across lake Ontario. Gen. Barry had information which led him to fear a seizure of these boats.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The President Recognizes Foreign Consuls at Mobile and Galveston, and for the States of Ohio, Michigan and Indiana.

WASHINGTON, June 9.

The President has recognized Roman Obeda as consul of Spain at Mobile, Henri Rosenberg as vice-consul of Switzerland at Galveston, and Carl Frederick Udal as consul of Schaumburg Lippe for the States of Ohio, Michigan and Indiana.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Criminal Court—Sentence of Geo. Spratt.

NASHVILLE, June 9.

River 8 feet on the shoals and rising. The Tennessee departed for Cairo. No arrivals.

In the Criminal Court to-day Judge Frazier sentenced Geo. Spratt, formerly a dancing master, convicted of rape upon Miss Emma Collins, to fifteen years imprisonment in the penitentiary. An appeal to the Supreme Court was taken and bail to the amount of $25,000 given.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Richmond Gold Case.

NEW YORK, June 9.

The Times' special gives the history of the Richmond gold case, in brief, as follows: The gold was seized in Georgia. The President ordered it to be sent to Richmond. The Richmond banks, represented by W. H. McFarlane, J. Caskie and John M. Speed, attorney at law, claimed the gold, upon their showing, and in the absence of evidence since obtained, not then suspected to exist, the President ordered the delivery of the gold to the banks by the Secretary of the Treasury, provided he should be satisfied that it was never seized nor controlled by the Confederate government, or any of its officers or agents.

The officers of the banks swore that the Confederate Government had no interest in the gold, and just as it was about to be handed over it was found that a gross deception had been practiced, and that this gold and other sums, amounting in all to three hundred thousand dollars, had all been in the hands of the rebel commissary department, and was carried by one of its officers out of Richmond and a part of it issued, and what remained he turned over to the Richmond banks, which the State of Virginia gave to the banks to the loan of this identical gold, to be used to feed Lee's army. Decision of case will be rendered in a few days.

An Ottawa dispatch says a court martial composed of twenty militia officers will be appointed immediately for the trial of the Fenians that were captured at Ft. Erie. It convicted, those holding prominent positions are to be executed; and the employes of the Grand Trunk R. R., who have been recognized as among the prisoners, will no doubt be hung also. Those prisoners who held subordinate positions are to be sentenced to a penal servitude and placed in the fortifications of Quebec.

NEW YORK, June 9.

Specials from Washington to the evening papers state that prominent North Carolinians say their State will be the first to accept the new constitutional amendment.

Leonard Hnicks, President of the Merchants' National Bank, has been released under $50,000 bail.

Change in Military Commanders—All Troops to be Withdrawn from Charlottsville—Decision of the Commissioners of Pensions Confirmed by the Secretary of Interior, &c.

NEW YORK, June 9.

The morning papers contain the following special telegram from Washington:

Brevet Major General John C. Robinson is ordered to relieve Brevet Major General T. H. Ruger, military commander of North Carolina, and superintendent of the freedmen's bureau, &c., in that State.

Major General Terry has ordered that all troops be withdrawn from Charlottsville.

There are indications that Congress will adjourn without making any increase in the tariff, not to speak of making a revision of it. It is expected the bill will be reported next week.

The Secretary of Interior to-day affirmed a decision of the Commissioner of Pensions respecting an application for an invalid pension, for the reason that the applicant was dishonorably discharged on the second enlistment, although the disability was incurred in a previous term of service, from which he was honorably discharged.

The commissioner holds that by the word discharge an honorable discharge is intended, and that a dismissal under the decision of a courtmartial, in military proceedings and records, is described in other language.

The Senate Finance Committee is making rapid progress on the tax bill.

The Revenue Department is understood to be strongly opposed to the amendment relating to penalties for the reason that opportunities would be offered officers to makes arbitrary and oppressive combinations for mercenary purposes. Commissioner Rollins is in frequent communication with Senators on the subject, and expects the bill to pass in an acceptable form to the department.

Count Resurgurler, who hails from Austria and who is an officer on the staff of Maximilian, is now in Washington. He has had frequent interviews at the State Department and with the Committee on Foreign Affairs. A prominent New York merchant who accompanied him to Washington gave him a dinner Thursday, inviting Senator Nye, Speaker Colfax, Mr. Garfield and other members of Congress. During the dinner it leaked out that the Count was connected with Maximilian's government, when Speaker Coltax, Senator Nye and others denounced the attempt to establish a monarchial government on this continent, and declared it to be the policy of our Government to support the Monroe doctrine.

Deaths from Cholera—Manifesto Expected from Santa Anna.

NEW YORK, June 9.

Report says there were several cases of cholera in the city to-day, and two deaths in Oliver street.

Though grave doubts are entertained as to the exact character of the disease no alarm is felt here. Excitement is increasing at Sequin's Point, and many Staten Islanders declare they won't have the quarantine ground there. Next Monday or Tuesday they hold a meeting to denounce the authorities and to urge that some other place be selected.

In a few days Santa Anna will issue manifesto defining his position and policy, declaring himself in favor of the republican party in Mexico, and his faith in the early and complete triumph of the Liberal cause.

Gen. Dulce arrived here this evening, by the Spanish frigate Isabel.

It is understood that the Spanish residents of New York will soon give him a reception.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Examination of the Sailors Engaged in the Affray on the Ship Seminole.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.

Paterson and Wells, two of the sailors engaged in the affray on the ship Seminole, were before the Police Court yesterday. The depositions of witnesses who desired to leave on the vessel were taken. The second and third mates, who were reported to be in a critical condition, are improving.

Vancouver Island and Victoria dates of June 5th represent that the treasuries of both Colonies are empty, and banks are refusing to credit either without proper guarrantees. This state of affairs has been produced by a disagreement between the council and assembly's method of raising funds. An English financial company, with a paid up capital of five hundred thousand pounds, is soon to open an office for the investment of Colonial securities. Thirteen hundred tons of telegraph wire for the Collins Russian American telegraph lines has arrived in the ships Eastern Chief, Mohawk, and Eveline Wood. A Virginia City, Nevada, newspaper says that a large petition is to be telegraphed to Washington protesting against congress levying a tax of 10 per cent. on the gross proceeds of miners. Mining stocks quiet. Opher, 300; Alpha, 250; Yellow Jacket, 635; Hale & Norcross, 930; Chollar, 217; Imperial, 103; legal tenders, 72½.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.

A letter from Prescott, Arizona, states that several public meetings have been held there to consider matters before Congress. A strong protest has been made against the Pomeroy bill, which proposes a grant of the public lands, for the improvement of navigation on the Colorado river, and for building roads from there to Salt Lake and Prescott. Resolutions were also adopted opposing the absorption by Nevada of all the territory west of Colorado.

FROM WASHINGTON.

XXXIX. Congress—First Session.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, June 9.

A statement of the amount paid for salary and mileage to the members of the thirty-eighth Congress was received from the Secretary of the Treasury. The mileage paid Senators amounted to $124,128, and for salary $290,728; mileage to members of Congress $235,654, salary $114,910.

The constitutional amendment which passed the Senate yesterday was received and concurred in.

The Speaker announced that under the order of the House only debate as if in Committee of the Whole on the President's message was in order.

Mr. Burleigh addressed the House in favor of removing the Indians of the Northwestern Territories to certain districts of Decotah and Montana.

FROM ROCHESTER.

Incendiary Fires—Arrival of Desperadoes.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 9.

There were three incendiary fires in this city last night, involving no large amount of loss.

A band of desperadoes, supposed to be from Buffalo, called here last night, and made raids upon the houses of ill-fame. They succeeded, in one case, in compelling the inmates to surrender up all their valuables, at the muzzles of their pistols.

The Union Blues arrived here this A. M., from their excursion to Albany, and were received by the citizens, who gave them a splendid breakfast. They spoke highly of their entertainment at Albany.

FROM THE SOUTH.

Resolutions of the Mississippi Press Convention.

NEW ORLEANS, May 9.

The Mississippi Press Convention, at Jackson, passed resolutions declaring that the people accept arbitrament of arms in good faith, will support emancipation and death. The freedmen indorse the President's "reconstruction" policy, and say that Stephens, Sumner, &c., are attempting to destroy the Constitution, and establish a despotic government.

We have two Vera Cruz arrivals with dates to June 3.

The Liberals had advanced and captured 25 of the Confederate colonists, among them Col. Marshall, Judge Snead and Ruskin J. Costn, of Mississippi; Colonel Cooke and Dr. Rogers, of Missouri; Captain J. Rogers and Mr. Scott, of Victoria; Mr. Lester, of Louisiana; W. Gibbs, of Texas; Mr. Wright, Georgia; Mr. Anderson Alabama; W. Downs, of Texas, and others.

The Liberals were led by a New Orleans creole. They hold the prisoners for ten thousand dollars ransom. The Liberals claim that Maximilian grants lands without authority. The French promised assistance, but the prisoners had already been held eighteen days.

POSTSCRIPT.

[SPECIAL TO THE WESTERN PRESS.]

3 A. M., June 10.

FROM NEW YORK.

Germans Coming to this Country—The Approaching War Causing them to "Skedaddle."

NEW YORK, June 10.

The Africa's mails contain the following additional news:

The North Germany, Hamburg, and American Steam Packet Company will convey to New York two hundred thousand German emigrants. The approaching war is causing the Germans to leave their Fatherland for a home in the United States.

The Helitia cholera ship was to leave Liverpool on the 28th for this port.

Petitions are in course of circulation from the merchants of Havre who suffered from the bombardment of Valparaiso. It prays that the Spanish Government be held responsible for losses suffered by subjects of neutral powers during the bombardment of the town almost entirely inhabited by foreigners.

The petitioners further pray that an International commissioner shall be appointed to settle claims about to be made by French merchants who suffered in the bombardment of Valparaiso.

A letter from Rome says that the date for the leaving of the French corps of occupation there has at last been fixed at the 11th of December. If it remain beyond that time it will no longer act for the protection of the Pope, but only as a corps of observation in regard to events in the Kingdom of Italy.

A letter from Venice announces that the French frigate and an English one are expected there to remove the natives of the two countries, in case of an attack from the Italian fleet, Prince Paul.

Ester Hazy, who was in the eighty-first year of his age, died at Ratesbon at 6 o'clock on the morning of the 21st of May.

The Leipsic Gazettee, an organ of the Saxon government, asserts that Prussian agents are trying to get up an emeute in that city.

Peace addresses continue to flow in at the Palace in Berlin. The last three received are from the Rhinish manufacturing towns of Jolich Bockail and Longberg.

The fight between Mace and Gass for the championship of England was a mere farce, enacted with sparring and shuffling in the ring, the exhibition filling the veterans of the rope arena with shame and indignation.

The assemblage of the European Congress will be ineffectual in staying the great war, and the bombardment of Valparaiso is generally denounced.

The Times' Mexican letter says Marshal Bozine and his imperial majesty, it appears, have again crossed swords, and over an affair which Gen. Bozine declares reflects dishonor on the French nation.

PARISH OF WEST FELICIANA, LA., May 30, 1866.

Messrs. Editors: It has been my good fortune to see and read several numbers of your very valuable journal, and I must say, in candor, that I know of no paper in the United States which ranks higher in ability and sterling old fashioned, hard, common sense.

It comes fully up to the requirements of the times in its conservative character and its bold and manly denunciations of the manifold corruptions which infest the body politic, as well as social.

I would that it were in my power to extend its circulation into every household in our Southern country, especially in Louisiana. I should then be satisfied that sound principles would everywhere pervade our people. It will give me pleasure to assist in its circulation in this State and more especially in this, my parish.

It may not be uninteresting to you and your wide-extended circle of readers to learn something of this part of our country, more especially at this time, and in reference to the prospect of the growing crops—cotton particularly—the all-engrossing subject. So far, we have very disastrous accounts of the cotton crop from all parts of the South. This is particularly the case with reference to the Northern section of our State, and, indeed, all the lowlands bordering upon the Mississippi and its tributaries. In some localities the damage by rain and hail-storms have been greater than in others, and some of these have been most disastrous to the cotton; yet throughout the whole cotton-growing region, the same doleful story prevails, of destruction of crops by the above causes, bad seed, bad stands, and a great scarcity of seed of any kind (whether good or bad).

Many planters in my section have had to plow up their land and plant a second time a considerable portion of their crops. This late planting is still more risky than the first. If the catterpiller or army worm comes in force he takes about the whole of the late planting. From the excessive rains, which have prevailed since the first of April last, to within the last ten days, planters are fearfully "in the grass," and, unless we have good weather for the next two or three weeks, a vast many will be irretrievably "lost." From these facts and prospects you may well believe the cotton planter is in a pretty "tight place." Superadded to his misfortunes by "flood and field" he has to contend with lazy and trifling freedmen, who, generally speaking, don't and wont work half of their time. They are generally quiet and well-disposed in this section, but much work you cannot get out of them, no way you can "fix it." This disposition to idleness, theft and quarrelling amongst themselves, from the most trivial causes, is *innate* in the negro and cannot be altered, old Sumner, the "beloved Senator," to the contrary notwithstanding.

This parish is doing about as well as the generality of uplands, and perhaps a *little* better, but even this *better* is anything but encouraging. There is but a small area of land in cultivation compared with times before the war, owing in part to scarcity of hands, and those employed not cultivating more than one-half the hand what they formerly did. Not much corn will be made in the South during this present year, I opine. Planters are more or less compelled to put in more cotton than they would otherwise do, for the necessity of ready means this fall to pay off past indebtedness, and those who *rent* places, for this year *only* don't care about more corn than will carry them to January, not knowing where they will locate another year.

We shall be heavy customers of yours for years to come in the corn and pork line, but unfortunately not to so great an extent as heretofore. Everything depends upon the price of cotton. It it falls to 30 cents a man might live if he was sure of making a full crop, but if it goes down to 25 cents and under, which it is as likely to do as to advance materially for any considerable length of time, it cannot be raised upon the present system and rate of wages and taxation and cost of sale. On the monthly wages system it cannot now be produced for less than 15 cents per pound, which, with five more Government tax and five to cover commissions, freightage, storage, numerous taxes, Government, State and parish, and interest on investment, making 25 cents on the cost to the planter, and I leave you to count his profits on the present prospect of the cotton crop for the year of our Lord 1866.

Yet we live in hopes of "better times coming," and the course of your able journal, and its kindred coadjutors in the good cause, headed and sustained by that "noblest Roman" of them all, Andy Johnson, increases our confidence in the future, and sustains us "cotton planters," as well as all other interests, to "strive, ever strive ever." J. N. M.

☞A Utah letter speaks of one of Brigham Young's sons as follows: "Joseph, or 'Joe' Young, as he is familiarly known in Utah, is a fast young man. He has been on a mission, travelled in Europe, smokes, chews, gets drunk, swears, preaches the gospel, has three wives, whom he whips and otherwise shamefully abuses, and is a good Mormon, in full fellowship with the Church."

☞The Supreme Court of Alabama has decided that those sections of the stay law which postpone the rendition of judgment twelve months, are constitutional; while those preventing the collection of judgments, rendered before the passage of the stay law, are unconstitutional.

☞Riley Martin, a youth fifteen years old, was murdered and robbed, near Cuthbert, Ga., last week, by Andrew E. Hancock. The murderer has been arrested.

☞Probst, the murderer of the Deering family, was executed at Philadelphia Friday morning. But few spectators were present, among them six reporters from the city papers.

☞General Sweeney, at last accounts, was still under guard at St. Albans. His bail has been fixed at $20,000.

☞Nearly $3,000,000 will be required to carry out the treaties recently entered into with the Western Indians.

☞Thirty-five thousand troops are reported under arms in Canada, and the authorities are still adding to the number.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT, SATURDAY EVENING, June 9, 1866.

Gold closed in New York last evening at 139 and opened to-day at 139¼, and advanced to 139½, which was the quotation telegraphed at 12:30. The following quotations were also given for Government securities: 5-20's, 102¼@102½; 10-40's, 96@96½; 7-30's, 102½@102¾; certificates, 100⅛@100¼.

The Gold market here, for the first three days of the week was remarkably free from fluctuations, and with limited transactions. On Tursday the market was excited and rates declined. Holders were anxious to realize, and transactions at once assumed more magnitude. The following exhibit shows the condition of the market during the week:

	Buying.	Selling.
Monday	140	141
Tuesday	140	141
Wednesday	14[illegible]	14[illegible]
Thursday	1[illegible]	14[illegible]
Friday	13[illegible]	140
Saturday	138	140

Transactions in Government securities for the week have assumed but slight importance in this market, and rates have remained without material change as will be seen by the following:

	June 2.	June 9.
5-20's	10[illegible]	1[illegible]
10-40's	[illegible]	[illegible]
7-30's	102 & int.	10[illegible] & int.

In the discount market nothing of special interest has transpired during the week, and the rates of interest are steady at from 9 to 12 per cent. Currency continues abundant to meet the demand, which is becoming more active than for some weeks past. The prevailing rates for Gold in this market to-day, were 138¼ buying and 140 selling, with considerable activity in the offerings and demands. We quote:

	Buying.	Selling.
Gold	13[illegible]	140
Silver	1[illegible]	[illegible]
Eastern Exchange	par	1-10 prem.
5-20 Bonds	[illegible]	[illegible]
Demand Notes	13[illegible]	[illegible]
10-40s	[illegible]	[illegible]
7-30s	[illegible] & int.	10[illegible] & int.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

June to Dec., 1864	[illegible] prem.
May to October, 1865	[illegible]

The sale by Mr. McCulloch during the month of May of enormous amounts of Government gold attracts very general attention, and was commented upon with so much severity by the New York papers that the subject was regarded of so much importance that Congress made a demand upon that functionary for an explanation, in response to which the following communication was sent to the House of Representatives:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, June 4, 1866.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the following resolution adopted by the House of Representatives, on the 28th ult. mo.:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to inform this House what amount of gold belonging to the United States has been sold by or under his authority since the first inst., and at what rates; also the name of the agent or agents through whom such sales were effected, and at what rate of commission has been authorized by the Department for selling the same.

In obedience to the resolution I respectfully report that the sales of gold belonging to the United States during the month of May made by the Assistant Treasurer of New York, under the general authority given him by this department, amounted to the sum of $25,440,000.

The agent by whom the sales were made was Mr. P. M. Myers. The commission allowed to him for making the sales, and for the responsibility of receiving the proceeds and depositing the same in the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States was one eighth of one per cent., the usual commission for such services, and the smallest commission at which sales can be made under the rules of the Board of Brokers, of which Mr. Myers is a member.

The rates at which the gold was sold were as follows: [illegible]

These constituted all the sales of gold made by this department since the month of February last. In view of the criticisms of a part of the public press, and in order that the House might be put in possession of all the facts connected with these sales, I requested Mr. Van Dyke, the Assistant Treasurer at New York, to inform me of the circumstances under which they were made, the reason for selling so large, and the circumstances which induced the mode of sale adopted by him, and the selection of the agent. The reply of Mr. Van Dyke, a copy of which is herewith submitted, is so complete in its statements and so satisfactory in its explanation of its action that it is hardly necessary for me to say anything in addition to it in reply to the resolution of the House. The authority conferred upon the Treasury has been permitted for some time past to accumulate, to be held for the purpose of facilitating a return to specie payments, or to be disposed of in any emergency which might render the disposition of it necessary for the protection of the national credit or preventing such a depreciation of the national currency as would affect injuriously the business of the country, and especially the interest of the laboring and producing classes. It has been my purpose, either by holding or selling, to keep the market steady until the industry of the country, diverted by the war from its legitimate channels, should be brought again into its productive activity, and thus prepare the way for a permanent resumption. My instructions, given at various times to Mr. Van Dyke, have been to make no sales except for the purpose of supplying the Treasury with currency, or for meeting the necessary demands of commerce or preventing [illegible] the national credit or producing disturbing fluctuations in prices. The correctness of these instructions has been indicated by the general steadiness of the market, the gradual advance of currency towards the standard of value, and the prevention of financial trouble which so many had anticipated as the legitimate consequence of the war and a superabundant circulating medium.

In the exercise of the discretion conferred upon him Mr. Van Dyke has found it necessary or many months past to make but few sales, and had it not been for the demand which arose in the latter part of February, based upon apprehended political complications, and the sudden and unexpected [illegible] in Europe, the gold in the Treasury would have been permitted to accumulate up to the present time. The demand in February was met by the sale of some fifteen millions at a premium of between thirty-seven and thirty-eight per cent., after which the rates declined to twenty-four and twenty-five and a half per cent., at which point it was not deemed advisable that it should go, and as there was little commercial demand on sales by the government were discontinued. In May unfavorable financial intelligence was received from Europe. Upon the receipt of this intelligence the demand became active, but it was met without a heavy depletion of the Treasury. On the receipt, however, of the dispatches, the demand assumed a serious character. The news reached New York late in the afternoon, but before the stock board had closed. It was then too late to obtain instructions from this department, and the sales were so limited [illegible] Had there been time for Mr. Van Dyke to advise me in regard to the news brought over by the Cuba, and to receive my instructions, I would have sold [illegible] sales would have been suspended before so large an amount of gold had been disposed of. But in the light of facts since developed, I concur in the opinion expressed by him that a suspension of sales before the demand had been freely supplied would have added to the excitement and resulted in a panic which would have produced serious and extensive disaster. I received the intelligence of the unexpected heavy sales with surprise, but I was not satisfied that the action of the Assistant Treasurer and his agent was not only judicious but commendable as well as judicious. The opinions, as far as I have learned, expressed by many of the soundest merchants and bankers of New York. The correctness of the decision of his cannot be better determined when the effect of the sales and the heavy, and perhaps consequent, shipments of gold to Europe upon the English market and the receive influence thereof upon our own shall be fully ascertained.

It may not be improper for me, in conclusion, to remark, although the fact is indicated in the accompanying letter, that the selection of agents and the manner of disposing of the gold were committed to the discretion of Mr. Van Dyck, and that, but for his unexpected sales in February and May, the services of Mr. Myers, who for months had neglected his own business in looking after the public interests at the gold room, would have been a gratuity to the Government. I am, with great respect, H. McCULLOCH, Secretary of the Treasury. Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

In regard to Mr. McCutloch's communication and that of Mr. Van Dyck, which is too lengthy for our columns, the New York Evening Post says:

The communication of Mr. McCutloch and Mr. Van Dyck on the recent Government sales of gold, are variously discussed. The ability of these papers is generally acknowledged. But on the question whether, as a defense of the action of the Department, they are conclusive, the widest disparity of opinion prevails. Some persons urge that the Government should hoard its gold and should not sell, but keep it in the Treasury for the payment of interest, and as a general reserve to support the credit of the Government. Others see a necessity for the Treasury gold to be sold, but think that the sales should be made daily, and should be both publicly announced and confined to the day's receipts from customs, never exceeding the amount of available surplus. A third party are of the opinion that the Government sales of gold should be continued, so as to control the price, to keep it steady or to prevent any sudden and mischievous fluctuations. Those last named persons justify for the most part the recent action of the Secretary of the Treasury. The many of them doubt whether the use of fifteen millions of gold after the news of the day of the arrival of the Cuba's news, wasn't hasty and premature and not too low a price. It remains to be seen, however—and we shall know in a few days—what the results of these sales, and of the consequent heavy exportation to England will be in their influence on the money market. Should they give relief, as is predicted, most of the objections urged in Wall street against the action of the Department will be forgotten.

The public will not fail to observe in this connection that with all the legislation of Congress the control of financial affairs is lodged in the hands of one Mr. Van Dyck, who, without instructions—or, more properly, against instructions—takes the responsibility of disposing of immense quantities of the peoples' gold, and in justification of his course tells the people to wait until they see the effect it produces upon financial affairs in Europe. For cool impudence the position of Mr. Van Dyck is in perfect harmony with that of Government officials generally.

The meeting on 'Change to-day was about an average for Saturday. The sales reported indicate considerable activity in the provision market. Mess pork is a shade weaker here, notwithstanding the favorable advices from New York. The sales reported embrace 200 bbls mess pork at $31 50; 100 do do for July at $31 75; 10,000 pieces bulk shoulders at 13½c; 115 tierces prime lard at 22c; 15 casks clear bacon sides at 19¾c; 15 casks clear rib sides at 19c; 5 casks shoulders at 15c. Sales reported of 500 bushels corn on the river at points below, at [illegible]c.

The New York dispatches report cotton dull and nominal at 38@39c. Pork tending upward and held at $30 75. Flour declined 10 to 15c. Lard declining and held at 22½c. Corn declined 1 to 2c.

The Chicago and Cincinnati dispatches were without special importance.

The dispatch read on 'Change in regard to some slight success of the Fenians in Canada, was received with evident satisfaction and faint applause.

The general markets during the week have exhibited no new features, and in every department of trade business has been dull.

In flour an advance of about 25 cents on the higher grades has been established and maintained. The low grades are steady and without quotable change. The local demand during the week has been unusually active, with some inquiry for shipment. Receipts during the past three days have been more liberal, and the week closes with more ample stocks in the market.

Transactions in grain during the week have been of small importance. Corn is steady at 82@85c for mixed and white, sacks included. Ear corn is held at 75c. Oats are in fair local demand at 55@58c in bulk and 60@63c, sacks included. Barley and rye are quiet and steady at quotations.

Transactions in bale rope and bagging are mostly of a speculative character, and correct quotations, as a consequence, are difficult. The range for Kentucky power loom bagging is unusually wide, being from 32@35c. At these figures sales are unimportant. The same remarks may be applied to rope, which is held at 17½ to 18c for machine and 15½@17c for hand. India bagging is firm at 32@33c. Cotton yarns, batting, carpet chain and candlewick are steady at quotations.

The market for potatoes is weaker, and peachblows are selling at $3 90@4 and red Neshannocks at $2 75. Apples are in fair request at $9 to $11. Feathers have declined, and are dull at 80c.

The grocery market was weaker to-day. The decline in gold had the effect to reduce sugar about ½c per lb. Coffee is also drooping. Flaxseed is in good demand at $2 50 per bushel. Hay is quiet, and steady at $13@14 per ton.

The dry goods market during the week has undergone but slight quotable change, and trade, without being active, is represented by dealers as quite satisfactory for the season.

There has been a moderate demand for pig iron during the week, with sale of some 400 tons of hot-blast at quotations. In manufactured iron prices are steady, with fair demand. Nails have declined during the week, and are selling at $6 75@7 for 10d.

We alluded in our issue this morning to the bids and awards made some days since by Brevet Major J. W. Barringer, C. S., U. S. A., at this place, and published a copy of his communication to the Board of Trade and accompanying telegrams, designed by that officer to prove to the merchants of Louisville that he did purchase pork in Cincinnati at the time specified at $30 per bbl, instead of $31, as stated by the Cincinnati Gazette of the 7th inst. The documents submitted by Maj. Barringer would seem to be conclusive, but according to the Gazette of this date such does not appear to be the case, as it says the bill for the pork in question has been paid at $31. It is a case which, under the circumstances, we should regard as well calculated to annoy Maj. Barringer, and one which will doubtless lead to further explanations.

LOUISVILLE LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

BOURBON HOUSE.

H. F. VISSMAN, Proprietor.

LOUISVILLE, June 2, 1866.

Beef Cattle—The cattle market has been about the same as the week before. The supply is about equal to the demand, and the quality is generally good. Sales range at $6 [illegible] 25 for the best, and $5@5 25 for fair to good and $3@5 for common and rough.

Hogs—There is but little change except that the medium quality are a shade lower. Sales range at 8½ to 9½c for smooth and well fatted, and 7½ to [illegible] gross weight for light stock.

Sheep—Sell at $1 50 per head to 4c, live weight for different qualities.

Lambs—Sell at $[illegible] per head.

RECEIPTS.

Cattle	[illegible]
Hogs	[illegible]
Sheep	[illegible]

SHELBY HOUSE.

G. BIRCH, Proprietor.

LOUISVILLE, June 2, 1866.

The supply of all kinds of stock was fair and good prices obtained for the different kinds of stock.

Beef Cattle—The best quality of cattle sold this week brought from $7@7 25; medium to good $[illegible]@[illegible] 50, and common to inferior $[illegible].

Hogs—The market was quite brisk at the early part of the week, but at the close the prices were a shade lower. We quote them heavy and well fatted from $8 [illegible] and a few having sold higher and the other qualities from $6 [illegible].

Sheep—The market continues to rule dull, and are bringing from $[illegible] 50 per head, as to quality.

RECEIPTS.

Cattle	[illegible]
Hogs	[illegible]
Sheep	[illegible]

LOUISVILLE LUMBER MARKET.

There is a fair local demand for lumber, and prices, with the exception of prime shingles, are steady and without quotable change. We quote:

Clear, inch	[illegible]
Second rate, inch	[illegible]
Third rate, inch	[illegible]
Box Boards, inch	40 00
Fencing, inch	[illegible]
Common	[illegible]
Sheeting	[illegible]
Second rate, inch, dressed	[illegible]
Third rate, inch, "	[illegible]
Shelving	[illegible]
Second rate Flooring	[illegible]
Third rate Flooring	65 00
Weatherboarding, Dressed	[illegible]
Weatherboarding, rough	[illegible]
Poplar Scantling and Joist	[illegible]
Hemlock all kinds	[illegible]
Laths per 1,000	[illegible] 50
Pine Shingles per 1,000	[illegible]
Poplar Shingles per 1,000	[illegible] 50

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

The sales at the four auction warehouses during the current tobacco year, including reviews, amount to 22,[illegible] hogsheads. The sales, including reviews, for the week ending this evening amount to 1[illegible] hogsheads, with rejection of bids on 94 hogsheads. The sales to-day, including reviews, amount to 9[illegible] hogsheads, with rejection of bids on 16 hogsheads. The market during the week has been animated and buoyant, with an advance on all the grades, which was fully maintained to-day, the market closing firm. The demand for good tobacco continues active, and some very fine specimens have been disposed of during the week. On Monday 6 hogsheads were sold at prices ranging from $25 to $40. On Tuesday the Ninth-street House sold 2 hogsheads Owen county cutting leaf at $[illegible] per 100 lbs. The Louisville House sold 4 boxes of bright Virginia wrappers, consigned to Geo. W. Wicks, at $[illegible] per 100 lbs. Among the sales on Wednesday, we notice at the Pickett House 1 hhd Owen county cutting leaf at $2[illegible]. At the Ninth-street House we noticed the sale of 6 hhds Owen county cutting leaf at $6, $27, $28 75, $30, $34 [illegible] and $37 75 per 100 lbs. On Thursday we noticed sales at the Pickett Warehouse of 1 hhd manufacturing leaf, consigned to Geo. W. Wicks, [illegible] at $[illegible], 1 hhd of Tennessee manufacturing leaf at the Boone House at $[illegible], and 1 hhd Owen county cutting leaf at the Ninth street House at $27 25. On Friday the Boone House sold 1 hhd Henry county cutting leaf at $[illegible], and at the Pickett 1 hhd at $25 75. The sales to-day embraced 1 hhd Todd county manufacturing leaf at the Boone House at $30, and 2 hhds fine shipping leaf at the Pickett House at $21 [illegible] 75. We quote:

	Light.	Heavy.
Common lugs	$ 3 00@5 25	$ 3 00@5 [illegible]
Good do	[illegible]	[illegible]
Common leaf	[illegible]	[illegible]
Medium do	[illegible]	[illegible]
Good do	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fine do	[illegible]	[illegible]
Selections	[illegible]	[illegible]

CUTTING TOBACCO.

Common cutting at	$[illegible]
Medium cutting at	[illegible]
Good cutting at	[illegible]
Fine cutting at	[illegible]
Extra cutting at	[illegible]

The following is the full range of bids to-day, viz: 1 hhd $2 95; 21 at $[illegible]; [illegible]

REJECTIONS.—$13 25, $4 25, $11 50, $1 90, $4 00, $[illegible] [illegible]

Markets by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, June 9—P. M.

Flour 25c lower at $12 [illegible] demand light, superfine [illegible]

Wheat [illegible]

Corn steady at a shade [illegible] and [illegible] in sack.

Oats unsettled; receipts are still large, but holders are not pressing them on the market because of the prices offered, which do not exceed [illegible] for No. 1, and [illegible] for No. 2.

Rye firm at [illegible] for No. 1 and extra choice is held at $1.

Mess pork is in fair demand [illegible] Bulk meats in fair demand, [illegible] shoulders: 16@[illegible] [illegible] sales with sales of [illegible]

Lard is dull at [illegible] [illegible] groceries dull, refined sugar [illegible] lower, raw [illegible]

Coffee is [illegible] lower and dull.

Butter very dull at [illegible]

Eggs [illegible]

Potatoes [illegible] demand at [illegible] for choice.

Gold [illegible]

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, June 9—P. M.

Flour firm and unchanged.

Wheat firm; [illegible] has advanced to $1 [illegible]

Corn weak [illegible]

Oats better at [illegible]

Bacon [illegible] shoulders advanced [illegible]c.

Whisky weak at $2 21.

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

NEW ORLEANS, June 9—P. M.

Cotton firm with sales of 1,[illegible] bales; receipts [illegible] bales.

Bank sterling 6[illegible] premium.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 9—P. M.

Cotton firm [illegible] for middling.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 9—P. M.

Flour—Extra State $8 [illegible] extra round-hoop Ohio, $[illegible] trade brands closing dull.

Whisky quiet; Western $2 [illegible]

Wheat dull [illegible] lower for common and inferior [illegible]

Corn active at [illegible] for unsound and [illegible] mixed Western [illegible]

Oats dull at [illegible] with a good supply of new Western at [illegible]

NEW YORK PETROLEUM MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 9—P. M.

Petroleum dull; 26@26½c for crude and [illegible] for refined in bond.

NEW YORK PROVISION MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 9—P. M.

Pork more active and firmer; $[illegible] for new mess, closing at $30 65 for old do; $2[illegible] 50 for prime, also 4,500 barrels new mess for June, July and August, sellers and buyers' option, at $[illegible].

Beef steady; $[illegible] for new plain mess and $21 [illegible] for new extra mess.

Cut meats steady at 12 [illegible] for shoulders, and 17@18c for hams.

Bacon quiet at 16c.

Lard dull and heavy at 19@22½c, and small sales at [illegible]

Butter heavy at 25@30c for western, and 25@40c for State.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 9—P. M.

Money easy at 5a6 per cent.

Sterling exchange dull; 109½ @ [illegible] in gold for first class bills.

NEW YORK GOLD MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 9—P. M.

Gold is a shade firmer, opening at 139¼, declining to 139¼, and advancing to 139½, and closing at 139½.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 9—P. M.

Exports of specie to-day $[illegible]

Government stocks are without decided change.

Freights to Liverpool dull.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE NEW YORK STOCK AND MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 9—P. M.

The Post's commercial article says that the loan market is easy, and lenders find it difficult to use their surplus funds at 5a6 per cent. Commercial paper is wanted, and passes at 6a7 per cent.

The stock market is dull and without any features of special importance. State stocks are firm. New York bounty loan quoted at [illegible] Virginia [illegible] California [illegible] Bank shares are firm.

At the 1 o'clock call, New York Central closed at [illegible]; Erie [illegible]; Reading [illegible]; Michigan Southern [illegible]; Illinois Central scrip [illegible]; Cleveland and Pittsburg [illegible]; Cleveland and Toledo [illegible]; Northwestern [illegible]; Cumberland coal [illegible]; Quicksilver [illegible]

Later Erie sold [illegible]

Foreign exchange closed dull for the steamers [illegible] bankers do at [illegible]

The New York Express commercial article contains the following:

Gold closed at [illegible]

Messrs. Sackett, Belcher & Co., large grocers, have failed in consequence of the [illegible] of the defalcation of [illegible] junior partner who had charge of their financial affairs. The [illegible] of the firm are estimated at [illegible] good, bad, and indifferent [illegible]

The following are the closing prices of stocks: Water Power [illegible]; Ohio certificates [illegible]; Canton [illegible]; Cumberland [illegible]; New York Central [illegible]; Erie [illegible]; Reading [illegible]; Michigan Southern [illegible]; Pittsburg [illegible] and Toledo [illegible]; Rock Island [illegible]; Northwestern [illegible]; do preferred [illegible]; Western Union Telegraph [illegible]

The Commercial's money article contains the following:

The Commercial says the stock market is rather more active than yesterday, and [illegible] are doing very little. The New York Central shares are selling [illegible] Erie is lower and [illegible] The [illegible] interest in the Chicago and [illegible] Western railroads [illegible] lated for higher prices. Government [illegible] quiet, but steady at the closing [illegible] day. Money is very abundant [illegible] rates on call is 5 per cent. [illegible] cent. on the 11th inst. The Treasury [illegible] prevent ease by the payment of [illegible] interest in the 7-30s. There has been activity in discounts during the past few days especially in grocers paper. The rates for prime paper range at 5a6 per cent. Foreign exchange is nominal at about the closing rates of yesterday. Gold shows a slight tendency to reach from the [illegible] of yesterday. The price has been below the views of the heavy holders, and there is a disposition to keep the price at about 140 at least until the arrival of further news from London. The total shipments of specie to Europe the past week from this point were $[illegible] from Boston, $[illegible] from Philadelphia, $[illegible]. The total imports of foreign goods at this port for May was over seven and a quarter millions against less than four millions of dollars for the same period last year.

REVIEW OF THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

[Special to the Western Press.]

NEW YORK, June 9—P. M.

Gold remains very easy, and the rate of interest on call loans is steady in dow[n] to 5 per cent.

The Treasury Department is disbursing [illegible] and nearly ten millions in currency will be paid out as interest in 7-30 notes. The gold market closed [illegible]

Railroad [illegible] continue depressed, and there was a further decline [illegible]

Government stocks firm.

RIVER MATTERS.

WILL. S. HAYS, RIVER EDITOR.

Steamboat Printing.

The Democrat office is supplied with the largest assortment of materials for the production of Steamboat Printing of any establishment in the West. We are constantly adding to our already large assortment of Type and Cuts, and are prepared to print Posters, plain or fancy, Bill Heads, Bills Lading, Cards, Deck and Meal Tickets, Bills of Fare, Mates' Tickets for Labor, &c., &c. Orders left with any of the agents will be promptly attended to.

LOUISVILLE, June 9.

ARRIVALS.

Wild Wagoner, Cin.	Gen. Lytle, Cincinnati.
Major Anderson, Cin.	J. F. [illegible], Henderson.
Messenger, New Orleans.	St. Cloud, [illegible]
Nick Longworth, N. O.	

DEPARTURES.

Wild Wagoner, Cin.	Gen. Lytle, Cincinnati.
Major Anderson, Cin.	J. F. [illegible], Henderson.
Morning Star, Memphis.	P. W. Strader, N. Orleans.
Mercury, Nashville.	J. R. Gilmore, Ark. River.
Messenger, Cincinnati.	St. Cloud, New Orleans.

IN PORT.

City Wharf—Bermuda, Hope, Palestine, Belle of Memphis.

At Portland—Nick Longworth, Chattanooga and Ella Faber.

River, Business and Weather.

The river was still [illegible] at this point yesterday. There was six feet water in the canal last evening and four feet in the chute on the falls. Business on the wharf was remarkably dull, and our streets presented a Sunday like appearance. The weather was warm during the day. There were very few ladies out promenading. We are happy to announce that waterfalls are being laid aside, and a thing resembling a cow's tail is being used instead.

Boats Leaving This Day.

—The St. Charles, in charge of our old friend Captain J. M. Martin, will leave the foot of Fourth street at noon to-day, for Cincinnati. She is the People's line packet, and a better boat never turned a wheel. Mr. Cassaway is the accomplished and gentlemanly Clerk, and he is assisted by Messrs. Barker and Bureau, two gentlemen well known for courtesy and goodlooks.

—The Nashville will leave the foot of Fourth street for St. Louis at [illegible] this morning at [illegible] o'clock. [illegible] is a good boat, and has a clever set of officers on board.

Boats Leaving To-morrow.

The Wild Wagoner is the People's Line steamer to-morrow at noon for Cincinnati. Captain [illegible] Hildreth is on the roof and Mr. Ad. Armstrong is in the office.

FOR EVANSVILLE.—The Mary Ament, a beautiful little sidewheel boat, is the regular packet for Evansville to-morrow evening at 5 o'clock. Capt. A. Liter is in command, and our friend W[illegible] Caffrey is in the office. These are clever gentlemen, as well as the entire crew, and the Mary is a perfect pet with all who honor her with their patronage whether they be passengers or shippers.

FOR HENDERSON.—The splendid steamer Tarascon will positively leave Portland to-morrow evening, at 5 o'clock, for Owensboro, Evansville and Henderson. She is in charge of Capt. Jim Lusk a clever gentleman and an old and experienced steamboatman. Mr. John Overbacker is the humane and gentlemanly clerk, and we can assure all who travel with "Capt. Jim and [illegible] John" that they will have a pleasant time on the Tarascon.

Miscellaneous.

—We are happy to learn that Billy Mason is fast recovering from the injuries he received some time ago, by being thrown from a buggy. We hope to see Billy out again soon, for his smiling countenance always makes us forget our sorrows.

—We learn that the new and pretty little side wheel steamer [illegible] will be sold at the city wharf next Saturday at chancery sale. She is a good boat, well furnished, and will make a superb packet.

—We regret to learn that our old friend Capt. Kline [illegible] from eating too much [illegible] river catfish. We hope the Captain will recover soon, for we are not in a humor now a-days to write obituary notices. May he live a thousand years, fish or no fish.

—The Louisiana will arrive to-day from New Orleans and return [illegible] during the week [illegible] is at and well officered. [illegible]

—The [illegible] has arrived at New Orleans all right with her tow. [illegible] is her commander in-chief.

—The J. R. Gilmore passed down yesterday with a barge in tow for Arkansas river. Bill Varble, with the Walker Morris, towed the barge over the falls. He had two companies of 'reconstructors' on board.

—There was quite a [illegible] in front of the Peoples' Line wharfboat yesterday. The [illegible] which got [illegible] he [illegible] made for the Old Line wharfboat, where he had "a friend."

—The Sunday [illegible] of to-day contains a letter from "Jerry Blossom." He has been to Cincinnati and tells us all about it.

—The Liberty will be here Tuesday, and leave for Memphis Wednesday.

—The work of finishing the Belle of Memphis, at the city wharf, is being rapidly pushed forward. She will be a fine boat when she is finished.

—We noticed quite a number of "star-gazers" permanently located on Ben. Durrett's corner yesterday. It looks like times are hard to see so many of them running on the town. It is bad for them, but good for shoemakers.

—The "Ostrander boys" went [illegible] on the Morning Star, yesterday.

Clerks wanting blank books of any kind can be accommodated by leaving their orders with any of the agents, addressed to us, or by calling at the office.

News from Other Ports.

ST. LOUIS.

Business continues only moderate. The low water in the Illinois interferes materially with the receipts of produce from that stream.

Rivers—At this point the [illegible] stopped [illegible] to the snow. Republican, 8th.

RIVER AT DUBUQUE—DELAWARE LEAVES WORK, [illegible] ADVANCE [illegible] FOR KEOKUK. The weather was showery yesterday.

The condition of the river is unchanged, although the decline is not so great as formerly.

The Flora, Captain A. Sheets, arrived from above with [illegible] bushels of wheat, [illegible] was [illegible] into the union elevator. She left several [illegible] of grain at Prairie du Chien.

EVANSVILLE.

The river at this point was again taken as a [illegible] The weather is clear and very warm. Business yesterday was dull. Courier, 8th.

CAIRO.

The river is on the rise, having risen about 1[illegible] inches since [illegible] Weather on yesterday was [illegible] Business is active [illegible] Democrat, 8th.

The Delaware arrived Monday night after freight, [illegible] The Bridgeport, another [illegible] boat arrived yesterday and [illegible] [illegible] her expense, went up to Cairo on to [illegible] here to-day.

There is no doubt but that an advance of 1 per cent. is about to be made on down river freights, which will make grain 60c, flour [illegible] &c. Dubuque Herald, 8th.

MEMPHIS.

Boats in port—steamers Justice, Lady, B. M. Bishop, City of Alton, Cotton, [illegible]

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.—The [illegible] pursued [illegible] but it did not, or could not, have the effect to improve business. The river has been almost deserted during the day. Very few boats arrive and departures are very light. The river shrinks slowly.—Bulletin, 7th.

NASHVILLE.

Heavy rains in the up-river country have already swelled the river to 7 feet on the shoals, with a prospect of a first-class June rise. Banner, 9th.

Avoid the Cholera.

SARGENT'S CHLORIDE OF ZINC, FOR DEodorizing and purifying Sick Chambers, Hospitals, Wards, Closets and Chamber Vessels, Sinks, Cesspools, Cellars, Vaults, Sewers, and other Foul Places; Preventing the spread of Infectious Diseases, Exterminating Moths, Bugs and other Vermin. Safe, economical and efficient.

WILSON, PETER & CO., Agents, Louisville, Ky.

Sold by all Druggists.

SARGENT'S ELIXIR CALISAYA FERRATUM—A reliable Tonic, containing the valuable properties of Peruvian Bark and Iron, combined by an improved method, avoiding the repulsive inky taste and having a pleasant aromatic flavor. Useful in all forms of debility, nervous prostration, loss of appetite, headache, dyspepsia, and improving the condition of the Blood. A sure preventive of Fever and Ague.

WILSON, PETER & CO., Louisville, Agents for the Southwest.

Sold by all Druggists.

SARGENT'S ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER—The best preparation of Ginger in use. A reliable remedy for Colic, Indigestion, Diarrhea and Incipient Cholera. No person should be without it during the prevalence of epidemic Cholera. Invaluable in hot weather to all travelers.

WILSON, PETER & CO., Agents, Louisville, Ky.

Sold by all Druggists.

Cotton Buyers, Notice.

THE REGULAR SALES OF COTTON AT THE Warehouse of PORTER, FAIRFAX & CO. will begin Tuesday, April 24, at 10 o'clock, and will be conducted twice each week, sale days being Tuesdays and Fridays.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Extract from a letter from the Ex-Collector of the Port of Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, MD., Feb. 19th, 1863.

Messrs. Reed, Cutler & Co.

Gents—We have at this time in this city a vast number of suffering poor, many of whom at this inclement season are afflicted with severe colds and coughs.

For the past THIRTY-NINE YEARS I have used in my family and given away liberally, your Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, and now wish you to send me, by Adams' Express, one dozen of the large bottles, the money for which I will remit by mail upon receipt of the bill.

Respectfully yours, NATHANIEL F. WILLIAMS.

Sold in Louisville, Ky., by E. WILDER, Druggist.

Marriage and Celibacy, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men, just published by the Howard Association, and sent in sealed letter envelops, free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

J. E. CURRAN. R. S. TURNER. THOS. H. TAYLOR, Of Frankfort, Ky.

J. E. CURRAN & CO.,

Cotton Factors

AND

General Commission Merchants,

Mobile, Alabama.

CONSIGNMENTS OF BAGGING AND ROPE, Provisions and Western Produce solicited. Sales and returns promptly made.

Refer, by permission, to

Bank of Kentucky, Farmers Bank of Kentucky, Pepper & Watson,	Frankfort.
H. D. Newcomb & Bro., C. N. Warren & Co.,	Louisville.

Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bedbugs

Kills upon touch, cuts them up as fire does a leaf, and remains of permanent effect. Try it and sleep in peace. Sold by all live druggists.

Watch the Bowels.

SEE THAT THEY ARE IN HEALTHY CONdition. Diarrhœa precedes cholera, and should that fearful malady come among us we ought to be prepared for it. Call at our Medicine and Variety Store, No. 78 Fourth street, for the latest and most approved Remedies. ADVICE GRATIS.

Raymond & Co.

WHY NOT USE THE BEST?

Over twenty years' increasing demand has established the fact that MATHEWS' VENETIAN HAIR DYE is the best in the world. It is the cheapest, the most reliable and most convenient. Complete in one bottle. Does not require any previous preparation of the hair. No trouble. No crock or stain. Does not rub off or make the hair appear dusty and dead, but imparts to it new life and lustre. Produces a beautiful black or brown, as preferred. A child can apply it. Always gives satisfaction. Only 75 cents per bottle. Sold everywhere.

A. I. MATHEWS, Manufacturer, N. Y. DEMAS BARNES & CO., New York, Wholesale Agents.

DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, SUMMER COMPLAINT, etc., relieved at once by the use of MAGUIRE'S COMPOUND EXTRACT of BENNE PLANT.

A RICH GROWTH OF HAIR PRODUCED. The natural color restored (not dyed) and disease of the scalp, falling off, &c., effectually cured by using MAGUIRE'S HAIR COLORING RESTORATIVE BALM. Price $1 per bottle. Prepared and sold by J. & C. MAGUIRE, Druggists, s. w. corner of Olive and Second streets. Sold by RAYMOND & CO., 71 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky. And by all Druggists.

SECRET DISEASES.

SAMARITAN'S GIFT! SAMARITAN'S GIFT!

The Most Certain Remedy Ever Used.

Yes, a Positive Cure. Balsam, Copaiba and Mercury Discarded.

Only ten pills to be taken to effect a cure. They are purely vegetable, having no smell or unpleasant taste and will not in any way injure the stomach or bowels of the most delicate. Cures in from two to four days, and recent cases in twenty-four hours.

No exposure, no trouble, no change whatever. Male packages $2; female $3; sent by mail.

SAMARITAN'S ROOT AND HERB JUICES. A positive and permanent cure for syphilis, scrofula, ulcers, sores, spots, tetters, &c. There is not another remedy known to equal it for the cure of syphilis. It purifies and eradicates. Price $1 per bottle. All remittances must be accompanied by 12c postage. Sold by RAYMOND & CO., No. 74 Fourth street, Louisville. DESMOND & CO., Proprietors, 915 Race street, Philadelphia.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

At the Great Field Trial, Held MAY 29, 1866,

ON THE FARM OF ALFRED HERR, ESQ., seven miles east of the city.

The Buckeye Cultivator

Was Awarded the Preference,

By a decided majority over the Hawkeye, Stafford, Case, Rice, Ford and Bradley, Yost and St. John. The following is the committee's report:

The undersigned committee, appointed to judge the merits of the various cultivators on exhibition at the farm of Albert Herr, Esq., on the 29th day of May, 1866, award the following opinion, viz: The cultivator marked No. 1, the Buckeye, we give the preference by a decided majority. The balance of the machines on exhibition, we consider a perfect success, and were each of [illegible]

GEORGE HERR, J. B. WIGHT, W. L. RAFFERTY, JOHN REDY, S. B. STEELE.

For sale by

MOORE & BARRET,

37 Main street, bet. Fourth and Fifth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Ball's Reaper and Mower and Excelsior Dropper, Horse Powers and Threshers, Hay Rakes, and all varieties of Farming Implements, also Plaster, Lime and Cement, for sale by

MOORE & BARRET.

Repairs for Miller & Moore's make of Machinery.

Lake Ice.

JOHN P. CROMIE,

Wholesale and retail dealer in

PURE NORTHERN LAKE ICE

HAS IN STORE AND OFFERS FOR SALE [illegible] the above PURE ICE. I am now [illegible] and guarantee a supply for the entire season at [illegible] rates. All orders from the South promptly attended to and [illegible] packed for shipment.

[illegible] Fifth street, opposite the Courthouse. [illegible] Depot, southeast corner Main and Thirteenth, Louisville, Ky.

BAMBERGER, BLOOM & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

No. 193 (old No. 524) Main street, north side, LOUISVILLE, KY.

E. BAMBERGER, New York. N. BLOOM, L. BAMBERGER, Louisville, Ky.

GRAVES & SON,

228 Market Street. 228

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Drugs and all kinds of Patent Medicines, Perfumery and Fancy Articles,

And Proprietors of all of Doctor Graves' Remedies.

GRAVES' AGUE PILLS THAT NEVER FAIL to cure Ague, Chills and Intermittent Fevers.

GRAVES' ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS a safe, mild and efficient Cathartic, used in all Fevers, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and all derangements of the Digestive Organs.

GRAVES' AMERICAN LINIMENT, used internally cures Cholera and Cholera Morbus; cures Cramp [illegible] and [illegible] in horses and nothing [illegible] for Diarrhœa and Flux; applied externally for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Sprains, Bruises, &c.

GRAVES' CANDY VERMIFUGE is a safe, mild and certain Worm Destroyer.

GRAVES' PAIN EXTRACTOR will give immediate relief in cases of Scalds and Burns, and will cure Scald Head, Old Ulcers and Tetter.

GRAVES' PILE OINTMENT will cure Piles quicker than any other remedy.

GRAVES' CURE FOR DIPTHERIA and all Throat Diseases is a sure and reliable remedy for these painful and dangerous diseases.

GRAVES' POMADE gives a beautiful gloss to the hair and will [illegible] it from falling out [illegible] in one hair and will kill all kinds of Lice, and is a certain cure for common and camp [illegible]

All of the above Medicines are warranted to give entire satisfaction.

All of Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Medicines for sale by Graves & Son.

Dr. John C. Terfloth's

LIFE ELIXIR!

For the Prolongation of Life.

THE CELEBRATED ELIXIR ABOVE NAMED was introduced into this country by the subscriber in 1862. In Germany, for the last fifteen years, its remedial and invigorating properties have become so well known as to render its use almost universal in the community. There, and latterly likewise in Paris and London, many of the most eminent and trusted physicians have not hesitated to recommend its use.

This Elixir is composed entirely of vegetable ingredients, all of which are not only harmless in their action, but highly invigorating to the system.

Through its use the appetite is strengthened, digestion promoted, the bowels regulated, and the blood purified. It is particularly beneficial to persons suffering from costiveness and piles. It would be impossible, without extending this notice to too great a length, to give a history with part of the testimony as to the value of the Life Elixir as a sure remedy for numerous distressing diseases. He takes pleasure, however, in furnishing for publication a copy of the annexed general certificate to which will be found attached the names of several of our best known and most respected citizens. JOHN C. TERFLOTH.

The subscribers having used in their families the Life Elixir of Dr. John C. Terfloth are gratified in being able to recommend its use to others in regulating morbid action of the bowels in promoting digestion and invigorating the system; also as a curative in that class of diseases which are dependent upon malarious influences we have found the Elixir truly invaluable.

Peters, Webb & Co.,	E. O. Bohne, Lou. Hotel,
J. S. Morris & Sons,	[illegible] & Drosbach,
Edw'd A. Fross, Druggist,	Jas. A. Murphy,
Th. Bender, Druggist,	Jas. A. Lemon,
J. Shrods,	John Weaver & Co.,
Geo. P. Doern,	[illegible]
John T. Moore,	George W. Tyler,
Francis Reidhar, Pres.	[illegible]
Ger. Insurance Bank,	Joseph Deppen,
J. L. Deppen,	J. Winter,
J. C. Ruter,	[illegible] Vogt,
Mayer Brothers,	Jac. Schmidt,
H. Thierman & Co.,	Jac. Dollinger.
John Kalchern.	

Daily Democrat.

Domestic Relations in Germany—How Matrimonial Matters are Arranged.

[From a H[illegible] Journal.]

It is permitted under no circumstances, except where the parties are engaged, that a gentleman should accompany a lady to a theater, ball or concert, and should it happen, the lady would be declared infamous, and thrown out of all good society. There are no evening visits made, and, above all, it is forbidden that a young man should call upon his young lady acquaintances; in fact, a gentleman can have no lady friends, as he can never come in contact with them except at balls, where it is under the greatest reserve. Marriage is reduced to a business contract. A young man sees a lady at a ball, takes a fancy to her looks, inquires who her parents are, how much money they have and how much the lady will get at her marriage. If the conditions suit him—i. e., if he likes the looks of the animal, and the *pertinenzen* are to his mind, he visits the parents and proposes to marry the daughter. The parents make inquiries respecting his position, and especially respecting the quantity of money he may possess. Should the reports be favorable, they refer to the daughter, tell her the conditions, and, if they suit her, they are declared to be engaged. Cards in the form: *Herr Mueller, Fraulein Schmidt, engaged*, are immediately sent to the friends. The engagement is also proclaimed from the pulpit. From this time they stand to one another in the relation of *Braut* and *Brautigam*—bride and bridegroom—but not in our sense of words, as this relation ceases and they lose these appellations at marriage. The gentleman has now the right to visit the lady when he pleases, which he is expected to do every evening. He can accompany her in public balls, concerts, etc., as he pleases—in fact, he must now improve his time to fall in love with her. No other man can dance with her or have anything to do with her without his consent.

Should the *Brautigam* break the engagement and refuse to marry her, the *Braut* can sue and obtain damages for breach of promise; but this she never does, as the German idea of honor would not allow it. Should the *Braut* accidentally have a child—at accidents will happen—it is illegitimate, but is legitimatized *per subsequens matrimonium*. By the marriage the contract is complete, and, according to the old German maxim, the husband is *Herr*—lord of the house. She is completely under his control, which control is often harsh. She becomes a machine to work and to have children. We have no women's rights women over here. They have no rights, and, knowing it, are contented with it, and make no noise about it.

Should a man marry one of several sisters, and his wife dies, he will, if possible, marry one of the remaining sisters. I know a man who married through a family of four sisters, one after the other. They think by this course the children of the first wife will be better cared for than if they were to marry a person out of the family.

LIFE.—Life is but death's vestibule; and our pilgrimage on earth is but a journey to the grave. The pulse that preserves our being beats our dead march, and the blood which circulates our life is floating it onward to the depths of death. To-day we see our friends in health; to-morrow we hear of their decease. We clasped the hand of the strong man but yesterday, and to-day we close his eyes. We rode in a chariot of comfort but an hour ago, and in a few more hours the last black chariot must convey us to the house of all the living. Oh, how closely allied is death to life! The lamb that sports in the field must soon feel the knife. The ox that loweth in the pasture is fattening for the slaughter. Trees do but grow that they may be felled. Yes, and greater things than these feel death. Empires rise and flourish; they flourish but to decay, they rise but to fall.

How often do we take up the volume of history and read of the rise and fall of empires! We hear of the coronation and the death of kings. Death is the black servant who rides behind the chariot of life. See life, and death is close behind it. Death reacheth far throughout this world, and hath stamped all terrestrial things with the broad arrow of the grave. Stars die maybap; it is said that conflagrations have been seen far off in the ether, and astronomers have marked the funerals of other worlds—the decay of those mighty orbs that we have imagined set forever in sockets of silver to glisten as the lamps of eternity. But blessed be God, there is one place where death is not life's brother—where life reigns alone; "to live" is not the first syllable which is to be followed by the next, "to die." There is a land where the death-knells are never tolled, where winding sheets are never woven, where graves are never dug. Blest land beyond the skies. To reach it we must die.—Spurgeon.

ADVENTUROUS.—An Eastern paper says:

The ship Red Jacket, which arrived at New Bedford Friday afternoon, made the passage from Honolulu in one hundred days. She commenced leaking when two days out from Honolulu, and the pumps have been kept in constant motion ever since, discharging water at the rate of one hundred thousand gallons per day. A windmill was rigged up by the captain, which rendered the crew valuable aid in working the pumps. Captain James S. Dillingham, of Chelsea, who commanded her on the voyage, has led an adventurous life for the last few years. In 18[illegible] he brought the ship Nabob, of Boston, into port, after a voyage of ten thousand miles, most of the way under temporary rigging. He served a year in the navy, and afterward, while in command of the clipper-ship Snow Squall, was wrecked in the Straits of Lemair. He procured another vessel, which was burnt by the pirate Florida, and he reached Baltimore on a Portuguese brig. He had proved himself so capable, however, that the owners of the new ship Red Jacket placed him in command of her. He took out a cargo to the Sandwich Islands, last summer, and, by good seamanship, has managed to arrive home safely.

ENGLISH PAUPERISM.—The reports of the Poor Law Board for England and Wales, for the month of March, show that 907,201 paupers were supported in these countries at the close of that month, and this is said to be a very gratifying statement, being over five per cent. less than at the end of the corresponding month of 1865, and nearly eight per cent. less than the number for the corresponding month of 1864. This does not represent the whole number of persons supported during the month, but the number who received aid upon the last day of the month, and it shows that one person out of every twenty-three of the population is regularly supported by the English and Welsh poor rates. A more striking commentary upon the labor systems of those countries cannot be found.

NOVEL MODE OF SMUGGLING ALCOHOL.—A few days since the officers of the customs at Rouse's Point, New York, seized some $2,000 worth of alcohol in casks invoiced *pure shellac varnish*—varnish which proved to contain a slight mixture of gum shellac in alcohol, in order to pass it through the custom-house as varnish. If this new dodge could succeed, we should soon have all the alcohol in the British Provinces introduced into the United States as varnish, as importers can save over two dollars per gallon in passing it through the custom-house in this manner. The highest rate of duty on varnish is less than one dollar per gallon, while alcohol pays three. After passing it through the custom-house in this form the gum is easily separated and the alcohol left pure.

THE INCOME TAX.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has issued an order correcting certain instructions to assessors concerning assessment of incomes for the year 1865, by which it appears a guardian residing abroad should return the income of his ward to the district where the ward resides; and that all expenses for insurance upon property, and all actual losses in business, may be deducted from the gross income of the business of the year.

A torpedo, which was sunk in Charleston harbor over three years ago, recently exploded at a depth of eight fathoms, lifting an immense volume of water.

George L. Browne, Esq., an enterprising citizen of Cooperstown, N. Y., is dead. He was one of the first political prisoners sent to Fort Lafayette.

Dr. Butler, lately created a Massachusetts Major General, proposes to critically "review" the militia of that State in a few days.

Mrs. Mary English has just died in Lawrence, Mass., at the advanced age of 104 years, having been born in Dublin, Ireland, in the year 17[illegible].

Archibald McNeil, a porter in a New York store, stole a letter containing $10,000, and was arrested just as he was departing on a Quebec steamer.

A severe snow storm fell last week in the southern portion of Warren county, N. Y., covering the ground to the depth of several inches and remaining two days.

It is said that Dickens receives $10,000 for the series of thirty readings which he is now giving in London.

The *Te Deum* for the Czar, sung in the Faubourg du Poule, was attended by the elite of Russian society, all in full dress, and as magnificently adorned with gowns as for presentation at court. The blaze of diamonds was something marvelous, and created great curiosity among some of the French spectators gathered there. But in spite of the tremendous quantity of loyalty and diamonds displayed, none of their fair wearers attracted the same attention as that drawn toward two modest-looking young women who stood in the penumbra thrown by the projecting angle of the wall beneath the archway at the entrance of the chapel. These two fair and beautiful strangers became the cynosure of all eyes, the lioness of the day, the "distraction" which caused absently, the universal gaze to wander from the priest at the altar and the wondrous singers of the choir. Their attitude, nevertheless, was humbled and reserved; they seemed to avoid, rather than seek, observation. Their costume was singular enough, however, to attract all the scrutiny they met with; the two fair heads, cropped close, their attire a sort of compromise between the coat and trowsers of the male sex, with the most convenient portions of female costume. A jacket, descending low over the hips, and closed over the bosom by a row of large buttons, a short, very full petticoat of the same, and beneath, just apparent above the high boots of black, shining leather, full inexpressibles, not gathered in but floating just above the knee, and displaying about an inch of snow-white stocking, formed their novel and singular attire. Each held in her hand a low, flat hat, with a large brim, adorned with a cord and tassel. It was soon whispered through the chapel that these young ladies were the first specimens seen in Western Europe of the new sect formed at St. Petersburg among the women there, and which has increased to such an alarming degree that the Government is beginning to take umbrage. The ladies remain unmarried; they assume the cares and responsibilities of the male sex, work at all kinds of manual labor; go to the Bourse, transact every kind of mercantile business, according to the state of life in which they have been placed by providence. The new sect is called that of the "Nihilists."

MINERAL WEALTH OF WOLFE AND OWSLEY COUNTIES.—We have lately seen some specimens of iron and lead ore and lithograph stone, discovered by Dr. De Mortimer, in Wolfe and Owsley counties, about twenty-five or thirty miles from this place. The iron and lead ores are the richest specimens we have ever seen, and exist in large quantities. The lithograph stone the Doctor pronounces superior to that imported from the old world, and to the only quarry yet found in the United States. He exhibited to us several pieces which he had polished, and in smoothness they excelled the finest razor-hones. The quarry, he says, is inexhaustible—extends for ten miles, and can be easily worked. The various purposes to which the rock can be applied render it of untold value. He also showed us samples of cannel coal found in the same counties, which is the best we have ever seen.

The Doctor is a man of fine scientific attainments, and has spent more than a year in exploring the mineral wealth of the tier of counties above us. He decides that he has seen no region that is so exhaustless in minerals, and that furnishes such profitable fields for investment.

Nothing is needed but a road to these districts. A railroad can be made with a grade of less than thirty feet to the mile, which will pass right through these coal, iron and lead regions, which will make this part of Kentucky rich and prosperous. The Doctor assures us that the one item of lithograph rock will pay for the construction of the road. If the citizens of Kentucky have not the money and enterprise to build a road through this country we trust that the people of Cincinnati will take the matter in hand.—Mt. Sterling Ky. Sentinel, 8th inst.

The pretense of plantation-hunting Yankees that their object in going South is not to make money, but to better the condition of the benighted population of that region, recalls the anecdote told by Dean Swift of the speech made by William of Orange when he landed at Torbay in 1688, on his way to take possession of the British throne. "Mein beeples," said his majesty to a deputation of loyal Britons who had assembled on the quay to welcome him, "Mein beeples, I come here for your goods—*for all your goods*"—the most remarkable instance, said the sarcastic and witty Dean, in all history of a man unconsciously telling the truth.

HOW A HOG SWEATS.—Not like a horse or man, but through his forelegs. There is a spot on each leg, just below the knee, in the form of a sieve; through this the sweat passes off. And it is necessary that this is kept open. If it gets closed, as is sometimes the case, the hog will get sick; he will appear stiff and cramped—and unless he gets relief it will go hard with him. To relieve him, simply open the pores. This is done by rubbing the spot with a corn-cob, and washing with warm water.

Justice Gould tried a case at York, and when he had proceeded about two hours discovered only eleven men in the box. "Where is the twelfth?" asked he. "Please you, my Lord," said one of the eleven, "he is gone away about some other business, but he has left the verdict with me!"

A gentleman going into a chop-house, the other day, found the room very close and hot. He called the waiter and said: "Haven't you any ventilators?" The reply was: "No, sir, they are all gone. I just served up the last."

The Petersburg Express says that a man left there on Monday on a trip to the North, for the sole purpose of seeing "tilting hoops" and the "false calf," those articles not having appeared in Petersburg.

"Why, Hans, you have the most ferocious cast of countenance I have ever seen." "Oh, yaw," was the reply; "I know de reason for dat: *mine modder was a bruiser*."

There is not a liquor shop in Beverly, Mass., and no one can be found to take the State liquor agency.

A felon escaped from a detective and leaped from a New Jersey train into eternity last week.

Major General Schofield has returned from Europe. He regards war there as inevitable.

Senator Sumner is suffering from "severe nervous and cerebral disorder."

There are 30,000 blind people in England.

HOTELS.

WEST BADEN SPRINGS.

To Invalids and Pleasure-Seekers.

THIS DELIGHTFUL WATERING PLACE so favorably, for years recognized as the chief resort of health and pleasure seekers from all parts of the [illegible] ... very large and attractive [illegible] have been added to the West Baden [illegible] ... additional chambers and rooms for 25[illegible]

The West Baden Springs are situated in Orange [illegible]. They are reached by the New Albany and Salem Railroad ... [illegible]

H. WILKINS, Proprietor.

Messrs. J. [illegible] & CO. have taken exclusive [illegible] of the BAR which has been [illegible] ... TEN PIN ALLEYS ... [illegible]

Beall & Breinig's String Band

[illegible] ... the season ... [illegible]

H. WILKINS.

GRAYSON SPRINGS.

GRAYSON COUNTY, KY.

THE ESTABLISHMENT AT THESE SPRINGS [illegible] ...

M. P. CLARKSON, Proprietor.

LA PIERRE HOUSE, Philadelphia.

THE [illegible] HAVING LEASED THIS [illegible] ...

BAKER & FARLEY.

U. S. HOTEL,

Louisville, Ky.,

(Most centrally located.)

IN UNDERGOING THOROUGH REPAIR.

STOCKTON & CO.

JOHN T. COX, Chief Clerk. ap[illegible]

PHŒNIX HOTEL,

Northwest corner Main and Ninth sts.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RECENTLY purchased and newly furnished the above Hotel [illegible] ...

J. H. [illegible]ARY,

R. W. [illegible]NAUD.

C. MYERS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Ready-Made Clothing

FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, ETC.

76 Market street, between Brook and Floyd, (under the Howard House),

LOUISVILLE, KY.

ap[illegible]

TELEGRAPHIC.

YESTERDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Fenian Position—The British Concentrating—Seizure of Fenian Ammunition—British Volunteers Dying from Fatigue—The U. S. Troops Tainted with Fenianism.

NEW YORK, May 9.

Montreal special says Murphy and Mehan, prisoners at Cornwall, have been removed to the Citadel at Quebec.

A St. Albans special says Colonel Scanlan has arrived there. It was his regiment which defeated the Fenians at Pigeon Hill. He has ordered it to withdraw.

Spear still holds Pigeon Hill. Carpenter's Hotel there was torn down because the proprietors jeered and defied the Fenians.

Col. Livingston, with United States troops, moved out to the border. Six pieces of artillery, for Gen. Spear, passed Fairfield to-day. Three thousand British were reported concentrating at Richefield to intercept Gen. Spear. Ten tons of Fenian ammunition was seized at Burlington by the United States Marshal. Eight British volunteers died from fatigue, on departure from St. Armand.

A Malone special says it is believed that the Fenians there, under command of subordinate officers, will at once proceed to St. Albans to re-enforce Spear.

Horses to mount cavalry are being obtained along the border.

General Murphy advised the men to remain in Malone a few days, and he would give them a fight.

It is supposed that Meade will have to proclaim martial law and drive the Fenians from Malone at the point of the bayonet, as soon as he receives re-enforcements.

An Ogdensburg special says:

O'Neill is at Malone, and is emphatic in his declaration of a blow to be struck before Sunday night.

The dispatch says the United States troops are thoroughly tainted with Fenianism, and cannot be relied on to enforce extreme measures.

Washington Specials to the Morning Papers.

NEW YORK, June [illegible].

The morning papers have the following special telegrams from Washington:

Rev. Mr. Porter, D. D., of South Carolina, has succeeded in obtaining from the Secretary of the Treasury the Marine Hospital in that State for the purpose of holding a freedmen's school. He was sent here by the Episcopal Board of Missions.

The validity of the civil rights bill has again been called into question by Justice Watkins, of Sandy Hook, Md., in the case of a charge of rape made by a colored woman in behalf of her daughter against a white man. The justice decided that the evidence of a white witness was necessary before he could take cognizance of the affair. The case was first reported to the War Department, and by it referred to the proper authorities for investigation.

It is said that a majority of the Cabinet are in favor of Jeff. Davis being paroled, and it was so far arranged that the amount was fixed as to the required security, which was two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

It appears that it will take nearly three millions of dollars to carry out the treaties which have recently been made with the Indians.

The Fry-Conkling committee are taking quite a voluminous testimony, which is said to be damaging both to General Fry and the business management of his bureau.

It is understood that Judge Poland will report favorably on the Jencks bankrupt bill, from the Judiciary Committee, next week, but there is very little hope of its passage this session, as it will provoke more discussion than the Senate can devote to it prior to the summer adjournment.

Gen. Spears' Fenian Cavalry Attack and Rout the British Forces—The Fenians Deserting—A Fenian Council of War—The Troops to be Ordered to their Homes.

NEW YORK, June 8.

A portion of Gen. Spears' Fenian cavalry made a dash into Freleighsburg yesterday, routed a British force and captured a large British flag. Gen. Spears immediately commenced intrenching.

The morale of the army is very bad, desertions are the rule, and whole companies are making tracks for the nearest home transportation office, and in some instances regiments desert as an organization. Drunkenness prevails to an alarming extent.

Col. Scanlon, with his regiment, engaged a body of British horse at Pigeon Hill yesterday. The British were driven in confusion, losing three flags, and one man killed and several wounded. The Fenians had three wounded. Col. Scanlon then ordered his regiment to withdraw, and they are now at St. Albans.

Gen. Sweeney was held to bail in $20,000 and Col. Mehan in $5,000.

A Fenian council of war at Buffalo decided that it was best to order all the troops back to their homes. Without arms and without money, they think it a useless waste of life to enter Canada.

Report of the Majority of the Reconstruction Committee.

NEW YORK, June 9.

The report of the majority of the Reconstruction Committee, laid before Congress yesterday, declares that the lately rebellious States can only be restored to their political rights by the consent of Congress; that the Governors appointed by the President had no power to organize civil courts, and that no Constitution has been legally adopted in any of these States, except Tennessee. The report further represents that Tennessee is the only one of the States at all qualified for representation in Congress. The minority, who dissent from the conclusions of the committee, are Senator Reverdy Johnson and Representatives Henry Grider and Andrew J. Rogers.

Sailing of Steamers with Specie for Europe—Arrival of the New York from Aspinwall.

NEW YORK, June 9.

The steamers City of London, Teutonia, Fulton, Denmark, Brazilian and United Kingdom sailed for Europe to-day. The three first took about $2,215,000 in gold. The steamer New York, from Aspinwall, with California mails to the 19th, has arrived, bringing $853,000 in treasure.

News from the South Pacific unimportant. A grand national banquet has been given at Lima in honor of the repulse of the Spaniards. Nothing had been heard of the new Peruvian iron-clad since leaving Brazil.

FROM BOSTON.

Dispatch from Gen. Mehan—The Fenians Victorious.

BOSTON, June 9.

The following dispatch from Brig. Gen. Mehan is printed in the Herald of this city:

"*Pigeon Hill, C. E., June 9, 1866.*—We are in the enemy's country. The flag waves defiantly, and we have captured Pigeon Hill, St. Armand, Center, Slab City and the British colors. We are ready to advance; hurry up the ammunition. Victory or death. Growlers and cowards have gone to the rear. They will talk about our position, but don't mind them. The tried men of nerve are at the front."

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Public Meetings in Arizona.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.

A Prescott (Arizona) letter states that several public meetings have been held in that place to consider matters before Congress. A strong protest is made against the Pomeroy bill, which proposes to exercise the gift of public lands for the improvement of navigation of the Colorado river, and for the building of roads therefrom to Salt Lake and Prescott. Resolutions were adopted opposing the absorption by Nevada of all territory west of the Colorado.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Destructive Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, June 9.

A destructive fire broke out here this morning, on the corner of Twenty-fifth and Callowhill streets, on the Schuylkill. Dearnes' woolen mills and James Monarch, Jr., & Co.'s establishments for dyeing and printing cotton and woolen, were destroyed. The Keystone mills were saved. Loss $200,000, which is partially insured in New York and New England companies.

FROM BUFFALO.

Accident to a Lake Steamer.

BUFFALO, June 9.

The propeller City of Buffalo arrived this morning. The reason of the detention was breaking her steam-pipe, causing her to leak badly. No damage to the cargo. She will be all right in a few days.

River and Weather.

CINCINNATI, June 9.

The river has risen two inches, with fourteen feet in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer 8[illegible].

CHURCHILL & EBBET'S

PERSPIRATION-PROOF

ENAMELED COLLARS.

VAN PELT, MOSES & CO.,

ap[illegible] 3m* SOLE AGENTS, Louisville, Ky.

JAMES KEENAN,

(Successor to A. Fox & J. Keenan.)

DEALER IN

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE.

Cash paid for Household Furniture.

my2 1f] No. 184 Market st., bet. Fifth and Sixth.

AUGUST ELECTION.

FOR CITY CLERK.

We are authorized to announce PHIL. TOMPPERT, Jr., as a candidate for re-election as Clerk of the City Court, at the August election. ledt te

We are authorized to announce WILL HORAN as a candidate for Clerk of the City Court at the August election. my3 te

LEE CHAMBERS—We are authorized to announce Lee Chambers as a candidate for City Court Clerk, at the August election. apl1 te

J. P. ROGERS is a candidate for Clerk of the City Court, at the August election. mr27 te

W. S. D. MEGOWAN is a candidate for Clerk of the City Court, at the August election. ap3 te

PAT. H. BLAND is a candidate for Clerk of the City Court, at the August election. ap8 te*

W. W. TWYMAN is a candidate for Clerk of the City Court, at the ensuing August election. apl1 te

J. M. VAUGHAN is a candidate for Clerk of the City Court, at the August election. ap9 te

FOR CITY JUDGE.

J. F. PHILPER is a candidate for Judge of the Police Court, at the ensuing August election. mr27 te

JAMES R. HARRISON is a candidate for the office of City Judge at the August election. Judge Harrison is the present incumbent. apl1 te

E. S. CRAIG is a candidate for Judge of the City Court, at the ensuing August election. ap21 te

FOR CITY MARSHAL.

J. MARSHALL CRAWFORD is a candidate for Marshal of the City Court, at August election. je1 te

H. C. RUSSELL is a candidate for Marshal of the City Court, at the ensuing election. my1 te

PAT. DILLON is a candidate for re-election as City Marshal, at the ensuing August election. my13

FOR JAILER.

We are authorized to announce WM. J. ROBARDS as a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county at the ensuing August election. je6 te*

JAS. A. BEASER is a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. [illegible]

Editors Democrat: Please announce ISAAC BATMAN as a candidate for Jailer in Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election, and oblige ap4 MANY VOTERS.

CHAS. A. POWELL is a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at the August election. ap[illegible] te*

JOHN SHAW is a candidate for Jailer, at the ensuing August election. mr29

W. A. DONALD is a candidate for the office of Jailer of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. mr20 te*

HENRY WIBBEN is a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at the August election. mr15

We are authorized to announce W. K. THOMAS as a candidate for re-election for Jailer, at the August election. mr9

We are authorized to announce JAS. C. GILL, at present Coroner of the county, as a candidate for Jailer, at the ensuing August election. ap1 te*

E. W. CANNON is a candidate for Jailer in Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. mr5 te*

M. J. SCHMITT is a candidate for Jailer of Jefferson county, at next August election. ja12 te

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY.

FRANK MAGUIRE is a candidate for County Attorney. je5 te*

THOMAS B. BAIRD is a candidate for County Attorney, at the August election. my25 d&wte*

J. G. WILSON is a candidate for re-election to the office of County Attorney for Jefferson county. ap25 te

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.

JOHN TOBB is a candidate for Surveyor of Jefferson county and city of Louisville, at the ensuing election. my5 te

FOR SHERIFF JEFFERSON COUNTY.

We are authorized to announce WM. H. ABLE as a candidate for Sheriff of Jefferson county, at ensuing election. mr24

J. WASH. DAVIS is a candidate for Sheriff of Jefferson county at the August election. mr23 te

We are authorized to announce THOS. SHANKS, one of the present deputies, as a candidate for Sheriff of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. mr9 te

J. F. GALBREATH is a candidate for Sheriff of Jefferson county, Ky., at the ensuing August election. mr2 te

FOR JUDGE OF JEFFERSON COUNTY COURT.

We are authorized to announce JOHN JOYES as a candidate for the office of Judge of the County Court of Jefferson county. ap17 te

We are authorized to announce EDWARD GARLAND as a candidate for the office of Judge of the Jefferson County Court, at the August election. mr2

HON. ANDREW MONROE is a candidate for re-election as Judge of the Jefferson County Court, at the August election.

W. R. HOKE is a candidate for Judge of the Jefferson County Court, at the August election. mr15 te

FOR CLERK OF JEFFERSON COUNTY COURT.

T. JACK CONN is a candidate for re-election as Clerk of the Jefferson County Court, at the ensuing election. ap5 d&wte*

WM. PRESTON JOHNSTON is a candidate for Clerk of the County Court, at the August election. my22 te

We are authorized to announce Major W. P. McDOWELL as a candidate for Clerk of the County Court of Jefferson county. my7 te

If Col. WM. PRESTON JOHNSTON will consent to become a candidate for the clerkship of the Jefferson County Court he will be supported by MANY VOTERS.

Louisville, May 14, 1866.—my15 tf

BRENT HOPKINS is a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Jefferson County Court, at the ensuing August election. ap3

FOR CORONER.

HENRY B. GREEN is a candidate for Coroner of Jefferson county. je1 te*

DICK MOORE is a candidate for Coroner of Jefferson county and city of Louisville, at the ensuing August election. my3 te*

C. C. GREEN (the old Coroner of 1852) is a candidate for re-election in August, 1866. my11 te

STUARD CHAPPELL is a candidate for Coroner of Jefferson county at the August election. my3*

F. R. RANDOLPH is a candidate for Coroner at the ensuing August election. my5 te

JOSEPH KELLER is a candidate for Coroner of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. my9 te*

F. S. [illegible] formerly of Simpson [illegible], Ky., is a candidate for Coroner of Jefferson county, at the ensuing election. my5 te*

MICHAEL PFUSEMAN the undertaker is a candidate for Coroner, at the August election. ap5 te

DR. D. J. O'REILLY is a candidate for the office of Coroner, at the August election. ap[illegible] te

We are authorized to announce Dr. WILEY ROGERS as a candidate for the office of Coroner of Jefferson county, at the ensuing August election. mr9 te

FOR ASSESSOR.

GEORGE K. HUTTON, formerly transcribing clerk in clerk's office of the Chancery Court, is a candidate for Assessor of Jefferson county (including the city of Louisville), at the ensuing August election. my8 te

Remember, your fellow citizen, H. S. GAAR, is a candidate for Assessor, for city and county, at the August election. my1 te

WM. H. WATTS is a candidate for Assessor of Jefferson county, including the city of Louisville, at the ensuing August election. ap1 te

We are authorized to announce Squire JOHN HARRISON, of Jefferson county, as a candidate for County Assessor at the August election. fe24 te

FOR SHERIFF OF OLDHAM COUNTY.

P. R. TAYLOR is a candidate for Sheriff of Oldham county, at the ensuing August election. mr17 te

FOR JUDGE OF COURT OF APPEALS.

COL. W. E. RILEY is a candidate for Appellate Judge, Third District, at the August election.

We are authorized to announce HON. THOMAS A. MARSHALL as a candidate for the office of Judge of the Court of Appeals, in this Appellate District.

Papers in the District copy till election, and send bill to this office.

We are requested to announce P. H. LESLIE Esq., Barren county, Ky., a candidate for Judge of Court of Appeals, in the Third Appellate District, at the ensuing August election. mr11 te

To the Voters of the Third Appellate District of Kentucky: I am a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, at the next August election. JAS. Q. WINTERSMITH.

We are authorized to announce HON. GEO. W. KAVANAUGH as a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, in the Third Appellate District, at the next August election.

We are authorized to announce M. R. HARDIN, Esq., of Nelson county, as a candidate for the office of Judge of the Court of Appeals at the next August election, for the Third Appellate District, composed of the counties of Jefferson, Bullitt, Nelson, Spencer, Hardin, Meade, Larue, Hart, Barren, Monroe, Cumberland, Clinton, Wayne, Russell, Casey, Lincoln, Washington, Marion, Taylor, Greene, Metcalfe and Adair. fe15 te

H. W. WILKES, JR.,

506 Main street, north side near Fourth.

Machine Cards,

A superior quality: a large stock of all varieties on hand the year round.

Bolting Cloth,

Warranted genuine Dufour Anchor Brand, all Numbers.

Machine Belting.

The largest stock in the West; all sizes and kinds of Gum and Leather.

We make specialties of the above, and can sell low as ANY East or West.

mr1 [illegible] Wed

W. GOODMAN, Memphis. A. P. MERRILL JR., New York.

GOODMAN & MERRILL,

General Commission Merchants

No. 36 New st., New York City.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS, and special attention given to the sale of COTTON AND TOBACCO. All orders for purchase filled with care and forwarded without delay.

Our correspondents in Louisville are Messrs. Porter, Fairfax & Co., through whom orders and consignments may be sent. [illegible]

W. A. KLIESSENDERFF,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Office No. 7 Hamilton Building, Corner Sixth and Main st.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

HAVING GOOD FACILITIES FOR THE purchase and sale of Real Estate, renting of Houses and Lots, and collection of Rents, will give immediate attention to any business of the above [illegible] ...

POWER'S PATENT PERPETUAL BROOM

THE ONLY BROOM THAT WILL REVOLUTIONIZE ... [illegible] ...

DEWITT & PIPER

Office, No. 88, Jefferson st., bet. Second and Third, Louisville, Ky.

my20 lm*

ROBERT BIGGS,

PLUMBER,

GAS & STEAM FITTER,

No. 76 south side Green,

Above Third street.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF the most experienced workmen, I am prepared to introduce Water, Gas or Steam Pipes into buildings in a superior and durable manner.

On hand a supply of

GAS FIXTURES, GAS SHADES, BATH TUBS, WASHSTANDS, HYDRANTS, WATER CLOSETS, HOSE PLUGS, GUM HOSE and BRASS WORK.

Old Fixtures regilt and rebronzed. ap7 3m

OFFICE LOUISVILLE ASSOCIATION FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE BREED OF HORSES, LOUISVILLE, May 19, 1866.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE LOUISVILLE Association for the Improvement of the Breed of Horses, will meet at Walker's Exchange, Wednesday, June 20th, 1866, at 11 o'clock. Every member is requested to attend as business of importance will come before the meeting.

W. S. BUFORD, Pres.

W. E. MILTON, Sec'y. my22 lm

ASTROLOGY, &C.

Go and See the Celebrated

ASTROLOGER,

PROFESSOR JULIUS G. ROSS,

FROM CINCINNATI.

HE CAN GIVE YOU TRUE INFORMATION as to the past, present and future, *business affairs, law suits, matrimony, love, absent friends, sickness, &c.*

He tells the events of your whole life, and how to avoid trouble, which is the difficulty with those who do not possess these natural powers. The precision with which he discloses the hidden mysteries of the *Past, Present and Future*, is truly astonishing. He will tell of lost or stolen property, restore tranquillity between husband and wife, and inform Ladies and Gentlemen how to select agreeable companions for life. It would be well for those who are about to travel by land or water to consult him before starting. He speaks of events connected with individuals with a familiarity perfectly marvelous, reveals the future with a certainty truly wonderful (no cards or fortune-telling trickery resorted to), shows a true likeness of absent friends, husband or wife.

OFFICE—41 Green street, corner of Second.

TERMS FOR CONSULTATION—Ladies $1 50; Gentlemen $2. Outlines of individual's whole life sent to any address by stating their age and inclosing the fee of $2. Address Box 7[illegible], Louisville Postoffice. my12

MADAME G'DAIR

WILL TELL FUTURE EVENTS; GIVE the name, age and character. Also delineate characters from likenesses.

Residence No. 246 Market street, south side, between Jackson and Hancock streets. je[illegible]

N. B.

MRS. DR. REIS, CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN, healing by laying on hands. All diseases that human nature is heir to treated with great success by her magnetic mesmeric gifts. This kindle disposed lady, aided by some forty controlling spirits, and when in trance state, gives the most accurate rate of the past, present and future, and can give the exact likeness of your future companion or lover. In all love affairs she is the best counsel that can be had. Her scheme of winning the finest feelings of humanity never fails. Preston-street cars run within a few steps of the office, now located on Jefferson street, between Preston and Jackson, No. 163. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. apl tf

LAW CARDS.

R. H. COCHRELL. N. A. HUMBER.

COCHRELL & HUMBER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office, No. 8 Court Place,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF Louisville. Particular attention given to the collection of Claims in this State and throughout the South, where the firm has an extensive business acquaintance. ja14 3ott

J. M. WRIGHT,

Attorney at Law,

Office No. 8 Bank Building, corner Sixth and Main

ap[illegible] LOUISVILLE, KY. [illegible]

B. L. D. GUFFY,

Attorney at Law,

MORGANTOWN, KY.,

WILL PRACTICE IN THE COUNTIES of Butler, Ohio and Muhlenburg. Soldiers claims of all kinds attended to. my21 d&wf

JOHN H. NEW,

LAW OFFICE,

184 Gravier st, New Orleans.

Refers to Jas. Harrison, Attorney. ap19 1f

WM. PRESTON JOHNSTON,

Attorney at Law,

Louisville, Ky.

OFFICE—NO. 85 EAST SIDE FIFTH STREET, bet. Main and Market. mr31 3m

H. E. READ, Elizabethtown. BRYAN H. ALLEN, Of Lexington, Ky.

READ & ALLEN,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

Office on Sixth street, next door to the City Court-Room. mr14 3m

McCORMICK'S HARVESTING MACHINES.

Self-Raking Reapers and Mowers,

COMBINED AND SEPARATE.

TWO WHEELED MOWER,

Warranted superior to any in the market.

THE McCORMICK SELF-RAKER IS SUPERIOR to all other self-rakers, antiquated hand-rakes or more modern droppers, which are only a poor apology for Self-rakers. It is the only self-raking Reaper manufactured in the United States that can cut and rake the sheaves without a track in the short, tangled and lodged crops that varying seasons produce, and this much is conceded even by the makers and vendors of all rival machines. There are 1,2[illegible] of the leading farmers of Kentucky who have purchased these superior machines in the last three years and who will vouch for their superiority over all other harvesting machines. This improvement in this machine for 1866, to adapt it to working as successfully on steep hill side and as upon level prairie land, is perfect. The grand feature of the McCormick Mower, which distinguishes it above all others, is the lever by which the cutting edge is brought to an angle the finger bar so that it cuts well in an instant by the operator. In the roughest land, by which the cutting edge is kept from dirt and will pass over an ant, or an obstruction of sticking or cutting through it while the stubble is not perfectly slippery when the cutter bar lay flat on the ground. These world-renowned Harvesting Machines are for sale at No. 89 West Main street, bet. Second and Third. Also a full supply of repair parts for all years' machines, from 1851 up to 1866 are kept on hand by

P. MOHAN, General Agent,

m5 tf for the States of Kentucky and Tenn.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S

THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA.

Touching at Mexican Ports, and carrying the U. S. Mail. Through in Twenty-two Days.

Steamships on the Atlantic:	*Connecting on the Pacific with the*
ARIZONA	COLORADO,
HENRY CHAUNCEY	CONSTITUTION,
NEW YORK	GOLDEN CITY,
OCEAN QUEEN	SACRAMENTO,
NORTHERN LIGHT	GOLDEN AGE,
COSTA RICA	MONTANA,
	&c., &c.

ONE OF THE ABOVE LARGE AND SPLENDID Steamships will leave Pier No. 42, North River, foot of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday) for Aspinwall, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the Company's Steamships from Panama for San Francisco, touching at Acapulco.

Departures of the 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific and Central American Ports. Those of the 1st touch at Manzanillo.

A discount of ONE QUARTER from steamers' rates allowed to second cabin and steerage passengers with families. Also, an allowance of ONE QUARTER on through rates to clergymen and their families, and school teachers; soldiers having honorable discharges, HALF FARE.

One Hundred Pounds Baggage allowed to each adult. Baggage masters accompany baggage through, and attend to ladies and children without male protectors. Baggage received on the dock the day before sailing, from steamboats, railroads, and passengers who prefer to send down early.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicine and attendance free.

For Passage Tickets, or further information, apply at the Company's Ticket Office, on the Wharf foot of Canal street, North River, New York.

je1 3m F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED, E. D. STANDEFORD, Geo. Heafer, Jr., W. L. Prather, Amos Seabolt, Thos. Goss and R. T. Durrett, hereby notify all concerned that they will, on the first Monday in July next, being the 2d day of July, apply to the County Court of Jefferson county, and State of Kentucky, to establish themselves as a company for the purpose of making a stone turnpike road under the name and style of "The Poplar Level Turnpike Company." Said road to be six miles and a half long from a point commencing at the extreme southern end of Campbell street, and where it strikes the limits of the city of Louisville, running thence a course east of south along and in Thos. Goss' avenue to his house; thence across said Goss' lands to the lands of Col. Isaac Clarke; thence across the lands of said Clarke to the lands of John Preston, and across said lands to a point in the line common to said Preston and W. L. Prather, near said Prather's western corner; thence along the line common to said Preston and Prather; thence along the line common to said Standeford and Mrs. R. R. Cocke, to Phillips' avenue; thence along the line common to said Standeford and Thos. S. Johnson, to the lands of W. P. Hahn and Hamilton Pope; thence to said Durrett's line to the old Byrd corner; thence in a south-easterly direction to the lands of said Heafer, and with said line to the old Shepherdsville road.

E. D. STANDEFORD, AMOS SEABOLT,
W. L. PRATHER, R. T. DURRETT,
GEO. HEAFER, JR., THOS. GOSS.

my29 1st

F. W. MERZ,

Louisville Architectural Foundery

AND

ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS.

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON FRONTS,

COLUMNS,

CAPS AND BASES,

CORNICES,

And General Building Castings,

IRON RAILINGS,

VERANDAHS,

BALCONIES,

SAFES,

BANK AND JAIL WORKS

Agent for James Sargent's Patent Magnetic Bank Locks, of Rochester, N. Y.

Green st., bet. Second and Third,

my5 2m LOUISVILLE, KY.

XX & XXX ALE,

Pale,

Amber,

Cream,

Champagne

AND

Stock Ale.

WE HAVE A LARGE QUANTITY OF PURE STOCK ALE, in bbls and half bbls, which we invite the public to try samples of before purchasing.

WM. PADDON & SON,

City Brewery,

Sixth st., west side, bet. Main and Water,

my17 3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

BENJ. F. ALFORD,

APOTHECARY,

SEVENTH AND MARKET STREETS,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF BRUSHES ON hand. Orders promptly filled. je3 1m

COTTON YARNS—300 bags assorted sizes in store and for sale by

GEO. C. HUNTER & CO.,

Agents for Manufacturers,

my2 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

INSURANCE.

KNICKERBOCKER

Life Insurance Company,

161 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

ERASTUS LYMAN, President.
B. F. JOHNSON, Vice President.
GEORGE F. SNIFFEN, Secretary.

Assets - - - $1,100,000

No Extra Charge for Southern Residence.

One Rate of Premium all over the United States.

REVERSIONARY DIVIDEND JANUARY 1, 1866, averaging 72 per cent.

Policies issued on all the various plans.

Dividends payable in cash added to policy or applied to the reduction of premium notes.

M. A. HUSTON, Local Agent.

1[illegible] n. w. cor. Fourth and Main sts., Louisville.

FRANK A. SMITH, Kentucky State Agent,

ap28 3m Frankfort, Ky.

Merchants' Insurance Co.,

OF LOUISVILLE.

Capital Stock $500,000
Paid in and Secured 100,000

DIRECTORS.

JOHN M. ROBINSON, THOMAS J. TAPP,
JOHN H. THOMAS, A. A. GORDON,
EDWARD WILDER, JOHN T. MOORE.

H. C. CARUTH, PRESIDENT,
JOHN BARBEE, SECRETARY.

Office over No. 245 north side Main street, between Sixth and Seventh.

MARINE, INLAND, TRANSPORTATION, and Fire Risks, taken at current rates. apl 3m

DISSOLUTIONS.

Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING BEEN APpointed administrator of William Burkhardt, deceased, requests all persons having claims against decedent, to present their properly authenticated for payment. HENRY BURKHARDT,

se22 tf Adm'r of Wm. Burkhardt, dec'd.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE FIRM OF W. & H. BURKHARDT IS DISsolved by the death of William Burkhardt, which occurred on the 12th inst. The survivor, Henry Burkhardt, continues the business from and after Sept. 2th, 1865, in his own name, and as surviving partner will close up the business of the late firm, at the same house they occupied, on Main st., between Fifth and Sixth.

HENRY BURKHARDT.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 21st, 1865. se22 tf

COPARTNERSHIPS.

Copartnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING FORMED A copartnership under the name of McNETT & BYRNE, will continue the furniture business at the old stand of Ham & McNett, No. 11 Market st., bet. First and Brook, where they will be glad to receive the customers of the house and the public generally. They will keep a general assortment of Furniture, and invite housekeepers and others to call and learn prices before purchasing elsewhere. The highest prices paid for second-hand furniture. Persons declining housekeeping are invited to call and see us.

J. H. McNETT,
JAS. L. BYRNE.

my15 tf

Copartnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership for the transaction of the wholesale and retail DRY GOODS business, at the old stand, Nos. 109 and 11 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky., under the style and firm of S. BARKER & CO., to date from March 1st, 1866.

S. BARKER,
J. R. MIDDLETON,
B. C. BARKER,
JAS. OWEN.

Louisville, Ky., March 9th, 1866. mr11 tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership, dating from January 1st, 1866, to conduct a Wholesale Grocery and Commission business under the firm of Newcomb, Buchanan & Co., and have taken the warehouses on Wall street, heretofore occupied by H. D. Newcomb & Bro.

H. D. NEWCOMB,
GEORGE C. BUCHANAN,
H. VICTOR NEWCOMB.

Louisville, Jan. 9th, 1866.—ja10

LAKE ICE.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

L. R. FIGG,

Wholesale and retail dealer in

NORTHERN CRYSTAL LAKE ICE.

I WOULD SAY TO THE CITIZENS OF LOUisville and vicinity that I have received a full supply of NORTHERN LAKE ICE for the present season, and also have on hand a large supply of home-made Ice, and before they make their contracts for Ice they will do well to call on me as I am prepared to supply them as cheap as any Ice Merchant in the market, and a full supply guaranteed during the season. Office, Second street, between Market and Jefferson, west side.

mr31 tf L. R. FIGG.

J. A. FULLER. R. C. WATSON.

FULLER & WATSON,

DEALERS IN

NORTHERN LAKE ICE.

STEAMBOATS, HOTELS, RESTAURANTS and Private Families supplied on the shortest notice and guaranteed contracts given to supply parties during the entire season at an established price.

Louisville office at Erwin & Donahue's, No 35 Fourth street.

New Albany office at DePauw House, Main street.

my13 tf

CINCINNATI CARDS.

GAYLORD, SON & CO.,

Manufacturers of

Boiler, Sheet, Round and Square Iron,

Boiler Rivets and Iron Cotton Ties,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

MAKE A SPECIALITY OF BOILER PLATE, in the manufacture of which they have been engaged over thirty years, making our own charcoal blooms, giving us the advantage of a uniform quality. Orders solicited. ap12 tm

DENTISTRY.

J. H. BEDFORD,

Surgeon Dentist,

OFFICE—No. 30 JEFFERSON STREET, BET. First and Second, Louisville, Ky., has now reduced his prices as follows: Full sets of Teeth on Vulcanite Rubber $15 to $25. All other work proportionately low. All work warranted, and done in the very best style. Call and see specimens.

my31 3m

Dental Notice.

I HAVE REMOVED MY OFFICE TO No. 170 Fifth street, opposite Cathedral, until further notice. [ap13 tf] W. H. GATES.

BEN. MASON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

129 Third street,

East Side, Bet. Jefferson and Green,

Louisville, Ky.

je1

Mustered Out and Resigned Officers, Attention!

THREE MONTHS' PAY PROPER EXTRA collected for all officers mustered out, resigned, or otherwise honorably discharged the service, from and after the 3d day of March, 1865.

Bill ers, requests of C. C. and Q. M. [illegible], Ord and C[illegible] Stores, settled and adjusted.

Also, Returns made for Officers who have lost their records and vouchers, and are unable to clear themselves from a charge.

Old Soldiers, Attention. The bill placing the volunteers of 1861, 1862 and 1863, on an equal footing with those of 1864 and 1865, is about to become a law. We are sending in hundreds of applications for this bounty every day. Give us a call and we will collect the bounty for you. In all cases certified copies of discharges will be furnished the soldier.

To the Loyal Owners of Slaves, Attention.—If your slaves were drafted or enlisted in the service prior to the passage of the amendment to the Constitution abolishing slavery, you are entitled to three hundred dollars for each slave so enlisted or drafted. Give us a call and we will collect it for you.

MARKS & CO.,

Bankers and U. S. Claim Agents,

Southwest corner Third and Main streets,

ap15 2m Louisville, Ky.

J. C. WALLER, W. W. SHERRILL,
SAM. DAVIS, J. A. SHUTTLEWORTH.

WALLER, SHERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale dealers in

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

ALBUMS, WRITING DESKS,

Portfolios, Blank Books, and all kinds of goods usually kept by book dealers.

292 ....South side Main st., near Eighth.........292

LOUISVILLE, KY. ap25 2m

THOS. & WM. MAIZE,

Real Estate Agents,

STOCK AND BOND BROKERS,

No. 45 Main street, over Citizens' Bank

Refer to Merchants and Bankers of Louisville.

my8 3m

Notice.

CHARLES SCHABER & CO. HAVE CONtracted with the city to remove all dead animals within the city limits. Everybody is bound to notify us, or leave orders at the following places, or stand the consequences, to-wit: At Daul. Sauer's, corner Main and Wenzel streets, at the Police Office, or at the Office of the Board of Health.

je3 d2*

Magnolia Sugar-cured Hams.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH the trade with our celebrated "Magnolia" Sugar-cured "Hams," guaranteed by us to be equal in quality to any Ham made in the West. All we ask for them is a "trial."

fe23 d&m MITCHELL & ARMSTRONG, 81 East Main street.

CHEESE—100 bxs new Western Reserve Cheese; 30 bxs Pine Apple Cheese; in store and for sale by

GEO. C. HUNTER & CO.,

my2 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

SOUTHERN CARDS.

HARLOW J. PHELPS, Of New Orleans. S. B. BUCKNER, Of Kentucky.

HARLOW J. PHELPS & CO.,

Cotton Factors

AND

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 112 GRAVIER STREET,

Bet. Camp and St. Charles,

de18 6m NEW ORLEANS.

W. JAMES JOHNSON, Formerly of Louisville, Ky. T. T. WRIGHT, Of steamer High-Flyer

JOHNSON & WRIGHT,

Steamboat Agents,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants

AND

Wharfboat Proprietors.

Office—No. 262 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

AGENTS FOR—Merchants' and Peoples' Line, St. Louis and New Orleans Packets; Memphis and Louisville Packets; Memphis and Vicksburg Packets. Also for White, Arkansas and Yazoo river Packets. Goods consigned to "our care" will be forwarded promptly. no25 1f

COAL AND LUMBER.

COAL.

O. GATHRIGHT,

NO. 91 SECOND STREET, BET. MARKET and Jefferson, dealer in best quality of COAL at LOWEST market price for CASH. Orders for Railroad and Country wagons solicited and promptly filled. je7 3m

JAS. N. KELLOGG, Agent,

DEALER IN

PITTSBURG COAL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Corner Seventh and Main streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

at W. B. Gray's Agricultural Warehouse.

mr18

FULTS, JAMES & CO.,

Wholesale and retail dealers in

BEST QUALITY OF

Pittsburg Coal.

OFFICE REMOVED TO SIXTH STREET, west side, one door south of Market street. Scales on the river, near First. Orders by railroad and country wagons solicited. au2 tf

OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR,

Successors to Jos. Robb,

DEALERS IN

Pittsburg and Peytona Cannel Coal,

And Sole Agents for the

POMEROY COAL.

ORDERS FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE COALS respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the lowest market prices. Constantly on hand a good supply of Peytona Cannel and Peacock Pomeroy COAL, which, for kitchen, parlor or chamber use, has no superior.

OFFICES—Bet Third st., bet. Market and Jefferson, at Robb's old stand, and 22 southwest corner of Brook and Market streets. my23 d1f

FOR THE BEST QUALITY OF

PITTSBURG COAL,

CALL ON

N. W. HUGHES,

NO. 100 EAST SIDE FOURTH STREET, BET. Main and the river. All orders for railroad cars and wagons promptly attended to. fe2 d1f

EDWARD WILDER & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

AND DEALERS IN

Tobaccos and Cigars,

DYE-STUFFS,

Perfumery,

AND

GLASSWARE.

WE HAVE REMOVED TO OUR NEW AND spacious Warehouse (marble front), which we have erected, on the

North side of Main street,

Nearly Opposite the Louisville Hotel,

One door below the corner of Sixth,

Where we have opened an entirely new stock of Goods, and offer them to the trade, together with

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

A varied assortment of

Druggists' Fancy Goods,

Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco,

Comprising the most complete assortment in one house in this country, all of which we shall offer at manufacturers' and less than manufacturers' prices. fe17 3m

LIPPMANN & ELLERY,

Bankers and Brokers,

30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE following stocks:

American Express Co., National Express Co., Adams Express Co., National Bankers' Express Co., U. S. Express Co., Western Union Telegraph Co., Wells, Fargo & Co., American Telegraph Co., Kinsley Express Co., U. S. Telegraph Co., Harnden Express Co., Russian American Teleg'h Co., Southern Express Co., Insulated Telegraph Co., National Express and Transportation Co., Petroleum and Mining Shares, Government, State, Town and County Bonds.

Advances made on the above securities.

REFERENCES—Importers' & Traders' Bank; Hoyt, Sprague & Co.; Mechanics' Banking Association; Elustein, Rosenfeld & Co. mr14 3m

BOOT & SHOE STORE.

J. A. ISERT,

SOUTH SIDE MARKET STREET, BETWEEN Second and Third, No. 61, is just in receipt of a general assortment of

Boots and Shoes for Spring and Summer

Also, a choice stock of Ladies' Gaiters and Shoes, and Children's Boots and Shoes, from the best manufacturers East. He keeps the regular custom-made Philadelphia Gaiters. Special attention given to custom work. Thanking his old customers and the public generally for the liberal support heretofore extended him, he hopes to merit a continuance of the same. Call and examine goods. mr25 tf

WILSON & PETER'S

FLAVORING EXTRACTS,

For Cakes, Sauces, Pies, Ice Cream, &c.

LEMON,
VANILLA,
RASPBERRY,
STRAWBERRY,
PINEAPPLE,
PEACH,
CELERY.

These flavoring extracts are made at our

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS,

And are warranted equal to any in the market.

ap8 2m WILSON, PETER & CO.

E. HINECKE,

MANUFACTURER OF

MINERAL WATER,

26 Fourth street, bet. Main and River

IS PREPARED TO FURNISH MINERAL WATER, SODA and SARSAPARILLA, in any quantity that may be called for. As the season of picnics approaches committees and managers will find it to their interest to give me a call. ap3 3m

Notice.

$15,000 WORTH OF STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS will be sold, without regard to prices, commencing June 1st and ending 1st of July. The goods must be sold, as I intend closing out my entire stock.

This will be a rare chance offered to the public. Stand and fixtures for sale. Call at

P. J. GRAUMAN'S,

my31 1m 82 Fourth st., bet. Main and Market.

INSANE ASYLUM.

ST. VINCENT'S INSTITUTION FOR THE INSANE, St. Louis, Mo., a private institution, established and conducted by the sisters of Charity; founded August 15th, 1858. The insane, epileptic, &c., of all denominations of both sexes, and from every State are admitted. For terms, &c., apply to the Sister Superior, or to Dr. J. K. BAUDRY, Attending Physician. my4 1y

PAINTING.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

No. 102 n. s. Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth

ap30 tf JNO. KENNEDY.

J. E. SACKSTEDER. N. BURG.

J. E. SACKSTEDER & CO.,

House and Sign Painters.

SHOP—NO. 191 EAST BROADWAY, BET. Preston and Jackson, and No. 11½ Third street, bet. Market and Jefferson, Louisville, Ky. mr15 3m

PIANOS.

REDUCTION IN PRICES—CALL AND SEE them. D. P. FAULDS.

my22

The American Deodorizer and Disinfectant,

MANUFACTURED BY THE BALTIMORE Company, and recommended for public use by Dr. H. M. Bullitt, Health Officer, is for sale by R. A. Robinson & Co. and J. B. Wilder & Co., wholesale agents, and by all Druggists in the city. ap23 3m

COMMISSION.

M. T. FRIEDMAN,

AUCTIONEER

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

SOLICITS CONSIGNMENTS OF EVERY DEscription. Also attends to out-door sales.

Having a large and spacious wareroom, No. 93 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth, I am prepared to take on commission and for auction sales all kinds of goods and merchandise on very moderate terms. Prompt returns made in all cases.

REFERENCES—S. Grief, 8[illegible] Main street; E. H[illegible]man & Son, Main street; Democrat Office.

M. T. FRIEDMAN, Auctioneer,

No. 93 Jefferson street,

my27 3m Opposite Tripp's Music Store.

JOHN SNYDER, JAS. S. SNYDER. THOS. J. SNYDER, Late of Chattanooga, Tenn.

JOHN SNYDER & CO.,

WHOLESALE

Grocers & Commission Merchants

And Dealers in

Pure Bourbon and other Whiskies,

No. 89 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth.

my1[illegible] 3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.,

GENERAL

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

157 Main street,

de1y LOUISVILLE, KY.

MELVIN RHORER,

FORWARDING & COMMISSION Merchant,

And dealer in

Grain, Hay, Flour and Produce

No. 12 Fourth st., bet. Main and River.

Particular attention paid to the forwarding of all kinds of Goods. Orders solicited for the purchase of supplies of any description. fe4

H. D. NEWCOMB. GEO. C. BUCHANAN.
H. VICTOR NEWCOMB.

NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

Commission Merchants,

84 Wall street,

ja10 tf LOUISVILLE, KY.

KOHLHEPP'S EXCHANGE,

(Late Geo. Nurnberger's Saloon),

No. 536 st., near Louisville Hotel,

Will be opened by

JOHN KOHLHEPP,

(Late of Walker's Exchange),

This Day, May 1, 1866.

Due notice will be given of the opening of

The Restaurant

To be connected with this magnificent new establishment. my1 tf

C. F. HAWLEY, H. J. BILLINGS, } Trustees. MARCUS D. WAYMAN.

HAWLEY, BILLINGS & WAYMAN,

NOVELTY WORKS.

Iron and Brass Foundery and Machine Shop,

Corner Eighth and Water streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

"Out of the Ashes Phœnix Like."

WE HAVE REBUILT OUR FOUNDERY AND Machine Shop, and having been Eastward procured the most improved tools, we are now prepared to build

STEAMBOAT AND STATIONARY ENGINES.

We would respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends and old customers. [illegible]

GOVERNMENT WAGONS,

Ambulances, Carts, &c.,

For Sale Cheap.

500 ARMY WAGONS;
50 Ambulances;
20 2 horse Wagons;
30 Transfer Wagons;
10 Drays;
[illegible] sets wheel and lead Harness;
10 sets Blacksmith's Tools;
[illegible] feet in. Inch Ind'a Hose;
[illegible] Saddles;
[illegible] Tables, and desks;
20 Iron Bathing Tubs;
20 Hay Ladders;
[illegible] Desks, and [illegible];
[illegible]

And many other articles which it is impossible to enumerate in an ordinary advertisement.

DANIEL F. ROBERTS,

Glass Factory, Brannan st., below Main,

my2 2m Louisville, Ky.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

BAKERY.

The Property known as the Great Western Steam Bakery, on the Northwest corner of Second and Jefferson streets, Louisville, Ky., is for sale.

IT EMBRACES 52½ FEET OF GROUND, fronting on Jefferson street, 1[illegible] feet deep, also, one lot immediately in the rear, 25 1/2 feet, fronting on Second street, [illegible] feet, the one-story brick building with frame front, also stables and outbuildings, four ovens, boiler, engine, improved cracker machines, bread-machines, dough mixer, kettles, pans, storeroom fixtures and furniture, together with three good spring wagons and three sets of harness, and wood sawing machine. The premises are supplied with water and gas fixtures; the engine, cut, and everything necessary and complete for a first-class bakery, with capacity to manufacture fifty barrels of flour per day. To persons wishing to engage in the manufacturing business of any kind, this property offers rare inducements. The sale includes the machinery and patent right for manufacturing the celebrated Aerated Bread. For full particulars apply to

M. A. HUSTON, Assignee,

Office, N. W. corner Fourth and Main sts.,

my30 tf Louisville, Ky.

Cincinnati Enquirer, St. Louis Republican and Chicago Times copy one week, and send marked paper to advertiser.

Advantages.

THERE IS LESS WASTE; THE SAME number will build a larger wall; they will make a dryer house; they will last longer; they make a smoother [illegible]. These are some of the advantages which they can't be denied—of the Brick made at the

STEAM BRICK WORKS,

Tenth street, bet. Broadway and Kentucky.

ap15 tf

J. H. MONTGOMERY,

Merchant Tailor,

No. 99 Jefferson street,

NOT BEING ABLE TO SELL OUT HIS LARGE stock of Goods, has concluded to continue his business at his old stand, where his numerous customers can be supplied as usual in the latest style and of the best material.

Old Clothing cleaned, dyed and repaired. Gents send your cast-off clothes, and have them beautified. Ladies' dresses, shawls, and [illegible] dyed to any shade of color. All work warranted fast.

A large stock of Furnishing Goods on hand will be sold cheap for cash. ap19 1f

NEW MILLINERY STORE.

MISS ANNIE MOSES

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM HER friends and the public generally that she has opened a MILLINERY STORE, at No. 135 on Fourth street, under the U. S. Hotel, where she keeps a complete stock of

Spring and Summer Millinery.

Give her a call, for she deserves patronage.

my13 1m

WALLACE & CO.

93 Green st., bet. Third and Fourth.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FINE ASSORTment of

Marbleized Slate Mantles.

Much cheaper than marble, *equal in beauty and superior in durability*; grease or rust will not soil as in marble. Also TABLE TOPS. A fine assortment of projecting GRATES. We have also a most complete IRONING STOVE AND RANGE. ap19 2m

JOHN BEHA,

MANUFACTURER OF

Saddles, Bridles, Harness,

COLLARS, TRUNKS, &c.

No. 6 Market street, bet. First and Second,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

REPAIRING DONE PROMPTLY.

ap5 2m

Fire Engine Hose, at One-half the Factory Price.

1000 FEET 2½ INCH SEVEN-PLY ENgine Hose, new and in order, suitable for either steam or hand engines. Apply to H. W. WILKES, No. 131 Main street, near Fourth, Louisville, Ky. my29 tf

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Established in 1817.

THOS. E. WILSON ARTHUR PETER W. H. DILLINGHAM.

WILSON, PETER & CO.,

(Successors to Wilson Starbird & Smith.)

Wholesale Druggists,

AND IMPORTERS OF

FOREIGN DRUGS AND CHEMICALS,

AND DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Window-Glass, Glassware, Tobacco, Snuffs,

PERFUMERY, &C.

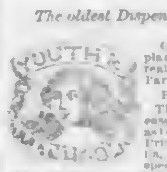
ap7 d&wtf Northeast corner Main and Fifth streets, Louisville, Ky.

MEDICAL.

DR. GATES'

PRIVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY,

The oldest Dispensary in Louisville,



CONDUCTED ON THE plan of the celebrated Venereal Hospitals of London and Paris, for the cure of PRIVATE DISEASES.

Those afflicted with any disease of a private nature, such as Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Primary or Secondary Syphilis, and who wish to be cured speedily and permanently, with saving of money and suffering, by calling at or addressing this old and well-known Dispensary.

Our [illegible] treatment is the same as that followed by the world-renowned Venereal Hospitals of London, Paris, and our success, in all cases, is to eradicate every vestige of the poisonous virus from the system, instead of drying it up for the moment and leaving disease still lurking in the system to break out at some future time, as is the custom with so many practitioners.

Young, middle-aged, and old men, who by indulging in solitary habits, or excessive indulgence of the passions have produced *Seminal Weakness*, or a debility of the sexual organs in advance of their years, may be restored to their former health and vigor by making immediate application.

Those who have been under unsuccessful treatment are particularly requested to call, for we are able to cure you.

We *guarantee* a perfect and permanent cure in all cases we undertake, no matter who or what else has failed.

Persons at a distance may be successfully treated by mail, by giving us a full statement of their case. Our Treatise, giving our theory, explanation and treatment of private diseases, with full symptoms lists, sent to any address on receipt of one stamp to prepay postage.

Consultation free and confidential. Charges moderate. Secrecy inviolable.

Best quality of French Male Safes for sale; price $1 each, or $10 per dozen. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

TO THE LADIES.—We are agents for Mad. Caprau's French Monthly Pills, a safe and effectual remedy for Female Diseases, such as Irregularities, Obstruction of the Menses, Whites, &c. Price by mail $1, one postage stamp.

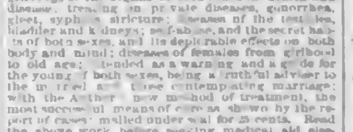
CAUTION—These Pills should not be taken during pregnancy, as they are sure to produce miscarriage.

Also, for M. La Croix's French Preventive Powders, for the prevention of conception. One box will last for years. Price by mail $2 and two postage stamps.

Office hours 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays 8 A. M. to 12 M. Drs. H. G. MILLER & CO.,

Proprietors, northeast corner

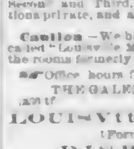
mr23 tf Third and Market sts., up-stairs.



FOR

The Treatment of Private Diseases

A MEDICAL PAMPHLET, JUST PUBLISHed, containing 60 large pages and numerous engravings of the organs of both sexes in health and disease, treating on private diseases, gonorrhea, gleet, syphilis, stricture, diseases of the testicles, bladder and kidneys; self-abuse, and the secret habits of both sexes, and its deplorable effects on both body and mind; diseases of females from girlhood to old age; intended as a warning and a guide for the young of both sexes, being a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage; with the Author's new method of treatment, the most successful means of cure as shown by the report of cases: mailed under seal for 25 cents. Read the above work before applying anywhere else elsewhere, and thus avoid quackery.



The CONSULTING SURGEON of this celebrated Dispensary, who is the Author of the above work, may be consulted personally or by letter on all the diseases of which it treats. Patients at a distance treated by mail, and medicines sent to any part of the country on receipt of a statement of the case.

TO LADIES.—A pamphlet of useful important advice to the married, price 10 cents; also, a little book of private advice to ladies, either married or single; price 25 cents, either sent in a sealed envelop on receipt of price.

Office Removed to 71 Green street, bet. Second and Third, near the Postoffice. Consultations private, and all business strictly confidential.

Caution.—We have no connection with the so-called "Louisville Medical Dispensary," opened in the rooms formerly occupied by us, on Fifth street.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M. Address

THE GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY,

au9 tf Louisville, Ky.

LOUISVILLE MEDICAL

(Formerly Dr. Jones')

DISPENSARY,

NO. 103 FIFTH ST., CORNER COURT PLACE, bet. Market and Jefferson, for the cure of special diseases. Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Syphilis treated and cured without the use of Mercury. Dr. WHITE, the world's renowned [illegible], never ready to take a dollar on the above diseases, which must and will yield to his remedies as by magic. A perfect cure guaranteed in every case.

Gonorrhea cured in a few days without the use of painful remedies. Recent cases of gonorrhea cured for $5. Recent cases of primary syphilis for $10. And all chronic cases treated at the above low rates.

Seminal Weakness treated as in other cases, and correspondence strictly private. Seminal Debility, Nervous Weakness, &c., treated and permanently cured in a short time.

A plain sign will be found over the door. All communications by mail or otherwise should be addressed to the Louisville Medical Dispensary, No. 103 Fifth street, bet. Market and Jefferson, Louisville, Ky.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. B. WHITE,

au[illegible] Physician and Consulting Surgeon.

NATURAL

IODIDES AND BROMIDES.

For the cure of

RHEUMATISM, THE SCROFULOUS DISEASES, also for the cure of all GLANDULAR, SCROFULOUS AND SKIN DISEASES.

STRUMATIC SALTS,

Produced from the wells of the

PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

THE HEALTHY, VIVIFYING AND STIMULATING [illegible] mineral waters used externally as baths is a well established fact, yet the action of such waters greatly varies with their composition. The above-named Strumatic Salts, used in [illegible] of the [illegible], contain the [illegible] large quantities of Iodides and Bromides of Potassium, and other salts, such as Chloride of Magnesium, Iron, Potassium, and Sodium, which are the most active agent in the cure of the above-named diseases. The Salt is to be dissolved in warm water, as baths, or in the shape of applications of Lotions moistened with the solution.

For sale at every respectable Drug Store.

PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING CO.

WILSON & PETER, Louisville, Ky.,

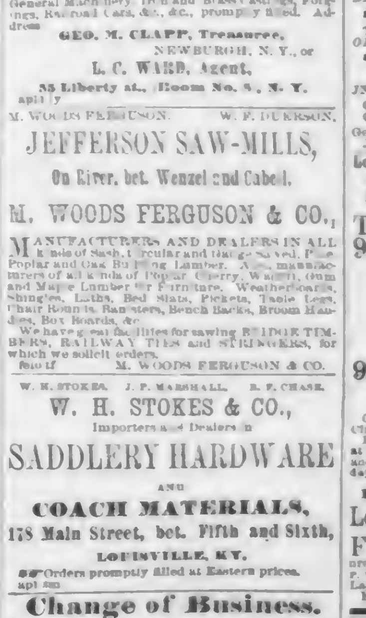
Gen. Agents for Kentucky and Tennessee.

Also for sale at all of the Retail Drug stores in the city. de20 3m

PETROLEUM.

OIL WELL

TOOLS AND MACHINERY



I AM MANUFACTURING AND KEEP CONstantly on hand, Portable and Stationary Steam Engines, Boring Tools, and other machinery used in boring for Oil and Salt.

JULIUS BARBAROUX,

Hydraulic Foundery and Machine Shop,

ja21 d1f Louisville, Ky.

FIRST PREMIUM

STEAM SAW MILLS.

THE FIRST PRIZE,

THE GOLD MEDAL,

Was awarded to the

Washington Iron Works,

By the American Institute, at their Fair in October, 1865, for the best

CIRCULAR SAW MILL

AND STEAM ENGINE.

Orders for these, Gang Saw Mills, Flour Mills, General Machinery, Iron and Brass Castings, Forgings, Railroad Cars, &c., &c., promptly filled. Address

GEO. M. CLAPP, Treasurer,

NEWBURGH, N. Y., or

L. C. WARD, Agent,

55 Liberty st., (Room No. 8,) N. Y.

ap1 1y

M. WOODS FERGUSON. W. F. DUNKERSON.

JEFFERSON SAW-MILLS,

On River, bet. Wenzel and Cabell.

M. WOODS FERGUSON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN ALL kinds of Sash, Circular and Gauge Sawed, Pine Poplar and Oak Building Lumber. Also, manufacturers of all kinds of Poplar, Cherry, Walnut, Gum and Maple Lumber for Furniture. Weatherboards, Shingles, Laths, Bed Slats, Pickets, Table Legs, Chair Posts, Box Boards, &c.

We have great facilities for sawing BRIDGE TIMBERS, RAILWAY TIES and STRINGERS, for which we solicit orders.

feb[illegible] tf M. WOODS FERGUSON & CO.

W. H. STOKES. J. P. MARSHALL. R. F. CHASE.

W. H. STOKES & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

SADDLERY HARDWARE

AND

COACH MATERIALS,

178 Main Street, bet. Fifth and Sixth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Orders promptly filled at Eastern prices.

apl 3m

Change of Business.

GEORGE HERMAN, EAST SIDE OF THIRD street, near Main, has made a change in his business. In the place of Restaurant, he has fitted up a fine LAGER BEER SALOON, and keeps fine Liquors and Cigars at his Bar. ap29 3m

Rags, Rags, Rags.

HIGHEST PRICE GIVEN FOR RAGS IN cash or trade, at the office of the

LOUISVILLE PAPER MILL,

409 Main street.

ja16 d&w A. V. DUPONT & CO

TRANSPORTATION.

[illegible]

Broad Gauge Short Line

BETWEEN

LOUISVILLE AND THE EAST.

THE

ATLANTIC

AND

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY

Direct connections via Cincinnati and Indianapolis FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PITTSBURG, PHILADELPHIA, AND THE EAST.

This is the only direct route to the

Oil Regions of Pennsylvania.

Connections are made with the

Jeffersonville and Ohio and Mississippi Railroad via Seymour; Jeffersonville and Indianapolis and Col. Railroad via Urbana or Galion; Louisville and Lexington and Kentucky Central Railroad via Cincinnati; United States Mail Line Steamers via Cincinnati.

TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY.

Passengers by the Broad Gauge Railway secure state-rooms, wide and comfortable cars, quick time and sure connections.

Through Tickets and Baggage Checks can be secured at A. and G. W. Railway Offices, in Louisville, southwest corner Main and Third streets, No. 3 Fourth street and at the principal Railroad and Steamboat offices in Louisville and the south.

D. McLAREN, Gen'l Supt.

E. E. FULLER, General Ticket Agent.

S. S. PARKER, Ticket Agent,

WM. COLLIER, Ticket and Freight Agent. oc25

Louisville & Nashville

[illegible]

RAILROAD,

CHANGE OF TIME.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,

LOUISVILLE, April 6th, 1866.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 4th, 1866, Trains will run as follows:

7:00 A. M. Daily Mail and Passenger Train for Nashville, Bowling Green and Clarksville; connecting at Cave City with stages for Glasgow, Mammoth Cave, and the Oil Regions of Kentucky; at Nashville with trains on the Nashville and Decatur Road for Corinth, Memphis, Grand Junction, Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans, with trains on the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Chattanooga, Knoxville, Atlanta, Augusta, Montgomery, and all points Southeast.

7:30 A. M. Daily (except Sundays) Mail and Express Train for Lebanon and Stanford and all intermediate stations; connecting with stages at Lebanon for Springfield, Columbia and Campbellsville; at Mitchellsburg for Perryville and Harrodsburg; at Danville station to Middleburg, Liberty, Hustonville, and at Stanford for Waynesburg, Crab Orchard and Lancaster.

4:20 P. M. Bardstown Accommodation Train, daily, except Sundays, for Bardstown and all intermediate stations.

7:00 P.M. Daily Express Passenger Train for Nashville, making close connections with trains on the Nashville and Chattanooga Road, for Chattanooga, Knoxville, Atlanta, Augusta, Montgomery, and all points Southeast; with trains on the Nashville and Decatur Road for Huntsville.

New and comfortable SLEEPING CARS attached to Night Trains.

Call for THROUGH TICKETS and get Baggage checked at Louisville Transfer Office, Main st., bet. First and Second, south side; at the Railroad Ticket Office, under Louisville Hotel, or at the Depot corner Ninth and Broadway.

Passengers for stations between Louisville and Lebanon Junction will take the 7:30 A. M. train; for points between Louisville and Bardstown Junction, take either the 7:00 A. M. or 4:20 P. M. Trains. The through trains leaving at 7:00 A. M. and 7:00 P. M. will not stop between Louisville and Lebanon Junction, on [illegible] except for through passengers [illegible] Sundays.

[illegible] [illegible] FINK, Gen'l Supt.

New Running Arrangement

ON THE

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD

[illegible]

THREE DAILY TRAINS

LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE, OPPOSITE LOUISVILLE, as follows:

7:00 MORNING EXPRESS—For Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis, and Pittsburg, and all points West, North and Northwest.

2:15 P. M. Daily (except Sundays), making direct connections as follows:

AT SEYMOUR,

FOR CINCINNATI.

AT INDIANAPOLIS,

For Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Baltimore, Washington City, and all points East and Northeast.

For [illegible], and all points in the North and [illegible].

For [illegible], Hannibal, Quincy, St. Joseph, &c.

9:20 P. M. Daily (except Saturdays), making direct connections as follows:

AT SEYMOUR,

For St. Louis, Cairo, St. Joseph, and all points West.

AT INDIANAPOLIS,

For [illegible] and Northeastern Cities.

For Toledo, Detroit, &c.

For Chicago and Northwestern and Western Cities.

[illegible]

Passengers by taking this route avoid a tiresome and dusty OMNIBUS RIDE OF FIVE MILES.

This route is 80 MILES SHORTER, and passengers save 10 HOURS of time over any and all other routes to CHICAGO and the Northwest.

THIS IS THE ONLY DIRECT ALL RAIL ROUTE TO EASTERN CITIES.

Passengers should examine their tickets carefully to see that they read "JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD."

Any information can be obtained, or Tickets purchased, at the office of the Company, southeast corner of Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky., or at the Railroad Depot, Jeffersonville.

FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE.

ap16 JAMES FERRIER, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

Nashville and Chattanooga

[illegible]

RAILROAD.

Change of Time.

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, N. & C. AND N. & N. W. RAILROADS, NASHVILLE, TENN., March 4th, 1866.

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, MARCH 6th, 1866, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

NASHVILLE AND CHATTANOOGA LINE.

Leave Nashville for Chattanooga and all points South at 7:30 A. M. and 6:00 P. M.; arrive at Chattanooga at 5:00 P. M. and 5:00 A. M., next day.

Returning, leave Chattanooga at 6:00 A. M. and 5:45 P. M.; arrive at Nashville at 4:00 P. M. and 5:45 A. M., next day.

All trains connect at War Trace for Shelbyville.

NASHVILLE AND NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Nashville for Johnsonville, and all points West and Northwest, at 1:30 P. M.; arrive at Johnsonville at 5:30 P. M.

Returning, leave Johnsonville at 4:00 A. M.; arrive at Nashville at 8:00 A. M.

Trains on the N. and N. W. R.R. connect at Johnsonville with first-class line of steamers for Paducah, Cairo and St. Louis.

Berths and Meals free on Steamers connecting with N. & W. Railroad.

Passengers by this Route save expense of Sleeping Car and Meals between Nashville and Cairo.

Trains stop at all intermediate points.

W. P. INNES, Gen'l Sup't,

mr9 tf N. & C. and N. & N. W. R.Rs.

Speed! Comfort!! Safety!!!

OLD RELIABLE

LITTLE MIAMI

[illegible]

RAILROAD

Via COLUMBUS.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

FROM CINCINNATI TO ALL THE

Eastern Cities, Towns, Villages and Stations.

The LITTLE MIAMI is the ONLY Line Running Lightning Express Trains from Cincinnati to the East. It being the shortest Line, CONNECTIONS ARE CERTAIN—and Passengers have AMPLE TIME for MEALS.

Fast Time from Cincinnati to

Boston in 34 hours,	Baltimore in 29 hours,
Albany in 27 hours,	Washington City 30 hrs
New York in 30 hours,	Saratoga Springs 29 hrs
Buffalo in 18 hours,	Philadelphia in 29 hours
Dunkirk in 14 hours,	Cleveland in 8 hours,
Pittsburg in [illegible] hours,	Crestline in 6 hours,
Wheeling in 12 hours,	Steubenville in 11 hours,
Zanesville in 5 hours,	Columbus in 3 hours.

FOUR DAILY EASTERN TRAINS:

6:00 A. M. Lightning Express.
9:00 A. M. Express Mail.
7:00 P. M. Lightning Express.
11:40 P. M. Night Express.

Modern SLEEPING CARS by Night Trains.

SALOON CARS by Day Trains.

The 7:00 P. M. and 11:40 P. M. Trains leave SUNDAY Night instead of Saturday Night.

Baggage Checked Through.

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all TICKET OFFICES in the SOUTH and WEST.

Ask for Tickets via Cincinnati and Columbus.

P. W. STRADER, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

JNO. G. BENSON, Gen'l Agent, Cincinnati.

Gen'l MORGAN L. SMITH, Capt. C. W. S. BROWN, } Gen'l Southern Ag'ts.

Gen'l E. B. BROWN, General Western Agent.

January 1st, 1866. ja25 3m

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago R.R.

[illegible]

TWO DAILY TRAINS LEAVE NEW ALBANY, opposite Louisville:

9:30 A. M. Chicago Express daily (Sundays excepted), making direct connection at Michigan City for St. Louis, Cairo, Evansville, St. Joseph, Leavenworth, Kansas City, and all points West and Northwest; at Lafayette for Terre Haute, Mattoon, Alton, Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville, Quincy and all points in Central Illinois and Michigan City, for Detroit, Chicago and all points Northwest.

9:20 P. M. St. Louis and Cairo Night Express daily, making direct connection for all points West and North west and for Cincinnati and all Eastern Cities.

Only one change of cars to St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati. Baggage checked through from Hotels. For further information and through tickets apply at the office of the Company, southwest corner Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ky. Office open from days from 5 to 7 o'clock P. M.

S. S. PARKER, Agent.

B. F. MASTIN, Sup't. my28

Lou. & F. & Lex. & F. Railroads.

FROM MARCH 19TH, 1866, TRAINS WILL RUN daily (Sundays excepted) as follows: Departures—For Lexington 6 a. m., 1:30 p. m., Lagrange 5:15 p. m. Arrivals—From Lexington 10:40 a. m., 7:[illegible] p. m.; Lagrange 8:10 a. m.

SAM'L GILL, Sup't.

H. STEFFAN, Gen. Ticket Agent.

WM. RUBY,

Manufacturer of

Light Buggies,

CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, &C.

Southwest corner Sixth and Green streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Repairing promptly attended to. mr10 3m